



Western Cape Government
Provincial Treasury

Socio-economic Profile
Langeberg Municipality

2014

Working paper

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Langeberg Municipality

Langeberg Municipality at a glance

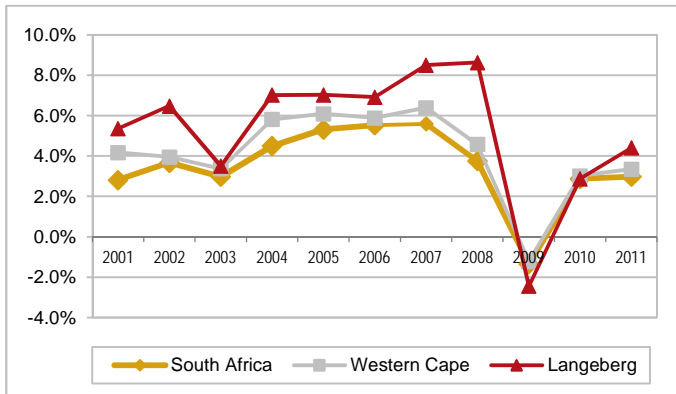
POPULATION

Population size (2013)	99 609
Share of District population (2013)	12.3 per cent
Average annual population growth 2001 - 2013	2.0 per cent

ECONOMY

Regional Gross Domestic Product 2013 (2005 constant prices)

R3 446 million



Share of District economy

11.42 per cent

Top 3 contributing detailed sectors (GVA)

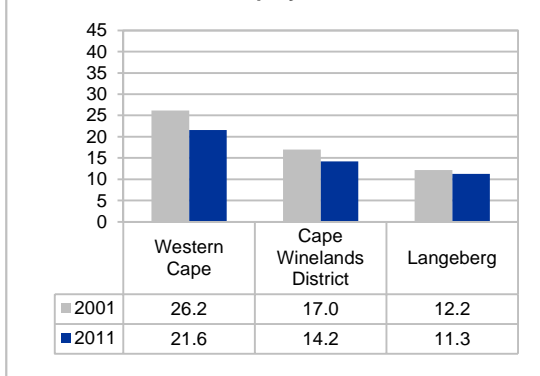
- Manufacturing (34.2%)
- Agriculture, forestry and fishing (17.8%)
- Wholesale and retail trade, catering and accommodation (12.3%)

Real GDP growth yoy % per sector

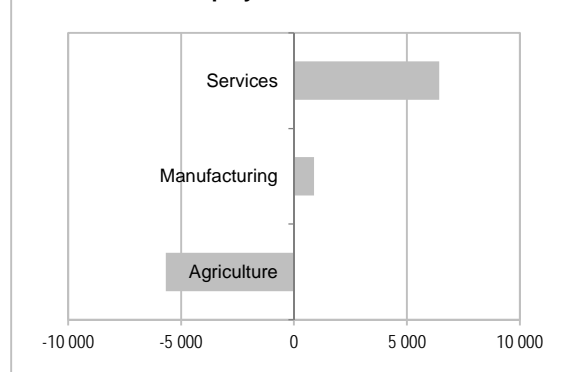
Sector	Trend 2000 - 2013	Recovery 2010 - 2013
Agriculture	0.3	0.1
Manufacturing	4.7	1.1
Services	7.3	4.5

LABOUR MARKET

Unemployment rate



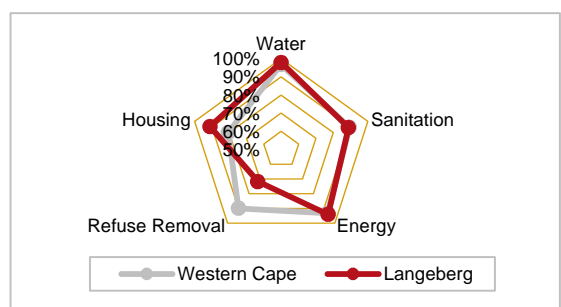
Net employment 2000 - 2013



DEVELOPMENT

Indicator	Langeberg	Western Cape
Literacy rate (2011)	75.3%	87.2%
Poverty rate (2010)	32.0%	22.1%
Human Development Index (2012)	0.66	0.71
Gini coefficient (2012)	0.58	0.60

ACCESS TO BASIC SERVICES, 2013



Introduction

Regional profiles provide the Western Cape municipalities with data and information which may assist in planning, budgeting and the prioritisation of municipal services. It is acknowledged that municipalities across the Western Cape have different capacities and therefore will use the information in this publication to suit their own needs.

The areas covered in this profile include information on demographics, education, health, crime, poverty, housing, municipal services, labour force, economy and environmental management. Furthermore, the population projections 2013 - 2017, updated administrative data relating to health, education and South African Police Service Crime Statistics are updates from the Socio-economic Profile (SEP-LG) 2013. These updates complement Chapter 7: Socio-economic analysis and economic performance of the Municipal Economic Review and Outlook (MERO) 2014 which was published in October 2014.

The indicators reflect the socio-economic reality of municipalities. As such valuable insight can be gained as to the developmental challenges faced by communities residing within a specific geographical area.

This profile uses data primarily sourced from Statistics South Africa, administrative data from sector departments, the MERO, Global Insight Regional Explorer and Quantec. The data sourced from sector departments are the most recent that is available. The latest survey data available at municipal level from Statistics South Africa include the 2011 Census; whilst comparisons are also made with the 2001 Census.

The format of the profiles has been adjusted to focus the analysis at regional/district level whilst municipal specific profiles will also be made available separately.

The information contained in this profile therefore highlights information for the Langeberg Municipality in relation to the broader Western Cape Province.

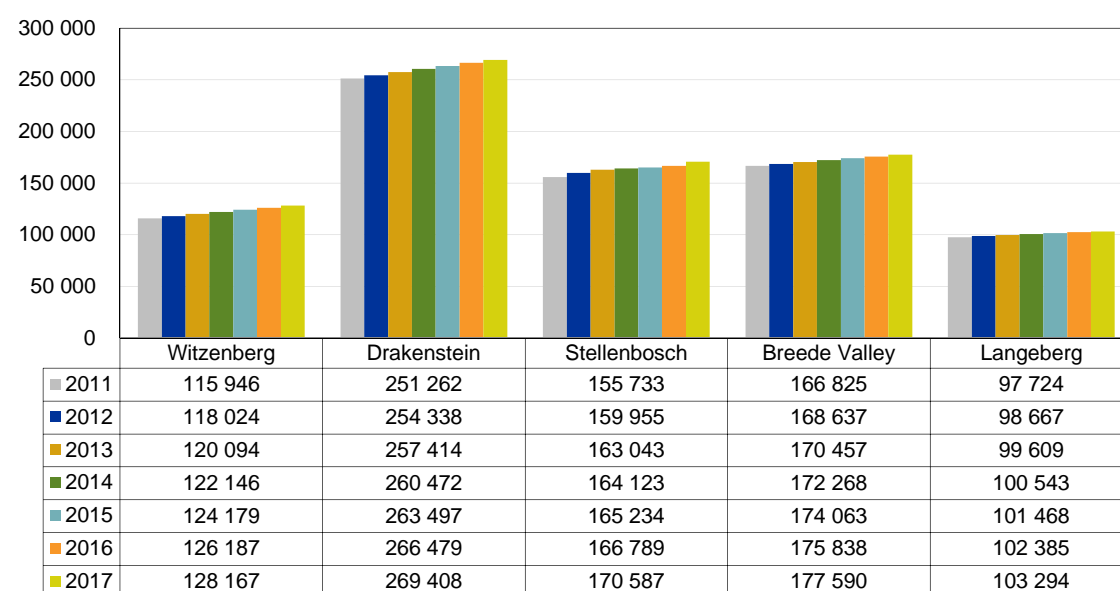


1. Demographics

As per Census 2011, the Western Cape population composes of 11.25 per cent of the total population of the country with 5.8 million persons, having increased from 4.5 million in 2001. Thus the Western Cape population grew at a rate of 2.6 per cent per annum between 2001 and 2011. This is faster than the national population growth rate of 1.5 per cent and is largely due to immigration to the Western Cape, where individuals believe they can obtain jobs and better standards of living.

