



Hessequa Municipality 2020



#### HESSEQUA MUNICIPALITY: AT A GLANCE

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# Hessequa: At a Glance

Demographics

Population Estimates, 2020; Actual households, 2019



**Population** 

52 087



Households

17 094

Education	1	2019
	Matric Pass Rate	91.5%
	Learner Retention Rate	62.0%
	Learner-Teacher Ratio	28.9

Pover	у	2018
0	Gini Coefficient	0.56
	Human Development Index	0.81

Health				2019
0	Primary Health Care Facilities	Immunisation Rate	Maternal Mortality Ratio (per 100 000 live births)	Teenage Pregnancies - Delivery rate to women U/18
0	3	84.2%	0.0	18.6%

Safety and Secu	rity		Actua	I number of report	ted cases in 2019/20
800	Residential Burglaries	DUI	Drug-related Crimes	Murder	Sexual Offences
0	300	109	509	8	53

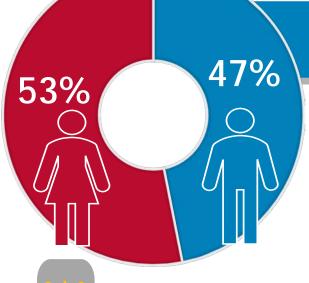


Road Safety 2019/20	Labour 2019	Socio-economic Risks
Fatal Crashes 11  Road User Fatalities 13	Unemployment Rate (narrow definition) 7.2%	Risk 1 COVID-19  Risk 2 Low economic growth  Risk 3 Pressure on household income levels

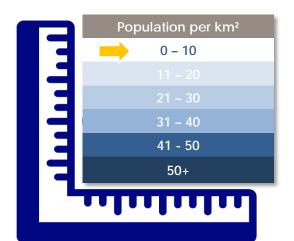
# Finance, insurance, real estate and business services 21.3% Wholesale & retail trade, catering & accommodation 19.4% 14.2%

### **HESSEQUA**

# **DEMOGRAPHICS**



Number of males







51 473 2024

2020

2026

11 274

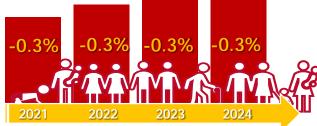
-1.3%

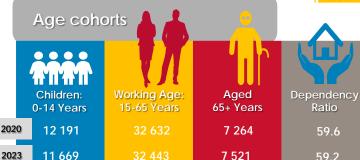
#### Household size

2020 3.4 3.4 2021 2022 3.4 3.4 2023 3.3 2024



#### Population growth





7 972

+1.6%

59.8

Garden Route District +0.8% Bitou +3.1% George +1.2% Knysna +0.9% Mossel Bay +0.7% Hessequa -0.3% Oudtshoorn -0.9% Kannaland -1.9%

Population growth 2020 - 2024

2020 Socio-economic Profile: Hessequa Municipality

-0.2%

# Demographics

#### **Population**

The population of Hessequa is 52 087 people in 2020, making it the second smallest population after Kannaland in the Garden Route District. This total is expected to decline by 614 people by 2024, equating to an average annual growth rate of -0.3 per cent.

#### **Sex Ratio**

The overall sex ratio (SR) depicts the number of males per 100 females in the population. The data indicates that there are more females than males in the Hessequa municipal area with a ratio of 53 per cent (females) to 47 per cent (males). The SR for Hessequa increases slightly year on year towards 2024 which could be attributed to a wide range of factors such as an increase in female mortality rates as well as the potential inflow of working males to the municipal area.

#### **Age Cohorts**

Between 2020 and 2026, the largest population growth was recorded in the 65+ aged cohort which grew at an annual average rate of 1.6 per cent. This predicted growth rate increases the dependency ratio towards 2025.

#### Household sizes

Household size refers to the number of people per household. The actual size of households is on a downward trend from 3.4 people per household in 2020 to 3.3 in 2024. Contributing factors to a stagnation in household size growth could include, but are not limited to, lower fertility rates, occurrences of divorce, ageing population, etc.

