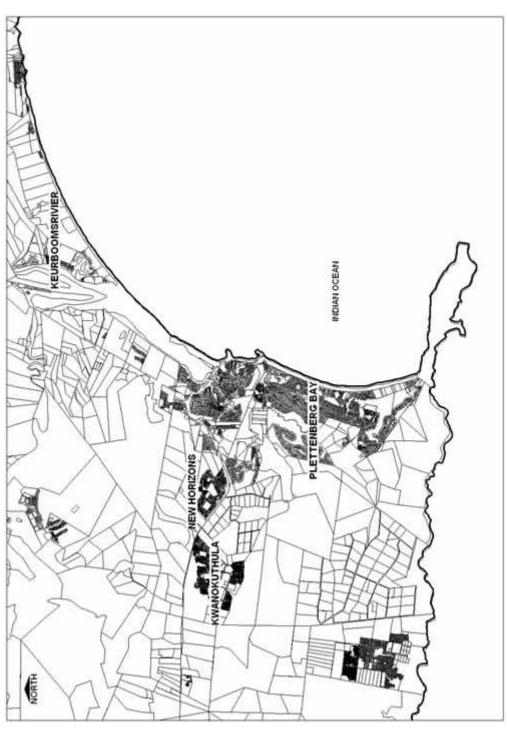
Pilot Projects

SUSTAINABLE HUMAN SETTLEMENT STRATEGY SEMINAR March 2006





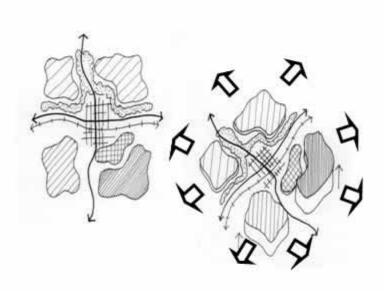
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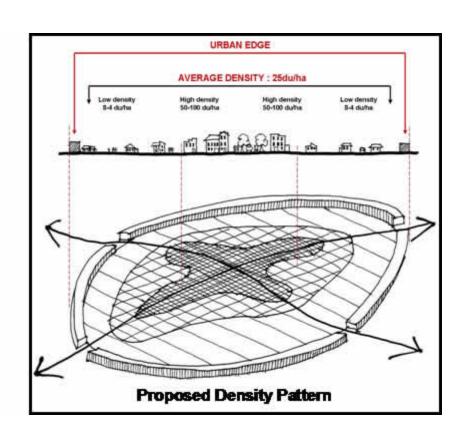






CHANGING THE PLANNING PARADIGM 2









PROJECT OVERVIEW

- Plettenberg Bay's current CBD area serves a mainly white population, situated along the coast, 60% of which is only present for 3/4 weeks pa
- Main population (approx 30,000) resides in the black townships of Kwanokuthula and New Horizons just beyond the outskirts of the CBD along the N2 national road
- The two townships are bordered by privately owned smallholdings and upmarket townhouse developments
- An informal settlement of approximately 1300 shacks exists close to the industrial area and residents have resisted repeated attempts to relocate to Kwanokuthula
- The N2 serves as a hard barrier to social and economic integration between the racially segregated communities
- Property prices in the greater Plettenberg area are such that even ordinary professionals cannot afford accommodation





PROJECT OVERVIEW

The Bitou Municipality has embarked on a spatial development framework that seeks to fundamentally alter the structure of the town by:

- Stimulating the development of a commercial, retail and residential node at the most densely populated area
- Locating government services closer to the majority by moving municipal and other government offices & services
- Downgrading the N2 to a main activity corridor and implementing a new bypass with SANRAL
- Promoting integration and densification along the future activity corridor through the provision of gap housing and commercial activity
- Upgrading the Qolweni/Bossiesgif informal settlement
- Introducing a condition that all future housing developments include 20% affordable housing units
- Bit ou Municipality has limited land holdings & will undertake a land swap with industrial landowners