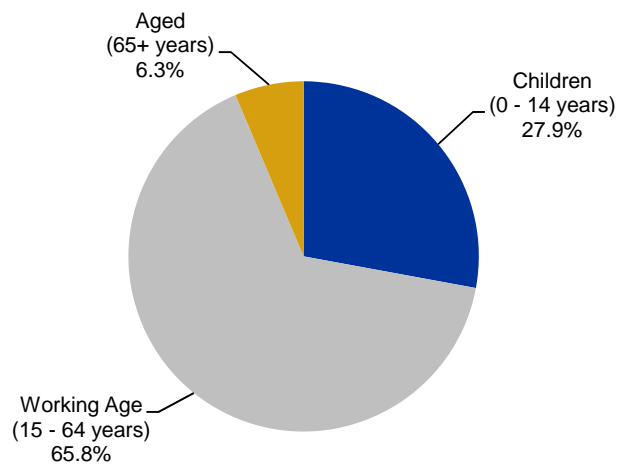
In 2013, Langeberg had the smallest population size in the Cape Winelands District consisting of 99 609 persons. It is however the second slowest growing municipality in the Province growing at an average annual rate of 1.7 per cent from 81 274 to 99 609 people between 2001 and 2013.

Figure 1 Population projections, 2013 - 2017



Source: Western Cape Department of Social Development, 2014

According to population forecasts by the Department of Social Development, Langeberg Municipality's population will continue to grow albeit at a lower rate of 0.3 per cent on average per annum from 2013 to 2017. By 2017 the Municipality is expected to have a population size of 103 294.

Figure 2 Langeberg population age distribution, 2013

Source: Western Cape Department of Social Development, 2014

Langeberg population age distribution consists of the following: Children (aged 0 - 14 years) 27.9 per cent, Working age (aged 15 - 64 years) 65.8 per cent and Aged (aged 65 years and above) 6.3 per cent. This placed the 2013 dependency ratio at 52.0, which implies of the majority of people will be rely on the incomes of the working age population.

2. Education

Literacy is used to indicate a minimum education level attained. A simple definition of literacy is the ability to read and write, which is more strictly defined as the successful completion of a minimum of 7 years of formal education. Since most learners start school at the age of 7 years, the literacy rate is calculated as the proportion of those 14 years and older who have successfully completed a minimum of 7 years of formal education.

Langeberg has a literacy rate of 75.3 per cent, which is the lowest in the Cape Winelands District, while Stellenbosch Municipality has the highest literacy rate in the Cape Winelands municipal area. These literacy rates may have implications for employment, income and municipal revenue.

2.1 Learner enrolment, the Learner-teacher ratio and Learner dropout rate

Learner enrolment in Langeberg has increased from 17 415 in 2013 to 17 539 in 2014. For the same period, the average learner-teacher ratio increased from 26.8 per cent to 27.8 per cent in 2014.

In terms of Table 1, schools within Langeberg Municipality recorded a dropout rate of 48.3 per cent in 2012 and the Further Education and Training (FET) dropout rate of 40.3 per cent in 2013; the highest compared to other local municipalities within the Cape Winelands District. High dropout rates culminate in high levels of youth unemployment.

Table 1 Education indicators for the Cape Winelands District

Cape Winelands District	Learner enrolment (Gr 1-12 + LSEN)		Average Learner-teacher ratio		Average Dropout rate	Drop in FET phase	% Matric pass rate			% Literacy rate	No. of schools with libraries		No. of no fee schools	
	2013	2014	2012	2014	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2014	2012	2014
Breede Valley	32 004	32 141	27.3	28.2	40.9%	36.9%	85.0	86.0	81.7	82.1	31	31	37	37
Drakenstein	46 821	47 625	26.6	28.0	28.6%	35.3%	84.0	83.0	89.4	84.8	45	45	40	40
Langeberg	17 415	17 539	26.8	27.8	48.3%	40.8%	89.0	90.0	88.9	75.3	19	19	50	48
Stellenbosch	26 657	27 240	21.5	22.7	31.9%	27.5%	88.0	86.0	88.1	84.9	32	32	27	26
Witzenberg	17 922	18 158	27.3	28.7	38.0%	38.6%	81.0	79.0	84.7	75.5	16	16	36	36

Source: Western Cape Department of Education, 2014

2.2 Educational outcomes (matric pass rate)

Education remains one of the key avenues through which the state is involved in the economy. In preparing individuals for future engagement in the labour market, policy choices and decisions in the sphere of education play a critical role in determining the extent to which future economic and poverty reduction plans can be realised. In the 2013 matric examinations, 88.9 per cent of Langeberg Municipality's matriculants passed marginally down from the previous year. It is nonetheless the highest within the Cape Winelands District.

2.3 No fee schools

The number of no fee schools gives a sense of the extent to which the Department of Education has identified and prioritised support to households who are unable to contribute towards the cost of education. The Municipality's share of no fee schools within the District was at 25.7 per cent in 2014; which is high compared to the Municipality's total enrolment numbers.

3. Health¹

3.1 Healthcare facilities

Access to healthcare facilities is directly dependent on the number and spread of facilities within a geographic space. South Africa's healthcare system is geared in such a way that people have to move from primary, with a referral system to secondary and tertiary levels; the first point of contact is at the primary healthcare level.

¹ Although healthcare is provided by both public and private institutions, information provided by the Department of Health pertains only to public sector healthcare institutions. Any privately provided facilities or services are not reflected in the information below.

Table 2 Healthcare facilities in the Cape Winelands District

Regional area	Community Health Centres	Community Day Centres	Number of PHC clinics - fixed	Number of PHC clinics - non-fixed (Satellites)	Number of PHC clinics - non-fixed (mobiles)	Total number of PHC facilities (Fixed Clinics, CHCs and CDCs)	Number of district hospitals	Number of regional hospitals
Witzenberg	0	1	8	0	6	9	1	0
Drakenstein	0	3	13	0	6	16	0	1
Stellenbosch	0	1	8	2	5	9	1	0
Breede Valley	0	1	6	4	5	7	0	1
Langeberg	0	0	7	0	5	7	2	0
Cape Winelands	0	6	42	6	27	48	4	2

Source: Western Cape Department of Health, 2014

Of the total number of 87 facilities that are situated in the Cape Winelands municipal area, 14 are situated in Langeberg, including 5 mobile clinics, 7 fixed clinics and 2 district hospitals. These healthcare facilities must service 99 609 people within Langeberg which implies one healthcare facility for every 7 114 people, indicating the need for more healthcare facilities within the municipal area.

3.2 HIV/AIDS and Tuberculosis treatment and care

The information presented in Table 3 shows the patient load and number of treatment facilities for HIV/AIDS and Tuberculosis (TB).