#### Population density

Amidst rapid urbanisation across the Western Cape, population density figures will aid public sector decision makers to mitigate environmental, individual health and service delivery risks. In 2020, the population density of the Garden Route District (GRD) was 27 persons per square kilometre. In order of highest to lowest, the various local municipal areas in the GRD compare as follows:

Bitou 68 people/km²
Knysna 68 people/km²
Mossel Bay 47 people/km²
George 42 people/km²
Oudtshoorn 26 people/km²
Hessequa 9 people/km²
Kannaland 5 people/km²



Educational facilities

19
Number of schools

12
Number of no-fee schools



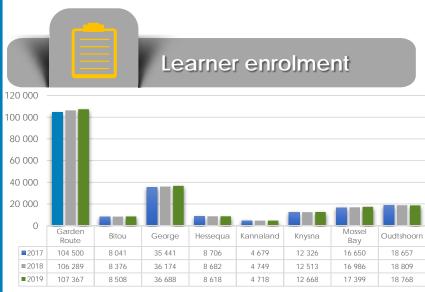
Number of schools with libraries



# Education outcomes

Oudtshoorn	80.1	82.2	87.3
Mossel Bay	83.5	83.1	84.7
Knysna	72.4%	77.1%	83.8%
Kannaland	89.2%	85.6%	85.9%
Hessegua	87.4%	84.7%	91.5%
George	83.7%	79.9%	82.0%
Bitou	78.0%	82.2%	89.6%
	82.0%	81.3%	85.1%
Garden Route	<b>2</b> 017		■2019

# **EDUCATION**



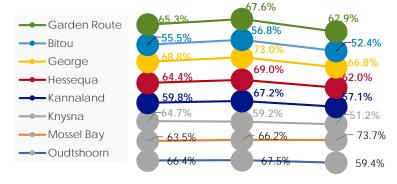


#### Learner-Teacher Ratio

Garden Route	29.2	30.1	30.1
Bitou	30.4	32.2	32.3
George	28.9	29.9	29.6
Hessequa	27.7	28.6	28.9
Kannaland	28.3	31.5	31.7
Knysna	31.2	30.0	30.3
Mossel Bay	28.4	30.2	29.7
Oudtshoorn	29.6	30.0	29.7



#### Learner retention



### **Education**

#### Learner enrolment, the learner-teacher ratio and learner retention rate

Learner enrolment in Hessequa declined by 0.5 per cent annually from 2017 to 2019, the only area whose learner enrolment declines in the District when compared to the other municipal areas. This could be attributed to a number of factors including demographics and socio-economic context. The learner-teacher ratio increased marginally between 2017 and 2019 in contrast with a declining learner enrolment over the same period. Learner retention improved from 64.4 per cent in 2017 to 69 per cent in 2018 but deteriorated to 62 per cent in 2019.

#### Number of schools

In 2019, Hessequa had a total of 19 public ordinary schools. The low number of schools accentuate the need for additional schools in the Hessequa area.

#### Number of no-fee schools

The proportion of no-fee schools remained at 63.2 per cent from 2017 to 2019, indicating that, given the tough economic climate, schools have been reporting an increase in parents being unable to pay their school fees. In an effort to alleviate some of the funding challenges the Western Cape Department of Education (WCED) offered certain fee-paying schools to become no-fee schools. This means that almost two thirds of the schools in Hessequa, 63 per cent, are registered with the Western Cape Department of Education as no-fee schools.

#### Schools with libraries and media centres

Schools with libraries and media centres has gradually declined from 9 in 2017 to 7 in 2019, indicating that there is a need for adequate facilities which could impact on the overall quality of education.

#### **Education Outcomes (Matric Pass Rates)**

Education remains one of the key avenues through which the state is involved in the economy. In preparing individuals for future engagement in the labour market, policy choices and decisions in the sphere of education play a critical role in determining the extent to which future economic and poverty reduction plans can be realised. Hessequa's matric outcomes has been constantly above 80 per cent from 2017 to 2019.