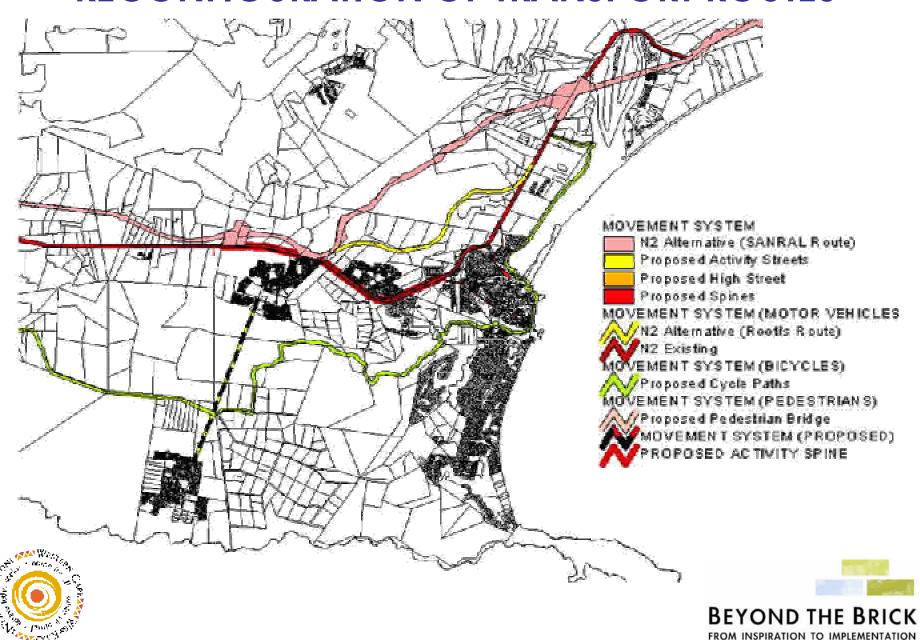
ALIGNMENT WITH BNG

- Government engaged in a macro level intervention that fundamentally restructures the urban social and economic environment
- Funding for the restructuring will be drawn from a range of sources including:
 - Sale of current municipal properties to finance the new government precinct
 - Housing subsidies for Qolweni upgrade
 - SANRAL funds for the N2 bypass
 - Private sector funding for retail & commercial developments with crosssubsidisation for gap housing
- Relocation of the CBD will enhance property values in the existing townships
- Integration and densification along the activity corridor will create a adequate thresholds to support economic activities and public transport
- Upgrading the Qolweni informal settlement will enhance quality of life of existing residents
- Creative solutions being implemented in order to access well-located land

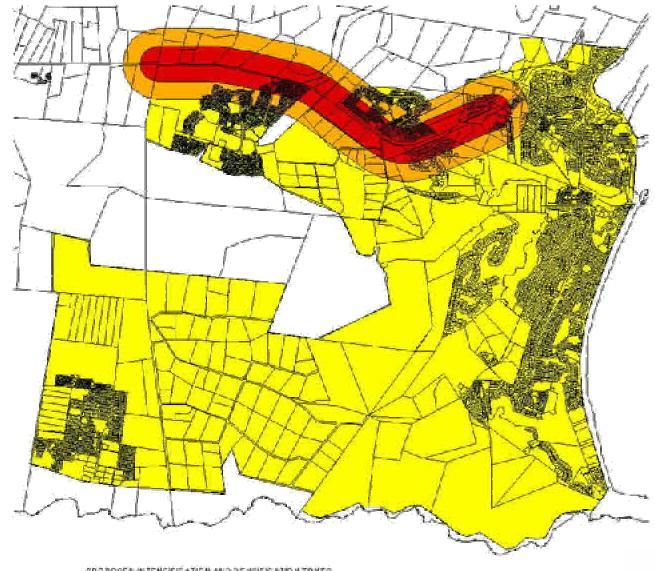




RECONFIGURATION OF TRANSPORT ROUTES



DENSIFICATION ALONG THE ACTIVITY CORRIDOR







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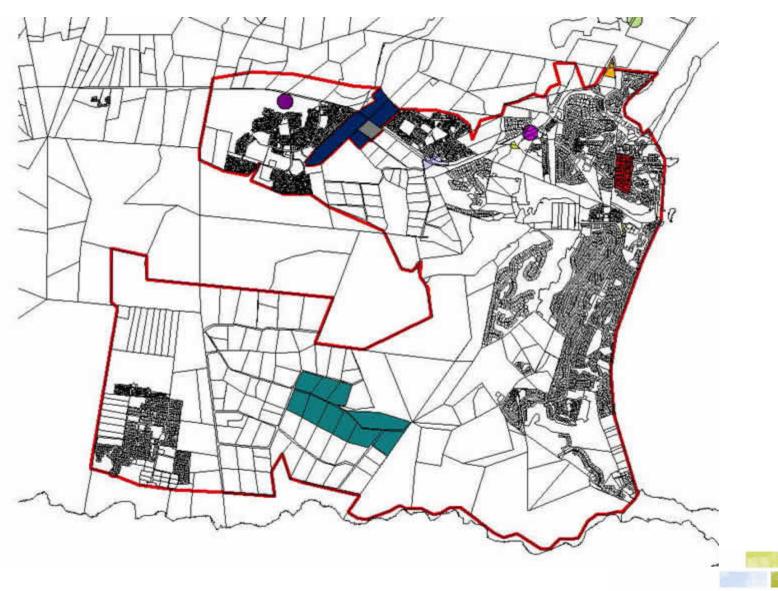
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ESTABLISHMENT OF A GOVERNMENT PRECINCT







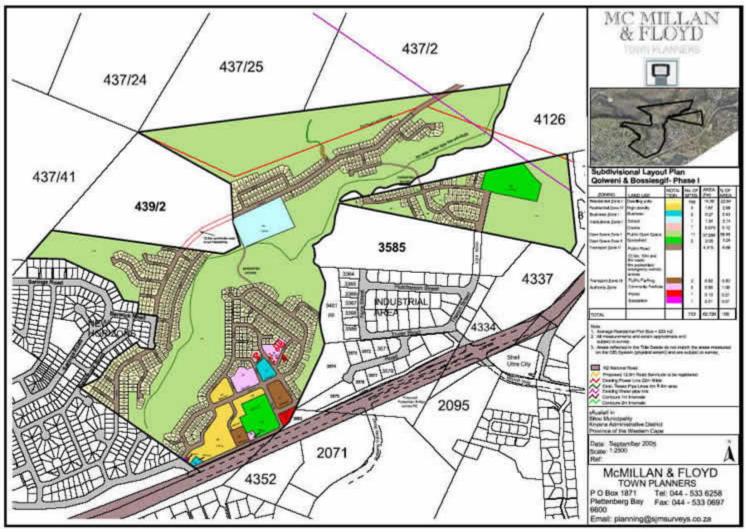
UPGRADING OF INFORMAL SETTLEMENTS







UPGRADING OF INFORMAL SETTLEMENTS







CHALLENGES

- On-going and aggressive gentrification
- Buy-in of all tiers of government to establish the new government precinct
- Confirmation of funding for the N2 bypass from SANRAL and acquiring the desired density along the proposed activity corridor
- Possible risk of entrenching segregation by formation of second 'artificial' CBD



