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tel: +27 21 483 2023

Reference: T13/1/3 (2014/15)

TREASURY CIRCULAR NO. 3/2015

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THE PREMIER
THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM
THE MINISTER OF COMMUNITY SAFETY
THE MINISTER OF CULTURAL AFFAIRS AND SPORT
THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION
THE MINISTER OF FINANCE
THE MINISTER OF HEALTH
                                                                                        For information
THE MINISTER OF HUMAN SETTLEMENTS
THE MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT, ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS AND DEVELOPMENT PLANNING
THE MINISTER OF SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT
THE MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AND PUBLIC WORKS
THE SPEAKER: PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT
THE DEPUTY SPEAKER: PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT
THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER: VOTE 1: PREMIER (ADV B GERBER)
THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER: VOTE 2:
                                  PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT (MS BH FAKIRA)
THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER: VOTE 3:
                                  PROVINCIAL TREASURY (MR Z HOOSAIN)
THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER: VOTE 4:
                                  COMMUNITY SAFETY (DR GA LAWRENCE)
THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER: VOTE 5:
                                  EDUCATION (MS P VINJEVOLD)
                                  HEALTH (PROF KC HOUSEHAM)
THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER: VOTE 6:
THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER: VOTE 7:
                                  SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT (DR R MACDONALD)
                                  HUMAN SETTLEMENTS (MR T MGULI)
THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER: VOTE 8:
THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER: VOTE 9:
                                  ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS AND DEVELOPMENT PLANNING (MR P VAN ZYL)
THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER: VOTE 10: TRANSPORT AND PUBLIC WORKS (MS J GOOCH)
THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER: VOTE 11: AGRICULTURE (MS J ISAACS)
THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER: VOTE 12: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM (MR $ FOURIE)
THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER: VOTE 13: CULTURAL AFFAIRS AND SPORT (MR B WALTERS)
THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER: VOTE 14: LOCAL GOVERNMENT (DR H FAST)
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: VOTE 1:
                                    PREMIER (MR D BASSON)
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: VOTE 2:
                                    PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT (MS N PETERSEN)
                                    PROVINCIAL TREASURY (MR A GILDENHUYS)
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: VOTE 3:
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: VOTE 4:
                                    COMMUNITY SAFETY (MR M FRIZLAR)
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: VOTE 5:
                                    EDUCATION (MR L ELY)
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: VOTE 6:
                                    HEALTH (MR A VAN NIEKERK)
                                    SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT (MR JO SMITH)
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: VOTE 7:
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: VOTE 8:
                                    HUMAN SETTLEMENTS (MR F DE WET)
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: VOTE 9:
                                    ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS AND DEVELOPMENT PLANNING (MR T GILDENHUYS)
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: VOTE 10: TRANSPORT AND PUBLIC WORKS (MR CR ISMAY)
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: VOTE 11: AGRICULTURE (MR F HUYSAMER)
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: VOTE 12: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM (MS M ABRAHAMS)
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: VOTE 13: CULTURAL AFFAIRS AND SPORT (MS BG RUTGERS)
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: VOTE 14: LOCAL GOVERNMENT (MS B SEWLALL-SINGH)
THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER: WESTERN CAPE GAMBLING AND RACING BOARD (DR M MATSAPOLA)
THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER: WESTERN CAPE NATURE CONSERVATION BOARD (DR R OMAR)
THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER: WESTERN CAPE INVESTMENTS AND TRADE PROMOTION AGENCY (MR N FLAATTEN)
THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER: WESTERN CAPE CULTURAL COMMISSION (MS J MOLELEKI)
THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER: WESTERN CAPE LANGUAGE COMMITTEE (MS J MOLELEKI)
THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER: WESTERN CAPE HERITAGE (MR A HALL)
THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER: CASIDRA (MR M BRINKHUIS)
THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER: WESTERN CAPE LIQUOR AUTHORITY (MR T GILIOMEE)
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THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: WESTERN CAPE GAMBLING AND RACING BOARD (MR P ABRAHAMS)
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: WESTERN CAPE NATURE CONSERVATION BOARD (MR A PRESTON)
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: WESTERN CAPE INVESTMENTS AND TRADE PROMOTION AGENCY (MR I BLACKIE)
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: WESTERN CAPE CULTURAL COMMISSION (MS B RUTGERS)
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: WESTERN CAPE LANGUAGE COMMITTEE (MS B RUTGERS)
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: WESTERN CAPE HERITAGE (MS B RUTGERS)
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: CASIDRA (MR F VAN ZYL)
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: WESTERN CAPE LIQUOR AUTHORITY (VACANT)
THE SENIOR MANAGER: GOVERNMENT MOTOR TRANSPORT (MR J KOEGELENBERG)
THE HEAD OFFICIAL: PROVINCIAL TREASURY (MR Z HOOSAIN)
THE HEAD: BRANCH FISCAL AND ECONOMIC SERVICES (MR H MALILA)
THE HEAD: BRANCH GOVERNANCE AND ASSET MANAGEMENT (MR A HARDIEN) (ACTING)
THE HEAD: PUBLIC POLICY SERVICES (MS M KORSTEN)
THE HEAD: PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT PUBLIC FINANCE (MS JD GANTANA)
THE HEAD: LOCAL GOVERNMENT PUBLIC FINANCE (MR H MALILA) (PRO TEM)
THE HEAD: ASSET MANAGEMENT (MR IG SMITH)
THE HEAD: FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE AND ACCOUNTING (MR A HARDIEN)
THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER (MR A GILDENHUYS)
THE HEAD: OFFICE OF THE FINANCE MINISTRY (ADV E PRETORIUS)
THE SENIOR MANAGER: BUSINESS INFORMATION AND DATA MANAGEMENT (MR PP PIENAAR)
THE SENIOR MANAGER: FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE (MR B VINK)
THE SENIOR MANAGER: FISCAL POLICY (MS S DAVIDS) (ACTING)
THE SENIOR MANAGER: INFRASTRUCTURE (MR P CHANDAKA)
THE SENIOR MANAGER: LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTING (MR Z HENDRICKS) (ACTING)
THE SENIOR MANAGER: LOCAL GOVERNMENT BUDGET OFFICE (MR ML BOOYSEN)
THE SENIOR MANAGER: LOCAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE (GROUP ONE) (MR H MALILA) (PRO TEM)
THE SENIOR MANAGER: LOCAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE (GROUP TWO) (MR M SIGABI)
THE SENIOR MANAGER: LOCAL GOVERNMENT SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT (MR S MAYEKISO) (ACTING)
THE SENIOR MANAGER: PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTING (MR A REDDY)
THE SENIOR MANAGER: PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT BUDGET OFFICE (MS M KORSTEN) (PRO TEM)
THE SENIOR MANAGER: PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE (EXPENDITURE MANAGEMENT) (MS A PICK)
THE SENIOR MANAGER: PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT (MS N EBRAHIM)
THE SENIOR MANAGER: STRATEGIC AND OPERATIONAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT (MS A SMIT)
THE SENIOR MANAGER: SUPPORTING AND INTERLINKED FINANCIAL SYSTEMS (MR A BASTIAANSE)
THE PROVINCIAL AUDITOR
MASTER RECORDS OFFICIAL: BUSINESS INFORMATION AND DATA MANAGEMENT
THE DEPUTY DIRECTOR-GENERAL: CORPORATE ASSURANCE, DEPARTMENT OF THE PREMIER (MS H ROBSON)
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GOVERNMENT GAZETTE NUMBER 38464: DIRECTIVE ISSUED IN TERMS OF THE PUBLIC AUDIT ACT, 2004