Table 3 HIV/AIDS and TB treatment and care in the Cape Winelands District

Regional area	HIV - Anti-retroviral treatment			Tuberculosis		
	ART patient load March 2013	ART patient load March 2014	Number of ART clinics/treatment sites 2014	Number of TB patients 2012/13	Number of TB patients 2013/14	Number of TB clinics/treatment sites 2014
Witzenberg	2 008	2 786	6	1 066	1 112	17
Drakenstein	4 627	5 276	13	2 208	2 137	23
Stellenbosch	2 940	3 574	9	1 100	1 215	17
Breede Valley	3 358	4 248	6	1 833	1 865	17
Langeberg	1 237	1 579	7	1 006	998	14
Cape Winelands	14 170	17 463	41	7 213	7 327	88

Source: Western Cape Department of Health, 2014

Langeberg has the lowest number of Antiretroviral treatment (ART) patients in the Cape Winelands District and reflects an increase of 27.6 per cent from 2013 to 2014. There are 7 ART clinics/treatment site available to service the Langeberg population.

The number of Tuberculosis (TB) patients in Langeberg is the lowest in the District, however it has shown a slight decline by 0.8 per cent from 2012/13 to 2013/14. A total of 14 TB clinics/treatment sites are available to service the TB patients within this municipal area.

3.3 Child health

Immunisation² and malnutrition

In 2014, the full immunisation rate for the Langeberg municipal area was at 63.4 per cent; the lowest within the Cape Winelands municipal area, while Breede Valley Municipality has the highest immunisation rate at 109.3 per cent.

The number of malnourished children under five years in Langeberg municipal area was 33; which is the lowest compared to other local municipalities within the Cape Winelands District. However, malnutrition rate per 100 000 of 264 rate is the second lowest within the Cape Winelands municipal area.

Table 4 Child and maternal health in the Cape Winelands District

Regional area	Child health			Maternal health				
	Full immunisation coverage rate	Number of severely malnourished children under 5 years	Severe malnutrition for children < 5 years per 100 000 population	Maternal mortality per 100 000 live births	Number of deliveries to women under 18 years	Delivery rate woman under 18 years	Number of termination of pregnancies performed	Termination of pregnancy per 100 000 population
Witzenberg	66.7	45	396	73	134	9.8	96	338
Drakenstein	105.5	63	338	19	387	7.4	775	1 469
Stellenbosch	93.3	36	251	0	125	5.7	301	606
Breede Valley	109.3	41	264	103	285	7.3	394	1 037
Langeberg	63.4	33	271	0	156	11.4	84	301
Cape Winelands	100.2	218	300	43	1 087	7.7	1 650	839

Source: Western Cape Department of Health, 2014

3.4 Maternal health

Maternal health refers to the health of women during pregnancy, childbirth and the postpartum period. Even though it may not strictly fit the definition, information on births to teenage mothers and termination of pregnancies is also included here.

Maternal mortality

In 2013/14 Langeberg Municipality's maternal mortality rate per 100 000 population of 0 was extremely low, when compared to the Province's 69, the District's 43 and other Cape Winelands local municipalities.

Births to teenage mothers

Of the 1 087 deliveries to women under 18 years in the District, 156 deliveries were in Langeberg. Although the Langeberg numbers are the third highest compared to other municipalities, the delivery rate was the highest within the District, with a rate of 11.4 compared to other municipalities within the District.

² The immunisation rate is calculated as the number of children immunised as a percentage of the total number of children less than one year of age. If children who are one year or older are immunised, the immunisation rate for that year could be greater than 100 per cent because more than 100 per cent of children aged less than one year would have been immunised in that particular year.

Termination of pregnancy

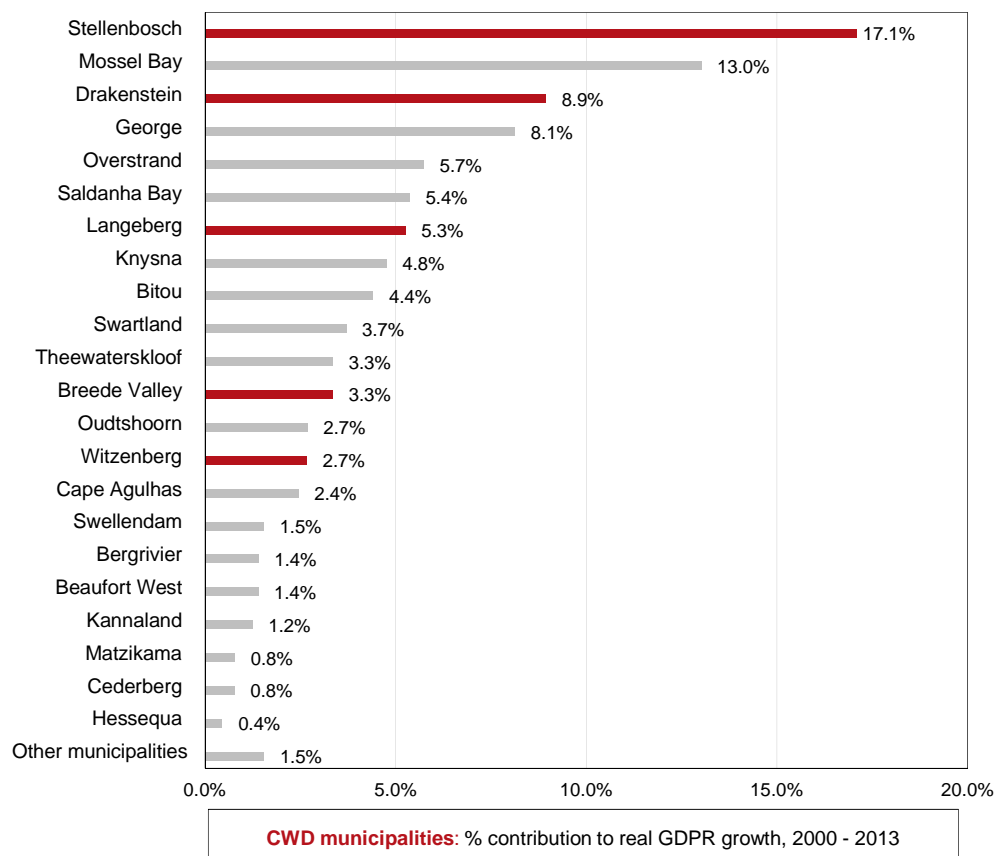
Langeberg Municipality's termination of pregnancy rate was the lowest compared with other local municipalities within the Cape Winelands District; a total of 84 termination of pregnancies were performed in Langeberg at a rate of 301 per 100 000 population.

4. Economic performance

The CWD regional economy generated 11.6 per cent of the Western Cape GDP during 2013, i.e. R50 billion of the total R431 billion. The District economy grew by 3.9 per cent per annum from 2000 to 2011 whilst Langeberg's economy grew at faster rate of 5.1 per cent over the same period.

Langeberg is the second fastest growing municipality in the Cape Winelands District and is ranked 7th in the Province. The ranking is determined by considering both the size and growth of the municipal economies. The Municipality's percentage contribution to real GDP growth and size is 5.3 per cent.