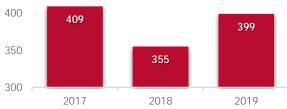




# **Tuberculosis**



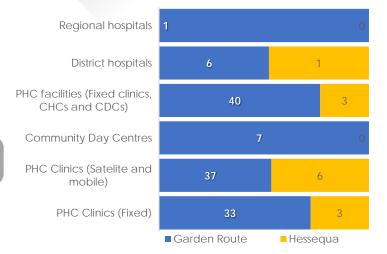
# **Healthcare facilities**





# **Maternal health**

	Maternal Mortality Rate		Delivery rate to women under 20 years		pregr	nation of nancy te
	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019
Hessequa	0.0	0.0	20.2	18.6	0.0	0.1
Garden Route District	57.6	33.4	15.9	15.6	0.6	0.6





# Emergency medical services

Health Indicator	Hessequa	Garden Route
No of operational		
ambulances per 10 000	2	2
people		



# **Child health**

Low birth rate	16.4	16.3
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	9.2	6.9
,		
Acute malnutrition rate (under 5 per 100 0000	1.9	1.5
Immunisasation rate (under 1)	67.7	84.2
,	arden Route	■Hessequa



#### **HIV/AIDS**

Area	Registere receivi	d patients ing ART	Number of new ART patients		
7.1100	2018	2019	2018	2019	
Hessequa	872	929	96	81	
Garden Route	23 317	25 738	3 009	2 576	

### Health

#### **Healthcare Facilities**

According to the 2019 Inequality Trend report by Statistics South Africa, 75.1 per cent of households in South Africa usually use public healthcare facilities when a household member gets ill compared to 24.9 per cent who use some private healthcare facilities in 2017. This is associated with the low proportion of households with access to Medical Aid which is low at 16.9 per cent for South Africa and 25 per cent for the Western Cape in 2017. In terms of healthcare facilities, Hessequa had 3 primary healthcare clinics (PHC) in 2019, which comprises of 3 fixed clinics. In addition, there is one district hospital in the municipal area.

#### **Emergency Medical Services**

Provision of more operational ambulances can provide greater coverage of emergency medical services. Hessequa had 2 ambulances per 10 000 inhabitants in 2019 which is on par with the district average of 2 ambulances per 10 000 people. It is worth noting that this number only refers to Provincial ambulances and excludes all private service providers.

#### **HIV/AIDS/TB**

Hessequa's total registered patients receiving ARTs increased by 57 patients between 2018 and 2019). A total of 25 738 registered patients received antiretroviral treatment in the GRD in 2019. Hessequa at 929 patients, represent 3.6 per cent of the patients receiving ART in the Garden Route District. The number of new antiretroviral patients declined with 15 patients between 2018 and 2019.

Hessequa experienced a decline in tuberculosis (TB) cases between 2017 and 2019. 399 TB patients were registered in 2019 compared to 409 in 2017.

#### **Child Health**

Immunisation rates in the Hessequa area is relatively high at 84.2 per cent in 2019 having increased from 78.7 per cent in 2018. The number of malnourished children under five years (per 100 000) in Hessequa in 2019 was 1.5, a slight deterioration from 2018. Neonatal mortality rate (NMR) (per 1 000 live births) in the Hessequa area increased from 3.1 in 2018 to 6.9 in 2019. The low birth weight indicator was recorded at 16.3 a slight increase from 14.1 recorded in 2018.

#### **Maternal Health**

The maternal mortality rate in the Hessequa is 0.0 while 33.4 in the Garden Route district in 2019.

The delivery rate to women under 20 years in Hessequa came down from 20.2 in 2018 to 18.6 in 2019.

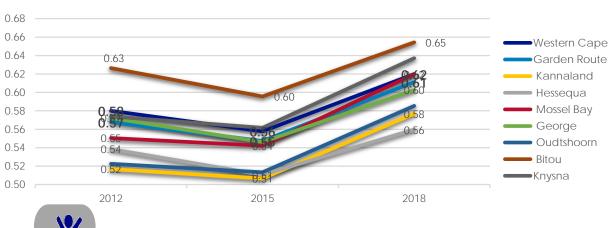
The termination of pregnancy rate increased slightly from 0.0 in 2018 to 0.1 in 2019 in Hessequa.

# **POVERTY**

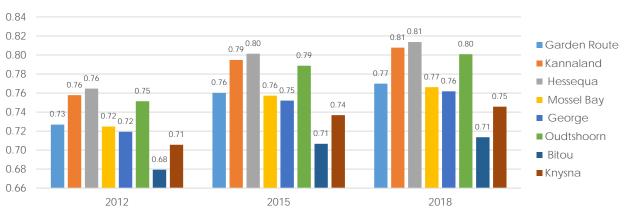












# **Poverty**

#### **GDPR Per Capita**

An increase in real GDPR per capita, i.e. GDPR per person, is experienced only if the real economic growth rate exceeds the population growth rate. Even though real GDP per capita reflects changes in the overall well-being of the population, not everyone within an economy will earn the same amount of money as estimated by the real GDPR per capita indicator. At R41 000 in 2018, Hessequa's real GDPR per capita are below that of the Garden Route of R45 000 as well as that of the Western Cape.

