BACKGROUND

The 16 Days of Activism for No Violence against Women and Children is a United Nations campaign. It takes place annually from the 25th November (International Day of No Violence against Women) to the 10th December (International Human Rights Day). Since 1999 the South African Government has run a parallel campaign that includes issues relating to violence against children. This campaign focuses primarily on generating an increased awareness of the negative impact of violence on women and children as well as society as a whole.

The National Convener for the Campaign is the Deputy Minister of the Department of Provincial and Local Government (DPLG) Ms. Nomatyala Hangana. The vision of the Deputy Minister is that the campaign is taken to the people at grass roots level and beyond the borders of South Africa. DPLG, as the lead department, is working closely with the Special Programmes Directorate in the Presidency as well as other government departments. In addition, strategic partnerships between government, civil society and business, have been established to broaden the potential impact of the campaign.

The Local government policy and legislative framework creates an enabling environment for gender equality, empowerment and the participation of women and other disadvantaged groups in developmental initiatives.

Cabinet approved South Africa’s National Policy Framework for Women’s Empowerment and Gender Equality in 2002. The Gender Policy Framework outlines South Africa’s vision for gender equality, its overarching principles and defines the terms of reference for various stakeholders in the development and implementation of sectoral policies and programmes. Government departments are therefore required to develop their own policies in line with the national framework.

In the Southern African Development Community (SADC) region the campaign has gained significant momentum through the adoption of the Addendum on the Prevention and Eradication of Violence against Women and Children by the SADC Heads of State in the year 1998. Hence, the Deputy Minister’s vision to establish good working relationships with the SADC region to jointly fight against the scourge of violence against women and children.

During the 2004 Campaign, President Thabo Mbeki reiterated that the Campaign should be extended to 365 days of the year. As a result of this the 16 days of Activism Campaign will have advocacy programmes for the Campaign over a period of 365 days in order to enhance the Campaigns effectiveness. Government has also implemented a 365 Days National Action Plan. All Government departments and other stakeholders are expected to have programmes that focus on the elimination of violence against women and children as part of the 365 Days National Action Plan.
Since its adoption by the South African Government and under the Leadership of the Department of Provincial and Local Government (dpnl) in 2006, the campaign adopted a rural focus and an emphasis on the participation of men and the boy child in a bid to encourage behavioural change. These objectives were realized through the pilot and successful repeat of the Farm Workers Awareness Programme in Kwazulu Natal in 2006 and in the Western Cape provinces in 2007. The 2007 Campaign also saw the introduction and successful implementation of the Million Man March theme to encourage the participation of South African men and the boy child. The Million Man March concept was adopted nationally and implemented through events throughout the nine provinces to mark the beginning of the 2007 16 days of Activism campaign. This, an unprecedented success in mobilizing provinces, NGOs from the Men’s Sector, communities, women, young girls, men and boy children, to participate nationally on the same day in activities highlighting and spreading knowledge and awareness on the abuse of women and children.

The 2008 Campaign will be given impetus by both the success of the 2007 Campaign themes and a rising global activity and resuscitation of the campaign on the elimination of all forms of violence against women and children within the United Nations. The new UN Secretary – General, Mr. Ban Kin Moon announced the launch of a multi-year campaign for the elimination of violence against women. The campaign, which would run through 2015, aims to focus on three key areas: global advocacy; United Nations leadership by example; and strengthened partnerships at the national and regional levels. This multi-year campaign for the elimination of violence against women was officially launched on the 25th February 2008, and will run from 2008 to 2015 to coincide with the target date for the delivery of the Millennium Development Goals.

The focus for this year’s campaign will be on consolidating and generating more awareness of the negative impact of violence on women and children at grass roots level. This will be done through implementing programmes directly and physically in communities, so we can achieve the objective of literally taking the campaign to the people in the rural areas and across all the Provinces. This will be done through the Farm Workers Awareness Programme that focuses on the plight of women and children living and working on farms, partnerships with Community Based Organizations, and NGOs. In adopting and implementing the 365 Days National Action Plan
eradicating gender-based violence through advocacy, the Deputy Minister as the National Convener, developed an Implementation Plan for the 16 Days of Activism for No Violence Against Women and Children Campaign for the 365 days of the year. (Annexure A)

**CAMPAIGN VISION**

As this is ninth (9) year of the Campaign in South Africa and the last year of the Deputy Minister as the Champion of the Campaign, she would like the focus of the year to be on publicising and celebrating the legacy that the Campaign has built over the nine years since 1999. This is so that we may identify our strengths as a country and forge forward in the fight against gender-based violence. Publicising these successes could be used to encourage more participation by more important stakeholders, communities, ministers, and departments and as best practices for other countries that are struggling to make the Campaign a success. Broadly, the Vision of the campaign will be;

- To highlight successes of the 16 Days of Activism Campaign in raising awareness on gender based violence and child abuse
- An effective 16 Days of Activism Campaign that translates into sustainable 365 Days of Action to end violence against women and children within a coordinated system of government and through partnerships with all spheres of government and other civil society organs.
- A well coordinated Campaign that will reach the urban and rural communities of the country
- A campaign that will continue to encourage behavioural change amongst men and the boy child through public education on gender sensitivity
- Raise more funds for the empowerment of the victims of gender-based violence.
THE CAMPAIGN’S OBJECTIVES