Figure 3 Municipal contribution to real GDP growth size in the Province



Source: Quantec Research 2014 (MERO 2014)

The largest contributing sectors to GDP within Langeberg Municipality is Manufacturing (34.2 per cent), Agriculture, forestry and fishing (17.8), Wholesale and retail trade, catering and accommodation (12.3 per cent); and Finance, insurance, real estate and business services (11.6 per cent). As expected, the smallest contributing sector is Mining and quarrying (0.3 per cent).

Table 5 Langeberg Municipality's sectoral contribution

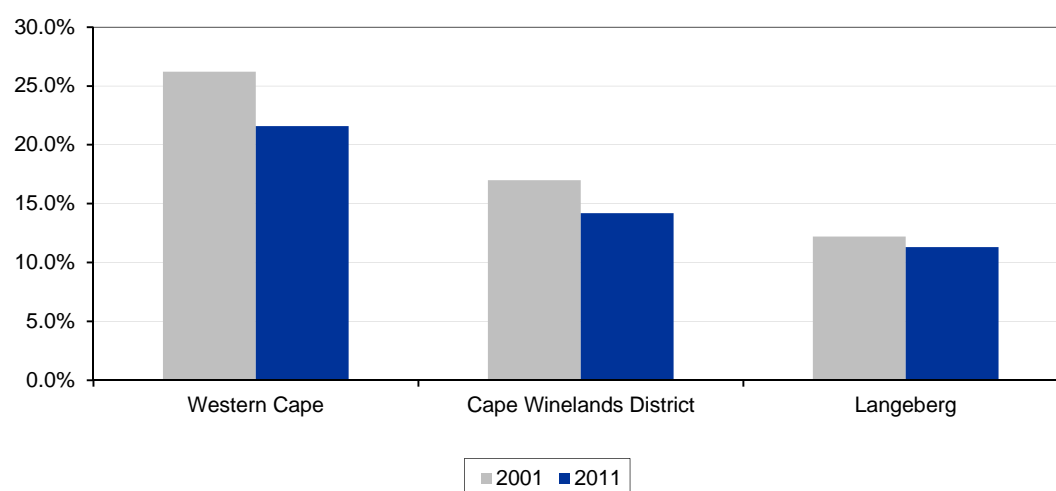
Sector	Real GDP growth yoy % per sector	
	Trend 2000 - 2013	Recovery 2010 - 2013
Agriculture	0.3	0.1
Manufacturing	4.7	1.1
Services	7.3	4.5

Source: Quantec Research 2014 (MERO 2014)

The Services sector, Manufacturing and Agriculture sector expanded by 4.5, 1.1 and 0.1 per cent respectively, during the trend period (2001 - 2013). Growth however tapered down as the Services sector, Manufacturing and Agriculture sector expanded by 4.5, 1.1 and 0.1 per cent respectively, during the economic recovery period (2010 - 2013). This is commendable considering that most municipal economies experienced contractions in at least one of these sectors.

5. Employment

Figure 4 Unemployment rates, 2001 - 2011



Source: Statistics South Africa Census 2001 and 2011

The CWD rate was 14.2 per cent in 2011. This is much lower than the unemployment rate of the Western Cape of 21.6 per cent. Langeberg Municipality has the second lowest unemployment rate within the Cape Winelands District. The Municipality's unemployment rate has declined from 12.2 per cent in 2001 to 11.3 per cent in 2011.

Table 6 Net employment in the Langeberg Municipality, 2000 - 2013

Regional area	Net employment (number)		
	Agricultural trend	Manufacturing trend	Services trend
	2000 - 2013	2000 - 2013	2000 - 2013
Witzenberg	-5 590	-800	2 060
Drakenstein	-7 350	-4 660	7 980
Stellenbosch	-5 140	990	22 380
Breede Valley	-9 330	-1 010	2 450
Langeberg	-5 680	880	6 420
Former Cape Winelands DMA	-680	80	720
Total Cape Winelands	-33 770	-4 520	42 000

Source: Quantec Research 2014 (MERO 2014)

Approximately 5 680 formal net jobs were lost in the Agriculture sector over the period between 2000 and 2013 while a positive net employment of 880 and 6 400 was recorded in the Manufacturing and Services sectors respectively.

6. Poverty

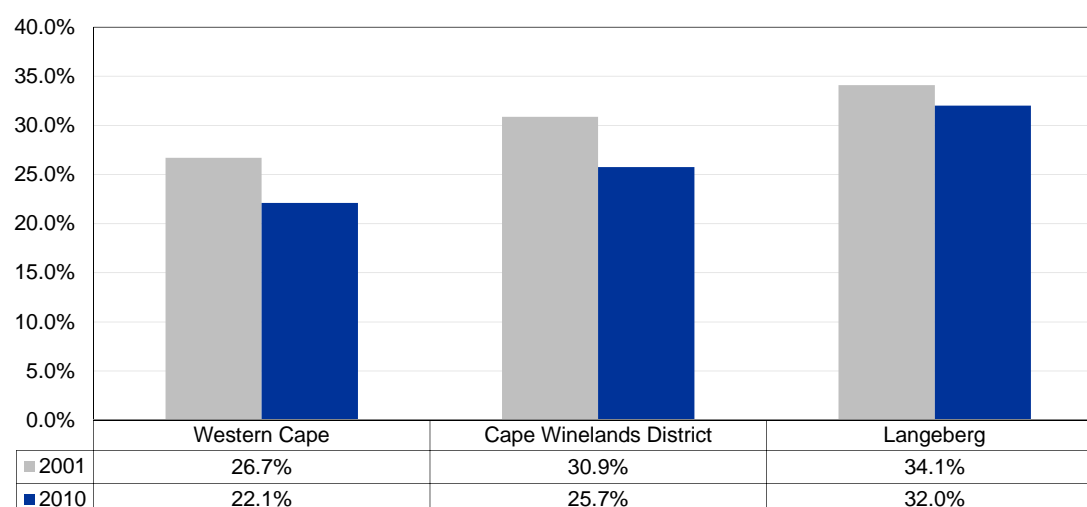
6.1 People living in poverty

The poverty rate represents the percentage of people living in households with an income less than the poverty income. The poverty income is defined as the minimum monthly income needed to sustain a household and varies according to household size; the larger the household the larger the income required to keep its members out of poverty.

The poverty income used is based on the Bureau of Market Research's Minimum Living Level (BMR report No. 235 and later editions, Minimum and Supplemented Living Levels in the main and other selected urban areas of the RSA, August 1996). For example, the monthly income needed to keep a 1 person household out of poverty in 2010 is estimated³ to be R1 315, while for a two person household it is R1 626; a four person household requires an estimated income of R2 544 to stay out of poverty while a household with eight or more person requires an estimated R4 729.

As seen in Figure 5, the percentage of people living in poverty has declined since 2001. In 2010, the proportion of people in Langeberg living in poverty in 2010 was 32.0 per cent, down from 34.1 per cent in 2001. Langeberg poverty levels are thus more severe compared to the District and the Province as a whole. This may be as a result of the low levels of economic activity in this municipal area.

³ Global Insight estimates. The City uses a different poverty measure – households with a monthly income of less than R3 500 are said to be living in poverty. In 2009, this percentage was 34.9 per cent.

Figure 5 Percentage of households living in poverty 2001 and 2010

Source: IHS Global Insight, 2010

According to Census 2011, 9.7 per cent of households in Langeberg had no income indicating that a portion of Langeberg's population lives in absolute poverty. A further 2.3 per cent of Langeberg's households had an income of less than R400 per month. It is National Government's NDP goal to have zero per cent of household to earn less than R418 per month by 2030 of which Langeberg is lagging behind. The high levels of poverty imply great strain on municipal resources to provide free basic services.