#### **Income Inequality**

The National Development Plan (NDP) has set a target of reducing income inequality in South Africa from a Gini coefficient of 0.7 in 2010 to 0.6 by 2030. Income inequality has increased in Hessequa between 2012 and 2018 from 0.54 to 0.56 with the exception of 2011, when it dropped to 0.51.

Furthermore, income inequality levels were the lowest in Hessequa for 2018 with a Gini coefficient of 0.56 when compared to neighbouring municipalities across the GRD and the Western Cape.

#### **Human Development**

The United Nations uses the Human Development Index (HDI) to assess the relative level of socioeconomic development in countries. Indicators that measure human development are education, housing, access to basic services and health.

There has been a gradual increase in the HDI in Hessequa from 0.76 in 2012 to 0.80 in 2015 and 0.81 in 2018. The trend for the GRD and the Western Cape in general has been similar between 2012 and 2018. Naturally, per capita income as per definition is expected to mimic the trend of HDI and this is clearly displayed in the graphic above. In short, what this graphic illustrates is that for the most part an increase in GDP per capita across a particular region is generally accompanied by an improvement in HDI levels with a short lag.

The HDI is a composite indicator reflecting education levels, health, and income. It is a measure of peoples' ability to live a long and healthy life, to communicate, participate in the community and to have sufficient means to be able to afford a decent living. The HDI is represented by a number between 0 and 1, where 1 indicates a high level of human development and 0 represents no human development.

# **BASIC SERVICE DELIVERY**

Total number of households

17 094

Hessequa Municipality

172 792

Garden Route District

Formal main dwelling

15 974

Hessequa Municipality

143 241 Garden Route District 82.9 %





0.8% Hessequa 0.7% Garden Route

Traditional dwelling



2.7% Hessequa % Garden Route

Flat/simplex/duplex/ triplex or room/flat on shared property



1.0% Hessequa
1.5% Garden Route
House/flat/room in

93.4

%

backyard



2.5% Hessequa 6.2% Garden Route

backyard



2.3% Hessequa 1% Garden Route

Informal dwelling not in backyard 0.8% Hessequa .2% Garden Route

Other/Unspecified



Piped water inside dwelling/within 200m Hessequa 97.8%

Garden Route 95.2%

Electricity as primary source of lighting

Hessequa 94.7%

Garden Route 90.7%



Flush/chemical toilet

Hessequa 90.2%

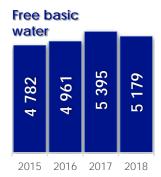
Garden Route 85.2%

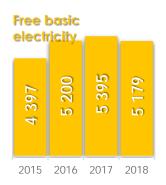


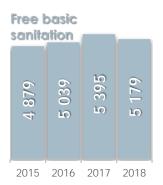
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Hessequa 78.9%

Garden Route 86.5%









# **Basic Service Delivery**

The Constitution stipulates that every citizen has the right to access to adequate housing and that the state must take reasonable legislative and other measures within its available resources to achieve the progressive realisation of this right. Access to housing also includes access to services such as potable water, basic sanitation, safe energy sources and refuse removal services, to ensure that households enjoy a decent standard of living.

This section considers to what extent this has been achieved by reflecting on the latest available information from Quantec Research for 2019. The latest official statistics was collected by Statistics South Africa for the 2016 Community Survey; the 2021 Census will provide the updated official statistics. The information on free basic services is obtained from Statistics South Africa's Non-Financial Census of Municipalities survey findings.

#### **Housing and Household Services**

With a total of 17 094 households in the Hessequa municipal area, only 93.4 per cent had access to formal housing, the second highest after Kannaland when compared with other municipalities in the GRD area. The District average was 82.9 per cent. The converse of this is that the area also had the second lowest proportion of informal households in the District, a total of 4.9 per cent compared with the District average of 15.2 per cent.