• To generate an increased level of awareness amongst South Africans pertaining to the incidence of violence perpetuated against women and children, how it manifests itself within South African society and the negative impact on these vulnerable groups;
• To challenge perpetrators of these offences to change their behaviour;
• To enhance and increase partnerships between government, the private sector, civil society, organised labour, sectoral groups, faith based organisations, the media (electronic and print) and the diplomatic corps in an effort to spread the message;
• To align events in the national programme with that of the international theme for the year, which focuses on matters relating to Women’s Human Rights.
• To raise funds for Non-Governmental Organisations (NGO’s), Community Based Organisations (CBO’s) and Faith Based Organisations (FBO’s) that work within the sector, providing invaluable support to the victims and survivors of violence;
• To communicate through the most effective and appropriate channels aiming to reach the maximum number of people across the country, particularly women and children residing in the rural areas;
• To engage actively with men and boys in the discourse about combating violence in our homes, our communities and in the workplace;
• To highlight the stories of survivors of gender-based violence and the impact that the campaign has had on their lives;
• To strengthen relationships beyond the South African borders with regards to the elimination of violence against women and children.
• To create awareness around the link between HIV/AIDS and gender-based violence.
**THE CAMPAIGN MECHANISM**

South Africans are called to support the campaign by utilising the white ribbon symbol in innovative and inventive ways to reflect solidarity. By wearing these ribbons for the duration of the year with specific emphasis on the 16-day period, employers and employees will provide an effective and striking visual tool through which to elicit campaign support. Unions and professional organisations will also be encouraged to garner support within their ranks alongside members and representatives from the sporting fraternity. The white ribbon is synonymous with the campaign and should not be distorted in any way.

The “Torch of Peace” forms a link between the 16 Days of Activism Campaign and other major national campaigns that support the thematic programmes that underpin Government’s national outreach activities.

A toolkit developed for business and for municipalities respectively outlines methods and elements of participation in the Campaign by the private sector as they are a very huge and broad sector and the Local municipalities across the Country.

**GOVERNMENT’S CALENDAR OF EVENTS**

National, Provincial and Local Government representatives in the National Gender Machinery prepare sector-specific, rural-and urban-based activities for the campaign. This information is fed into a national calendar of events, overseen and managed by the 16 Days of Activism Secretariat in the Deputy Minister’s Office.

**COMMUNICATION STRATEGY**

Government Communications and Information Systems (GCIS) and the broader media play a key strategic role in developing communication strategies and plans for the campaign. The GCIS is to develop a 365 Days communications strategic plan that includes the activities on the Implementation Plan for the 16 Day of Activism Campaign mentioned above. This Implementation plan has been attached to this document for easy reference. *(Annexure A)*
The interventions include a combination of formal advertising slots with public service announcements, participation in talk shows, Izimbizo, magazine programmes and media information sessions. Radio advertising, targeting the various regions and specific language groups will form the backbone of the broader outreach programme.

**PARTICIPATING COMPANIES, PARASTATALS AND NGOs**

Participating partners will be requested to feature the campaign logo extensively in internal publications and correspondence, on their websites and in messaging to their clients. They will also be asked to feature the campaign logo on product adverts and as part of their individual advertising campaigns. Corporate donations will be sought to augment the fundraising initiative on behalf of NGOs working with victims and survivors of violence.

Employers and employees will be encouraged to support the white ribbon campaign and to source their white ribbons (beaded, ceramic or lint fabric) from women's empowerment groups that supply these lapel buttons, pins and ribbons. A database of preferred service providers has been compiled.

**CAMPAIGN IMPACT**

The combination of Government, business and civil society activities and interventions, the envisaged saturation of media coverage via advertising, public service announcements, interviews and editorial pronouncements in conjunction with the extensive education campaign will undoubtedly contribute to a heightened national awareness of the issues related to violence and the importance of integrated solutions to the problem. The drive to take the Campaign to grass roots level will ensure that the campaign reaches those rural areas that are often then not left out. The campaign must also make a strong impact on the behavioral change of men and the boy child.
CALL TO ACTION

The rights of women and children are fundamental human rights entrenched in and protected by the Constitution. They are thus inalienable from, integral to and indivisible from the human rights framework. Gender-based violence in all its different guises is incompatible with the dignity and worth of the human person, and must be eliminated. Hence, the call to society is “Don’t Look Away, Act Against Abuse.”

IMPLEMENTATION

The DPLG is equipped with the resources to reach all communities of South Africa at grass roots level. In most cases those most affected by violence are in these areas and are usually not aware of the resources and services available to them to help them cope with their circumstances.

DPLG is able to reach these groups through our ward committees who can utilise their resources and plan activities to reach this target group. Programmes can be developed to include this group in activities and offer a service to them. The toolkit developed specifically for the local municipalities will assist in driving the campaign at local government level directly in communities.

This can be achieved through the Implementation Plan for the 16 Days of Activism for No Violence against Women and Children Campaign for the 365 days of the year, developed by Deputy Minister as the National Convener. (Annexure A)

BUDGET

The dplg is to provide funding for the operation of the campaign in partnership with other government departments and stakeholders in the realisation of the broader activities of the campaign. Hosting Provinces will be requested via the Presidency to assist in the funding of the opening and closing ceremonies and other build-up programmes taking place in their Provinces.

Government Communication and Information Systems (GCIS) will fund all media and communication costs.

Fundraising initiatives are to be implemented in order to raise funds from business, embassies and private organisations to support activities and campaign projects that enhance service delivery directed at victims of abuse.