Table 7 Household income, 2011

Cape Winelands District	None income	R1 - R4 800	R4 801 - R9 600	R9 601 - R19 600	R19 601 - R38 200	R38 201 - R76 400	R76 401 - R153 800	R153 801 - R307 600	R307 601 - R614 400	R614 001 - R1 228 800	R1 228 801 - R2 457 600	R2 457 601+
Witzenberg	6.4%	1.9%	4.0%	18.5%	25.8%	20.9%	10.4%	6.8%	3.9%	0.9%	0.3%	0.2%
Drakenstein	13.0%	1.7%	3.1%	10.7%	17.2%	18.4%	13.9%	11.0%	7.4%	2.5%	0.7%	0.4%
Stellenbosch	20.6%	2.1%	3.5%	10.2%	16.5%	15.5%	11.5%	8.5%	6.6%	3.3%	1.0%	0.7%
Breedde Valley	12.0%	1.7%	2.9%	14.9%	22.2%	19.0%	12.6%	8.5%	4.7%	1.0%	0.3%	0.2%
Langeberg	9.7%	2.3%	4.4%	15.5%	24.9%	20.0%	11.0%	7.3%	3.6%	0.8%	0.2%	0.2%

Source: Statistics South Africa, Census 2011

Table 7 indicate that in 2011 the largest proportion of households in Langeberg earned between R9 601 and R307 600 per annum. A similar pattern can be seen for the other local municipalities in the District. The proportion of households in Langeberg earning no income raises concern.

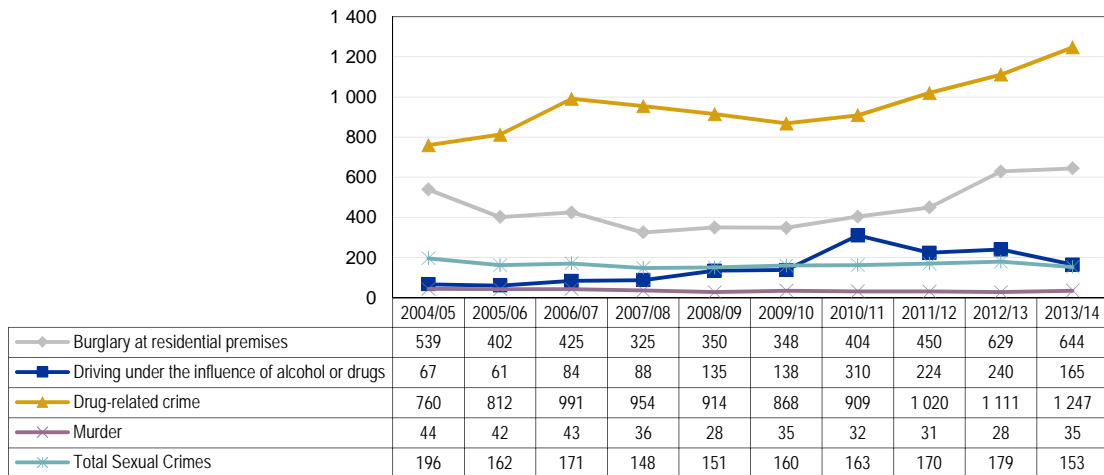
7. Safety and security

The safety of persons and property is vitally important to the physical and emotional well-being of people and business. Without the respect of person and property, it is impossible for people to live peacefully, without fear of attack. Peoples' general impressions, as well as official statistics on safety and crime issues mould perceptions of areas as living spaces as well as places in which to establish businesses.

In this way, crime can also have a significant impact on the economy. It can hamper growth and discourage investment and capital accumulation. If it is not tackled with seriousness, it has the potential to derail both social and economic prosperity.

The discussion on recorded crimes in this section is limited to contact and property-related crime such as murder and sexual crimes, as well as crime heavily dependent on police action for detection such as drug-related crimes and driving under the influence of alcohol/drugs; these are detailed in Figure 6.

Figure 6 Crime in Langeberg Municipality, 2004/05 to 2013/14



Source: South African Police Service, 2013/14

While Langeberg has seen increases in the number of burglaries at residential premises and drug-related crime in recent years, it appears that murder, sexual crimes and driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs has declined or static.

It should however be noted that drug-related crime and driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs are heavily dependent on police for detection and increases in these recorded crimes are likely to be from a combination of an increase in the level of crime and an increase in level of policing in the area.

8. Basic services

Access to services such as potable water, basic sanitation, safe energy sources and refuse removal services ensures that households enjoy a decent standard of living.

8.1 Water

Access to potable water is essential to maintaining a healthy life. The water supplied and made available to communities should be safe so as to prevent the contraction and spread of diseases.

From Table 8 it can be seen that access to potable water in Langeberg is 97.8 per cent, the third highest in Cape Winelands, while Stellenbosch has the lowest levels of access to basic water.

8.2 Sanitation

In 2013, an estimated 88.8 per cent of households in Langeberg had access to basic sanitation services. This is the second lowest compared to all the local municipalities within the Cape Winelands municipal area, while Drakenstein has the highest levels of access to sanitation.

Table 8 Access to basic services in the Cape Winelands District

Regional area	Water		Sanitation		Energy		Refuse Removal		Housing	
	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Cape Winelands	97.2%	97.1%	90.9%	90.8%	92.8%	92.6%	80.0%	79.9%	82.9%	82.6%
Witzenberg	98.5%	98.4%	91.6%	91.6%	93.3%	92.6%	69.8%	69.9%	87.0%	86.7%
Drakenstein	98.6%	98.6%	93.6%	93.5%	95.0%	94.9%	69.8%	69.9%	85.8%	85.5%
Stellenbosch	94.8%	94.7%	90.7%	90.6%	92.9%	92.8%	87.0%	87.0%	75.6%	75.2%
Breede Valley	96.5%	96.4%	88.2%	88.1%	88.4%	88.2%	75.2%	75.2%	78.7%	78.3%
Langeberg	97.8%	97.8%	89.0%	88.8%	88.4%	94.0%	71.6%	71.7%	91.2%	91.0%

Source: Quantec 2014

8.3 Energy

Household electricity access levels are generally good across the District, with Langeberg Municipality's 2013 household access level at 94.0 per cent. This is the second highest within the Cape Winelands District.

8.4 Refuse removal

Household access level to refuse removal at Langeberg municipal area is at 71.7 per cent in 2013. This is the second lowest compared to other municipalities within the Cape Winelands region.

8.5 Housing

In 2013, 91.0 per cent of households in Langeberg had access to formal housing. This is the highest in Cape Winelands District, while Stellenbosch (75.2 per cent) has the lowest levels of access of housing in 2013.

9. Environment

Key emerging trends from the Langeberg in terms of environmental management consisted of the following:

Table 9 Environmental affairs status in Langeberg Municipality, 2014

Environmental category	Status
Spatial Development Framework (SDF)	The SDF has been prepared through the Built Environment Support Programme and has been approved on 29 May 2013. It is in line with Provincial and National directives.
Housing	No future low-income housing developments will be pursued in low development potential settlements as this contributes to worsening poverty and unemployment. The Housing Settlement Plan has little evidence of thorough implementation through its land use decision-making and infrastructure provision, particularly in the middle to high income areas.
Water	Langeberg has the lowest blue Drop score at 51.6 per cent.
Waste disposal	Langeberg has landfill capacity constraints. A number of landfill sites being licensed for closure - budget implications.
Air quality	Langeberg Municipality does not have an approved Air quality plan.