However, even though there was a relatively low proportion of formal housing, service access levels were significantly higher, with access to piped water inside/within 200m of the dwelling at 97.8 per cent, access to a flush or chemical toilet at 90.2 per cent, access to electricity (for lighting) at 94.7 per cent and the removal of refuse at least weekly by local authority at 78.9 per cent of households. These access levels were above the District averages for all services.

#### Free Basic Services

Municipalities also provide a package of free basic services to households who are financially vulnerable and struggle to pay for services. The number of households receiving free basic services in the Hessequa municipal area has shown a generally decreasing trend up to 2018. The stressed economic conditions are anticipated to exert pressure on household income levels, which is in turn likely to see the number of indigent households and the demand for free basic services increase.

# Hessequa



	MURDER	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Actual Number	Hessequa	12	9	8
	Garden Route District	183	215	205
Per 100 000	Hessequa	23	17	14
	Garden Route District	30	35	33

SEXUA	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	
Actual Number	Hessequa	55	51	53
	Garden Route District	1 046	1 059	975
Per 100 000	Hessequa	105	98	102
	Garden Route District	171	172	157





DRUG-RE	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20			
Actual Number	Hessequa	1 404	847	509		
	Garden Route District	10 814	7 330	5 814		
Per 100 000	Hessequa	2 691	1 625	977		
	Garden Route District	1 771	1 190	936		

DRIVING U	NDER THE INFLUENCE	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	
Actual Number	Hessequa	114	114	109	
Actual Number	Garden Route District	1 741	1 747	1 940	
Per 100 000	Hessequa	218	218	209	
Pel 100 000	Garden Route District	285	284	312	
ROAD USER	Hessequa	28	15	13	
FATALITIES	Garden Route District	137	128	131	





RESIDEN	TIAL BURGLARIES	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	
Actual Number	Hessequa	325	359	300	
	Garden Route District	5 211	5 171	4 856	
Per 100 000	Hessequa	622	688	575	
	Garden Route District	853	839	782	

# Safety and Security

#### Murder

Within the Hessequa area, the actual number of murders declined from 9 in 2019/19 to 8 in 2019/20. The murder rate (per 100 000 people) declined from 17 in 2018/19 to 14 in 2019/20. The murder rate for the GRD declined from 35 in 2018/19 to 33 in 2019/20. The murder rate in Hessequa is amongst the lowest in the GRD.

#### **Sexual Offences**

The sexual offences rate in the Hessequa area was 102 in 2019/20 compared to 157 in the GRD. The incidence of sexual offences (per 100 000 population) is the lowest in Hessequa (102) compared to other local municipalities in GRD.

#### **Drug-related Offences**

The drug-related crime rate within the Hessequa area declined from 1 625 cases in 2018/19 to 977 in 2019/20. The GRD's drug-related offences rate also decreased from 1 190 in 2018/19 to 936 in 2019/20. When considering the rate per 100 000 people, with 977 crimes per 100 000 people in 2020, the Hessequa area is higher than that of the District (936).

#### Driving under the influence (DUI)

The actual number of cases of driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs in the Hessequa area shows an decline of 5, from 114 in 2019 to 109 in 2020. This translates into a rate of 209 per 100 000 people in 2019/20, which is below the District's 312. Fatal crashes in the municipal area increased from 10 in 2018/19 to 11 in 2019/20. The number of road-user fatalities in turn also decreased from 15 to 13 across this period.

#### **Residential Burglaries**

The 2019/20 crime statistics released by SAPS and Stats SA indicate that the number of residential burglaries fell by 6.7 per cent in South Africa. Within the Western Cape Province, burglaries at residential areas decrease by 8.5 per cent between 2019 and 2020. This trend continues with actual residential burglary cases within the Hessequa area declining by 59 from 359 in 2019 to 300 in 2020.

When considering the rate per 100 000 populations, with 575 cases per 100 000 in 2020, Hessequa's rate is below the district rate of 782 per 100 000 in the same reporting year.