Source: Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning, 2014

10. Concluding remarks

Langeberg Municipality has shown much improvement over the years with respect to all areas of its socio-economic environment as discussed above. The socio-economic profile illustrates how the socio-economic environment impacts on the standard of living within the Langeberg municipal area.

The low population growth rates in conjunction with the faster growing economy have led to decreasing unemployment rates in Langeberg. This has in turn led to increasing household and per capita income. Although unemployment has decreased between 2001 and 2011, it is still a challenge within the Langeberg Municipality.

Annexure A

Socio-economic snapshot

Regional area	Population size		Unemployment rate 2001 2011	Youth unemployment 2001 2011	GDP (2013)		Growth Potential of Towns Study: Infrastructure Index 2013	Average household Income 2011 Stats SA															
	2001	2011			Average annual growth (2000 - 2011)	GDP (R'000)		Real GDP growth (2000 - 2013)	None income	R1 - R4 800	R19 600 - R48 000	R9 601 - R19 600	R19 601 - R38 200	R38 201 - R76 400	R76 401 - R153 800	R153 801 - R307 600	R307 601 - R614 400	R614 001 - R1 228 800	R1 228 801 - R2 457 600	R2 457 601 - R4 915 200			
City of Cape Town	2 893 247	3 740 026	2.6%	29.2	23.9	36.8	31.9	185 682	49 647	4.1%	13.7%	2.7%	4%	10.6%	16%	14.5%	13%	11.9%	8.7%	3.6%	0.9%	0.5%	
West Coast District	282 673	391 766	3.3%	13.2	14.6	17.3	18.2	11 382	28 173	3.3%	8.2%	1.9%	3.3%	17.6%	24.7%	17.8%	11.8%	8.6%	4.4%	1.0%	0.4%	0.2%	
Matielkama	50 207	67 147	2.9%	16.5	14.0	22.7	19.3	1 738	25 291	1.2%	9.5%	1.9%	3.2%	17.8%	25.4%	21.1%	10.6%	6.4%	3%	0.8%	0.3%	0.2%	
Cederberg	39 320	49 768	2.4%	10.2	10.5	13.3	13.8	1 013	19 858	2.2%	9.3%	1.4%	1.9%	13.5%	22.3%	22.4%	14%	9.1%	4.4%	0.8%	0.4%	0.4%	
Bergvliet	46 330	61 897	2.9%	7.6	6.8	10.0	9.6	1 505	23 555	2.7%	13.9%	2.4%	4%	10.7%	17.4%	16.7%	15.2%	11.5%	6.1%	1.5%	0.4%	0.3%	
Saldanha Bay	70 439	99 193	3.5%	21.5	23.4	26.8	30.4	3 665	35 382	4.4%	10.5%	1.7%	2.6%	13.4%	21.7%	20.1%	13%	9.5%	5.5%	1.5%	0.4%	0.2%	
Swartland	72 118	113 762	4.7%	10.2	12.7	13.6	17.9	3 314	28 307	3.5%	6.4%	1.9%	4%	18.5%	25.8%	20.9%	10.4%	6.8%	3.9%	0.9%	0.3%	0.2%	
Cape Winelands District	629 490	787 490	2.3%	17.0	14.2	22.2	17.1	30 160	37 252	3.9%	20.6%	2.1%	3.5%	10.2%	16.5%	15.5%	11.5%	8.5%	6.6%	3.3%	1%	0.7%	
Witzenberg	83 570	115 946	3.3%	13.6	7.6	17.3	9.9	2 616	21 787	3.0%	12%	1.7%	2.9%	14.9%	22.2%	19%	12.6%	8.5%	4.7%	1%	0.3%	0.2%	
Drakenstein	194 416	251 262	2.6%	22.8	17.6	29.5	24.6	9 405	36 535	2.9%	9.7%	2.3%	4.4%	15.5%	24.9%	20%	11%	7.3%	3.6%	0.8%	0.2%	0.2%	
Stellenbosch	117 715	155 733	2.8%	16.9	15.2	23.1	21.5	10 117	25 923	2.3%	11.8%	1.8%	3.4%	17.7%	22.9%	19.1%	11.4%	7%	3.6%	0.9%	0.2%	0.2%	
Breede Valley	146 034	166 825	1.3%	19.7	14.4	25.0	14.4	4 419	25 923	2.3%	16.4%	2.9%	4.1%	12%	17.4%	15.6%	13.7%	10.3%	5.2%	1.7%	0.4%	0.3%	
Langeberg	81 274	97 724	1.9%	12.2	11.3	16.0	15.1	3 446	34 592	4.6%	9.6%	1.3%	2.5%	12.7%	22.8%	19.9%	14.2%	10.6%	4.7%	1.2%	0.3%	0.2%	
Overberg District	203 520	258 176	2.4%	17.5	17.0	22.4	21.4	8 083	30 403	5.2%	7.9%	1.3%	3.1%	14.3%	25.3%	20.5%	13.4%	8.2%	4.4%	0.9%	0.3%	0.3%	
Theewaterskloof	93 276	108 790	1.6%	18.6	14.9	18.6	19.8	2 873	25 692	3.6%	11.8%	1.8%	3.4%	17.7%	22.9%	19.1%	11.4%	7%	3.6%	0.9%	0.2%	0.2%	
Overstrand	55 735	80 432	3.7%	22.0	23.3	29.3	31.1	2 766	33 082	6.3%	16.4%	2.9%	4.1%	12%	17.4%	15.6%	13.7%	10.3%	5.2%	1.7%	0.4%	0.3%	
Cape Agulhas	26 183	33 038	2.4%	13.6	13.8	19.5	19.5	1 400	41 536	5.3%	9.6%	1.3%	2.5%	12.7%	22.8%	19.9%	14.2%	10.6%	4.7%	1.2%	0.3%	0.2%	
Swellendam	28 077	35 916	2.5%	15.7	11.4	22.1	15.0	1 021	27 785	4.6%	7.9%	1.3%	3.1%	14.3%	25.3%	20.5%	13.4%	8.2%	4.4%	0.9%	0.3%	0.3%	
Eden District	454 919	574 265	2.4%	23.4	22.5	31.2	29.3	20 362	34 655	5.2%	8%	2.4%	4.7%	20.1%	28.1%	18.6%	9.3%	5.8%	2.1%	0.5%	0.2%	0.2%	
Kamaland	23 975	24 767	0.3%	13.9	17.3	19.6	22.7	716	28 703	5.1%	7.9%	1.7%	3%	14.1%	22.5%	22.5%	14.3%	9%	3.6%	0.9%	0.3%	0.3%	
Hessesqua	44 108	52 642	1.8%	14.0	14.1	19.8	18.5	1 057	19 749	1.3%	17.4%	2.8%	4.1%	12.5%	16%	15.4%	13.2%	10.5%	5.5%	1.7%	0.5%	0.4%	
Mossel Bay	71 498	89 430	2.3%	24.7	22.9	32.5	29.9	5 651	61 186	7.5%	12.1%	2.6%	4.4%	13.2%	19.4%	17.3%	12.7%	9.8%	6%	1.7%	0.5%	0.3%	
George	135 402	193 672	3.6%	27.8	20.7	34.5	27.6	6 149	30 889	4.0%	9%	2.3%	4.5%	16.3%	23.7%	18.9%	11.5%	8.4%	4.2%	0.8%	0.3%	0.2%	
Oudtshoorn	84 691	95 933	1.3%	33.7	25.3	43.4	35.9	2 297	23 940	3.5%	18.1%	4.4%	5.5%	16.4%	19.7%	13.8%	9%	6.7%	4%	1.5%	0.5%	0.4%	
Bibou	29 180	49 162	5.4%	26.3	30.1	33.4	37.9	1 662	32 411	7.7%	16.4%	3.3%	4.3%	13.8%	18.8%	15%	11.1%	8.8%	5.6%	1.9%	0.6%	0.4%	
Knysna	51 475	68 659	2.9%	28.3	24.8	35.1	32.3	2 507	35 593	5.6%	5.3%	2%	2.9%	20.9%	25.4%	21.8%	11%	6.6%	2.9%	0.7%	0.5%	0%	
Central Karoo District	60 482	71 011	1.6%	33.2	22.7	43.7	27.3	1 586	21 917	4.0%	6.3%	3.3%	6.1%	19.6%	26.7%	17.1%	9.4%	6.5%	3.6%	0.6%	0.3%	0.3%	
Laingsburg	6 679	8 289	2.2%	26.3	17.9	37.0	22.0	145	17 364	2.3%	9.5%	3.3%	5.8%	21.7%	23.8%	15.3%	9.5%	6.9%	3.2%	0.7%	0.2%	0.2%	
Pfince Albert	10 518	13 136	2.2%	35.0	19.4	44.5	25.4	225	16 786	4.0%													
Beaufort West	37 110	49 586	2.9%	38.2	25.5	49.7	34.5	1 087	21 485	3.8%													