# **Economy and Labour Market Performance**

				GDPR				Employment								
	SECTOR	I Value I		Trend 2014 - 20			Number of jobs 2018		-	Average annual change 2014 - 2018		Net change 2019e				
PS	Primary Sector		435	i.1	-		<b>-8.6</b> -8.7		<b>4 917</b> 4 898		17	<b>17</b> 17		<b>-59</b> -58		
	Agriculture, forestry &	& fishing	423	3.5							98					
	Mining & quarrying		11	11.6	-0.5		-4.5		19		19	0		-1		
SS	Secondary sector		879	0.2	0.8		-	1.2		3 930		12		-225		
	Manufacturing		559	9.2	2.5	2.5		1.0		2 2	57	34		-13		
	Electricity, gas & wat	er	86	5.5	-4.3		-5.6		58		58	-1			-1	
	Construction		233	233.4			-	6.5		16	15	-21		_	211	
TS	Tertiary sector		2 618	3.2	2.1			1.5	1	16 637		333		22		
	Wholesale & retail tra		764	1.3	1.5			0.1		66	96	128		64		
	Transport, storage & communication		425.3		2.7	2.7		0.8		1 082		18		47		
	Finance, insurance, reestate & business ser		837	7.5	3.1 3.2		3 855		170		13					
	General government		344	1.0	0.2	0.2		0.8		1 886		6		19 -121		
	Community, social & personal services		247	'.1	1.5		0.8		3 11		18	11				
	Hessequa		3 932	2.5	.5 1.4		-0.2		25 484		84	362		-262		
	Chilliannala		SI	Skill Level		A		(01)			Number of jobs					
	Skill Levels Formal employm	ent	Contribution 2019 (%)			Average growth 2015 - 2019			20			18		2019		
	Skilled		22.4 42.0 35.7 <b>100.0</b>		42.0		3.8					3 480 6 643 5 711 <b>5 834</b>		3 577 6 714 5 705 <b>15 996</b>		
	Semi-skilled															
	Low-skilled TOTAL					-0.4 1.4										
	TOTAL			100.0			1.4				15 654			13	770	
	Informal Employment	2009	2010	2011	2012	20	13	2014	201	5	2016	2017	2018	3	2019	
	Number of informal jobs	10 171	9 193	9 139	9 187	96	49	9 828	10 3	41	9 517	9 889	9 650	)	9 226	
	% of Total Employment	43.8	41.8	41.2	40.3	40	.8	41.1	40.	6	38.1	38.9	37.9	9 36.6		
	Unemployment rates	2009	2010	2011	2012	20	13	2014	201	5	2016	2017	2018	3	2019	
	Bitou	17.8	19.7	19.9	19.9	19	.7	19.9	19.	9	21.5	22.3	22.2		17.8	
	George	13.2	14.3	14.1	13.8	13	.2	13.2	12.	7	13.5	13.8	13.4	$\Box$	14.3	
	Hessequa	6.1	6.9	6.9	6.7	6.	$\overline{}$	6.5	6.0		6.6	6.7	6.6		7.2	
	Kannaland	7.2	8.2	8.4	8.3	7.	_	8.1	7.4		8.1	8.5	8.4	4	9.1	
	Knysna	16.0	17.3	17.2	17.0	16	.6	16.6	16.	4	17.5	18.0	17.7		19.0	

Mossel Bay
Oudtshoorn

Garden Route

Western Cape

12.8

17.7

13.5

13.9

18.7

14.7

15.5

13.9

18.6

14.6

13.7

18.2

14.4

13.3

17.6

13.9

13.4

17.5

13.9

16.0

15.3

17.7

15.6

14.1

17.7

14.5

14.5

18.1

14.8

14.3

17.6

14.6

13.1

16.8

13.5

# **Economy and Labour Market Performance**

#### **Sectoral Overview**

In 2018, the economy of Hessequa was valued at R3.932 billion (current prices) and 25 484 employed people. Historical trends between 2014 and 2018 indicate that the municipal area realised an average annual growth rate of 1.4 per cent which can mostly be attributed to the tertiary sector that registered a positive annual growth rate of 2.1 per cent.

In terms of sectoral contribution, the finance, insurance, real estate and business services (R837.5 million), wholesale and retail trade, catering and accommodation (R764.3 million) and the transport, storage and communication (R425.3 million) sectors were the main drivers that contributed to the positive growth in the tertiary sector. These sectors are also estimated to have performed well between 2014 and 2018, particularly the finance, insurance and real estate services sector, which is estimated to have grown by 3.1 per cent. Employment creation in the finance, insurance, real estate and business services sector did not mirror the high growth rate, with only 13 new jobs created. The wholesale and retail trade, catering and accommodation sector, however, remained an important source of job creation in the municipal area, with an estimated 64 new jobs created in 2019. In 2019, the transport, storage and communication sector was also an important source of job creation (47 jobs).