Regional area	Literacy rate		Poverty rate		Human Development Index		Gini coefficient		ART patient load			Population <1 year fully immunised			
	2001	2011	2001	2010	2001	2011	2012	2011	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014	
City of Cape Town	85.0%	90.5%	23.9%	19.7%	0.71	0.74	0.74	0.59	0.59	85 791	99 233	116 421	87.5%	89.5%	76.6%
West Coast District	71.0%	79.1%	32.0%	30.4%	0.63	0.67	0.67	0.58	0.59	3 547	4 561	5 553	97.1%	96.3%	96.7%
Matielkama	69.0%	76.4%	35.3%	31.7%	0.62	0.67	0.67	0.59	0.60	462	569	812	103.2%	105.4%	90.2%
Cederberg	66.0%	73.2%	41.2%	42.7%	0.59	0.64	0.65	0.60	0.61	686	880	1 063	91.0%	93.5%	101.1%
Bergrivier	70.0%	76.4%	34.2%	33.8%	0.61	0.66	0.66	0.58	0.59	343	466	601	93.1%	97.9%	93.3%
Saldanha Bay	79.0%	86.7%	22.3%	23.9%	0.67	0.71	0.71	0.55	0.56	1 127	1 435	1 779	85.1%	88.4%	95.4%
Swartland	69.0%	78.0%	32.8%	26.8%	0.62	0.66	0.66	0.59	0.60	929	1 211	1 298	118.2%	104.2%	102.9%
Cape Winelands District	72.0%	81.7%	30.9%	25.7%	0.63	0.69	0.68	0.58	0.59	11 830	14 170	17 463	90.0%	91.8%	100.2%
Witzenberg	65.0%	75.5%	29.8%	27.4%	0.58	0.65	0.65	0.59	0.59	1 678	2 008	2 786	73.2%	79.1%	66.7%
Drakenstein	77.0%	84.8%	27.2%	20.7%	0.65	0.70	0.70	0.56	0.57	4 103	4 627	5 276	99.8%	170.9%	105.5%
Stellenbosch	80.0%	84.9%	34.6%	25.8%	0.66	0.71	0.71	0.62	0.61	2 360	2 940	3 574	95.0%	94.0%	93.3%
Brede Valley	71.0%	82.1%	31.5%	27.0%	0.62	0.68	0.68	0.59	0.59	2 697	3 358	4 248	137.5%	100.6%	109.3%
Langeberg	62.0%	75.3%	34.1%	32.0%	0.58	0.66	0.66	0.57	0.58	992	1 237	1 579	49.7%	40.8%	63.4%
Overberg District	73.0%	81.1%	31.0%	29.6%	0.63	0.69	0.69	0.58	0.59	4 253	4 907	6 182	74.4%	75.8%	81.6%
Theewaterskloof	68.0%	78.4%	35.3%	35.0%	0.59	0.66	0.66	0.58	0.59	1 802	2 150	2 757	72.9%	82.7%	79.9%
Overstrand	81.0%	87.5%	25.6%	25.5%	0.70	0.73	0.73	0.56	0.58	1 614	2 034	2 506	75.5%	78.5%	80.3%
Cape Agulhas	76.0%	81.1%	25.1%	19.1%	0.67	0.70	0.70	0.56	0.57	228	299	372	76.8%	77.5%	85.3%
Swellendam	65.0%	74.2%	33.6%	30.7%	0.61	0.67	0.68	0.60	0.59	582	424	547	74.9%	74.4%	78.2%
Eden District	74.0%	82.6%	31.6%	21.7%	0.64	0.71	0.71	0.59	0.57	9 397	10 402	12 788	88.6%	102.8%	86.3%
Kannaland	60.0%	72.5%	43.8%	29.9%	0.56	0.66	0.65	0.59	0.57	32	100	273	70.1%	68.4%	74.3%
Hessesqua	70.0%	78.5%	28.9%	16.0%	0.63	0.70	0.70	0.56	0.54	235	364	482	85.4%	85.1%	86.4%
Mossel Bay	79.0%	85.7%	27.3%	12.4%	0.68	0.75	0.74	0.58	0.55	1 758	2 117	2 490	85.7%	88.9%	77.0%
George	76.0%	83.4%	26.2%	20.4%	0.66	0.71	0.71	0.58	0.56	3 377	3 886	4 534	89.2%	91.9%	87.6%
Oudtshoorn	71.0%	79.4%	43.8%	34.1%	0.59	0.66	0.66	0.59	0.58	867	740	1 109	86.6%	79.5%	90.3%
Bloubaai	76.0%	85.8%	33.5%	27.2%	0.65	0.71	0.71	0.61	0.63	1 383	1 578	1 640	84.7%	85.5%	78.5%
Knysna	78.0%	85.1%	24.2%	15.0%	0.68	0.73	0.73	0.58	0.57	1 729	1 617	2 260	111.0%	116.4%	102.5%
Central Karoo District	63.0%	73.4%	38.7%	32.5%	0.57	0.65	0.65	0.59	0.57	715	949	1 174	80.3%	77.0%	79.2%
Laingsburg	58.0%	70.0%	37.6%	36.1%	0.56	0.65	0.64	0.59	0.57	62	78	119	94.7%	75.0%	89.4%
Prince Albert	59.0%	69.9%	44.1%	43.3%	0.55	0.63	0.63	0.61	0.57	61	131	151	53.0%	94.1%	82.4%
Beaufort West	68.0%	74.9%	37.5%	29.1%	0.58	0.65	0.65	0.59	0.56	592	740	904	89.0%	77.0%	77.2%

Annexure B

Access to basic services in municipalities across the Western Cape

Regional area	Percentage of Household with Minimal Service Level - Census 2001 - 2011									
	Water 2001	Water 2011	Sanitation 2001	Sanitation 2011	Energy 2001	Energy 2011	Refuse 2001	Refuse 2011	Housing 2001	Housing 2011
City of Cape Town	98.7%	99.3%	87.3%	91.1%	88.8%	94.2%	93.0%	94.0%	83.0%	89.5%
West Coast District	98.0%	99.2%	85.8%	92.0%	81.4%	94.8%	68.0%	76.0%	93.0%	93.0%
Matzikama	92.0%	96.0%	77.9%	83.6%	97.8%	98.7%	59.0%	68.0%	89.9%	88.4%
Cederberg	96.0%	98.0%	82.7%	89.1%	98.4%	96.4%	50.0%	58.0%	93.3%	87.1%
Bergivier	94.0%	99.0%	88.4%	92.7%	98.8%	98.8%	57.0%	67.0%	93.4%	93.4%
Saldanha Bay	95.0%	99.0%	96.3%	97.1%	95.0%	99.3%	94.0%	97.0%	84.5%	81.7%
Swartland	93.0%	99.0%	85.7%	93.0%	96.8%	99.5%	70.0%	76.0%	93.4%	90.9%
Cape Winelands District	98.0%	99.2%	86.5%	93.2%	88.5%	93.2%	70.0%	80.0%	82.7%	91.2%
Witzenberg	94.9%	98.6%	86.3%	94.5%	95.7%	97.5%	58.0%	71.0%	89.0%	86.2%
Drakenstein	92.0%	99.0%	91.1%	95.1%	92.0%	97.3%	76.0%	86.0%	82.0%	85.0%
Stellenbosch	90.3%	94.9%	90.7%	94.0%	95.9%	95.3%	80.0%	97.0%	81.4%	75.1%
Breede Valley	93.4%	96.5%	87.6%	91.2%	95.1%	92.5%	66.0%	76.0%	87.2%	77.9%
Langeberg	92.8%	96.5%	83.5%	93.3%	97.7%	98.5%	62.0%	73.0%	92.9%	90.7%
Overberg District	98.8%	99.2%	84.7%	92.0%	83.9%	91.5%	77.0%	83.0%	87.9%	91.3%
Theewaterskloof	90.0%	96.9%	80.2%	87.4%	90.6%	92.8%	70.0%	79.0%	77.8%	80.3%
Overstrand	95.1%	98.6%	89.5%	96.5%	92.8%	94.8%	88.0%	92.0%	83.6%	80.1%
Cape Agulhas	97.3%	97.4%	86.9%	91.9%	99.1%	99.1%	79.0%	80.0%	91.3%	85.2%
Swellendam	93.2%	96.2%	83.2%	90.6%	99.0%	99.1%	71.0%	74.0%	88.4%	88.3%
Eden District	95.7%	97.8%	80.7%	87.1%	85.6%	91.4%	81.0%	86.0%	77.9%	91.1%
Kannaland	92.0%	94.0%	64.0%	78.0%	93.3%	98.1%	58.0%	66.0%	96.9%	96.3%
Hessequa	96.0%	98.0%	83.0%	92.0%	88.9%	98.4%	71.0%	79.0%	93.2%	93.8%
Mossel Bay	96.0%	96.0%	91.0%	93.0%	87.3%	97.0%	89.0%	93.0%	85.5%	85.9%
George	92.0%	96.0%	84.0%	89.0%	87.3%	94.1%	85.0%	88.0%	80.9%	83.9%
Oudtshoorn	93.0%	95.0%	82.0%	82.0%	87.6%	96.9%	81.0%	78.0%	87.0%	88.5%
Bitou	90.0%	93.0%	81.0%	84.0%	86.9%	90.6%	85.0%	88.0%	79.8%	72.2%
Knysna	84.0%	94.0%	83.0%	83.0%	81.0%	88.3%	85.0%	93.0%	68.6%	73.8%
Central Karoo District	98.9%	99.4%	85.5%	90.0%	83.9%	89.7%	77.7%	78.7%	96.9%	96.7%
Laingsburg	98.2%	99.4%	74.4%	83.1%	73.4%	83.3%	63.1%	59.5%	96.6%	96.6%
Prince Albert	98.0%	99.3%	79.0%	84.5%	80.0%	90.1%	71.6%	73.4%	94.2%	93.9%
Beaufort West	99.0%	99.4%	90.0%	92.8%	87.2%	93.4%	85.4%	83.7%	95.8%	97.9%
Western Cape	85.2%	88.4%	86.5%	90.5%	78.8%	86.9%	86.8%	91.1%	81.3%	80.4%
South Africa	61%	73.4%	53.8%	62.6%	51.4%	73.9%	57.0%	63.6%	68.5%	77.6%

Annexure C

Crime in municipalities across the Cape Winelands District

Regional area	Crime per category									
	2004/05	2005/06	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14
Breede Valley	3 113	2 536	2 702	2 990	2 920	3 182	3 591	3 840	4 065	4 082
Burglary at residential premises	1 368	1 037	1 103	1 185	1 243	1 238	1 374	1 531	1 727	1 542
Driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs	210	250	354	445	319	299	332	302	223	296
Drug-related crime	949	793	870	977	1 020	1 233	1 471	1 555	1 704	1 861
Murder	93	61	64	78	77	62	72	75	68	75
Total Sexual Crimes	493	395	311	305	261	350	342	377	343	308
Drakenstein	2 106	1 426	1 303	1 101	1 232	1 574	1 719	1 702	1 982	1 841
Burglary at residential premises	166	234	246	312	377	443	497	338	260	249
Driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs	1 343	1 208	1 596	1 560	1 716	2 196	2 388	2 499	2 618	2 855
Drug-related crime	108	98	75	101	82	75	71	66	80	77
Murder	509	425	369	315	265	474	433	382	427	396
Total Sexual Crimes	539	402	425	325	350	348	404	450	629	644
Langeberg	67	61	84	88	135	138	310	224	240	165
Burglary at residential premises	760	812	991	954	914	868	909	1 020	1 111	1 247
Driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs	44	42	43	36	28	35	32	31	28	35
Drug-related crime	196	162	171	148	151	160	163	170	179	153
Murder	1 355	1 030	1 009	1 271	1 292	1 361	1 438	1 521	1 640	1 617
Total Sexual Crimes	119	82	114	143	186	279	211	192	142	119
Stellenbosch	642	552	759	791	972	1 247	1 272	1 427	1 407	1 451
Burglary at residential premises	58	52	44	44	38	51	59	41	45	50
Driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs	246	211	151	170	159	241	223	231	216	233
Drug-related crime	598	427	347	333	418	537	557	551	718	745
Murder	1 028	1 088	1 165	1 360	1 137	1 209	1 557	2 063	2 463	2 752
Total Sexual Crimes	46	42	45	38	54	42	45	36	27	39
Witzenberg	177	191	204	220	237	198	251	192	193	163
Burglary at residential premises	596	4 322	4 187	4 215	4 535	5 058	5 492	5 755	6 696	6 389
Driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs	626	698	882	1 079	1 109	1 248	1 459	1 189	1 013	998
Drug-related crime	4 722	4 453	5 381	5 642	5 759	6 753	7 597	8 564	9 303	10 166
Murder	349	295	271	297	279	265	279	249	248	276
Total Sexual Crimes	1 621	1 384	1 206	1 158	1 073	1 423	1 412	1 352	1 358	1 253