Despite its important role in the Hessequa local economy, particularly as one of the main sources of employment, the agriculture, forestry and fishing sector experienced below-average performance between 2014 and 2018, and is estimated to have contracted by 8.7 per cent in 2019. This contraction led to the loss of 58 jobs. The agriculture, forestry and fishing sector is still recovering from the provincial drought.

#### Formal and Informal Employment

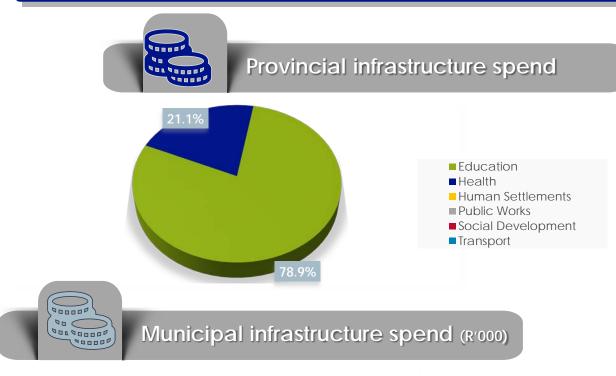
Total employment in the Hessequa municipal area will in 2019 amount to 25 222 workers of which 15 996 (63.4 per cent) are in the formal sector while 9 226 (36.6 per cent) are informally employed.

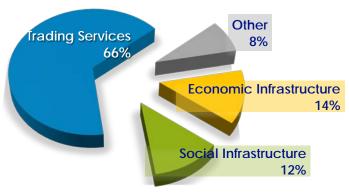
Most of the labour force consisted of semi-skilled (42.0 per cent) and low-skilled (35.7 per cent) workers. Although the skilled category only contributed 22.4 per cent to total formal employment, it notably outpaced the other two categories in terms of average annual growth – between 2015 and 2019, the skilled cohort grew on average by 3.8 per cent (albeit off a small base) while the low-skilled and semi-skilled categories grew at -0.4 and 1.9 per cent respectively. The growth in the skilled category reflects the market demand for more skilled labour, Evidently, the demand for skilled labour is on the rise which implies the need to capacitate and empower low-skilled and semi-skilled workers. Formal employment overall grew by 1,4 per cent between 2015 – 2019.

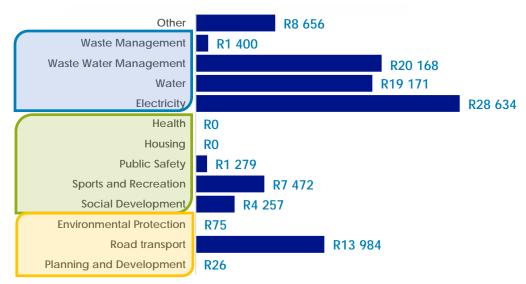
#### Unemployment

Hessequa (7.2 per cent) has the lowest unemployment rate in the entire Garden Route District (15.6 per cent. This estimate is based on the narrow definition of unemployment i.e. the percentage of people that are able to work, but unable to find employment. In turn, the broad definition generally refers to people that are able to work, but not actively seeking employment.

# **PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE SPEND**







# **Public Infrastructure Spend**

#### **Spending on Social Infrastructure**

Spending on social infrastructure aids in social development and has the spill-over effect of enabling economic growth. The WCG will spend 100 per cent of its entire infrastructure budget on social infrastructure.

As displayed in the pie chart the WCG will be allocating 78.9 per cent of the budget (R14.5 million) towards Education in the municipal area. Spending on education is crucial as it can serve to improve education outcomes and skills levels within a community, and more importantly alleviate poverty through increased long-term income for individuals.

A healthy and resilient community increases productivity and reduces pressures on government resources. As such the Department of Health has allocated 21.1 per cent (R4.9 million) of infrastructure spending on health infrastructure. In addition to this, the Municipality has allocated 12.0 per cent of capital spending on social infrastructure serving to improve the quality of life of individuals within the municipal area.

Community safety has been prioritized by the WCG due to high levels of crime in the Western Cape. Crime has a negative impact on the quality of lives of individuals, but also on the economy by deterring private investment and causing business losses. It further creates a burden on government resources in terms of justice system costs, victim assistance and replacement of assets. The Municipality has as such allocated R1.279 million of its capital budget on community and public safety.

#### Spending on Economic Infrastructure

Economic infrastructure is defined as infrastructure that promotes economic activity. Considering the sluggish economic growth throughout the country, spending on economic infrastructure is crucial to stimulating economic activity.

The Municipality, contributes 14.0 per cent of total municipal infrastructure spending towards economic infrastructure. As part of their economic infrastructure allocation, the Municipality will also contribute R75 000 towards environmental protection and R26 000 towards planning and development.

#### **Spending on Trading Services**

Basic services are crucial to improving the living conditions of citizens within the municipal area and enabling economic activity for businesses via access to water, electricity, sanitation and refuse removal. The majority of the Municipality's infrastructure budget i.e. 66 per cent is allocated towards the provision of basic services. The majority of spending on trading services have been allocated towards electricity (R28.634 million) followed by waste water management (R20.168 million), water (R19.171 million) and waste management (R1.4 million).

### **SOURCES**

#### 1. Demographics

- Population: Department of Social Development, 2020
- Sex ratio: Department of Social Development, 2020
- Age cohorts: Department of Social Development, 2020
- Number of households: Department of Social Development, 2020
- Household size: Department of Social Development, 2020
- Population density: Department of Social Development, 2020

#### 2. Education

- Learner enrolment: Western Cape Education Department, 2020; Annual Survey of Public and Independent Schools (ASS), 2019
- Learner-teacher ratio: Western Cape Education Department, 2020; Annual Survey of Public and Independent Schools (ASS), 2019
- Learner retention: Western Cape Education Department, 2020; Annual Survey of Public and Independent Schools (ASS), 2019
- Educational facilities: Western Cape Education Department, 2020; Annual Survey of Public and Independent Schools (ASS), 2019
- No-fee schools: Western Cape Education Department, 2020; Annual Survey of Public and Independent Schools (ASS), 2019
- Schools with libraries: Western Cape Education Department, 2020; Annual Survey of Public and Independent Schools (ASS), 2019
- Educational outcomes: Western Cape Education Department, 2020; Annual Survey of Public and Independent Schools (ASS), 2019

#### 3. Health

- Healthcare facilities: Department of Health, 2020
- Emergency medical services: Department of Health, 2020
- HIV/AIDS: Department of Health, 2019Tuberculosis: Department of Health, 2020
- Child health: Department of Health, 2020
- · Maternal health: Department of Health, 2020

#### 4. Poverty

- GDPR per capita: Statistics South Africa, 2020
- Income Inequality (Gini-coefficient): Quantec Research, 2020
- Human Development (Human Development Index): Quantec Research, 2020

# **SOURCES**

#### Basic services

- Households: Quantec Research, 2020
- Access to housing: Quantec Research, 2020
- Access to water: Quantec Research, 2020
- Access to electricity: Quantec Research, 2020
- Access to sanitation: Quantec Research, 2020
- Access to refuse removal: Quantec Research, 2020
- Free Basic Services: Statistics South Africa, Non-Financial Census of Municipalities 2019

#### 6. Safety and security

- Murder: South African Police Service (SAPS), 2020, own calculations
- Sexual offences: South African Police Service (SAPS), 2020, own calculations
- Drug-related crimes: South African Police Service (SAPS), 2020, own calculations
- Driving under the influence: South African Police Service (SAPS), 2020, own calculations
- Residential burglaries: South African Police Service (SAPS), 2020, own calculations
- Road user fatalities: Department of Transport and Public Works, 2020

#### 7. Economy

- Sector Performance: Quantec Research, 2020
- Employment growth per sector: Quantec Research, 2020
- Trends in labour force skills: Quantec Research, 2020
- Unemployment rates: Quantec Research, 2020

#### 8. Public infrastructure spend

- Provincial Infrastructure Spend: Estimates of Provincial Revenue and Expenditure (EPRE), 2020;
   Overview of Adjusted Provincial and Municipal Infrastructure Spend (OAPMII), 2020
- Municipal Infrastructure Spend: Final approved 2020/21 municipal budgets, Budget Schedule A5