1. **PURPOSE**

- 1.1 The purpose of this circular is to inform departments and public entities that Government Gazette 38464 has been issued as a directive in terms of the Public Audit Act, 2004 dated 11 February 2015.
- 1.2 The directive is attached to this circular marked "Annexure 1" for your ease of reference.

2. BACKGROUND

2.1 The Auditor-General has a constitutional mandate and exists to strengthen our country's democracy by enabling oversight, accountability and governance in the public sector through auditing.

2.2 Auditor-General of South Africa (AGSA) has a responsibility to express an opinion on

the financial statements, to express a conclusion on the annual performance report in the management report and to report on material findings relating to

compliance with specific requirements in key applicable laws and regulations as set out in the general notice issued in terms of the Public Audit Act, 2004 (Act

No. 25 of 2004).

3. **OBJECTIVE**

3.1 The objective of this Government Gazette is to outline **principle's** to be used by

AGSA to perform the audit of the departments and public entities.

3.2 To highlight the areas that the auditors will emphasise on to draw their conclusion

during the 2014/15 audit.

4. **REQUEST**

4.1 Departments should read the government gazette thoroughly and understand its

contents.

4.2 Attention is drawn to the following paragraphs:

• Paragraph 5 on **predetermined objectives**;

• Paragraph 8 on non-compliance with laws and regulations; and

• Paragraph 9 on criteria used to evaluate non-compliance with laws and

regulations.

4.3 Furthermore please study **ADDENDUM A** of the government gazette which

highlights the criteria used to evaluate internal control.

ENQUIRIES

Any further enquiries in this regard may be directed to Mr Aziz Hardien at email

address Aziz. Hardien@westerncape.gov.za.

MR A REDDY

DIRECTOR: PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTING

DATE: 17 February 2015

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GENERAL NOTICE

NOTICE 125 OF 2015

DIRECTIVE ISSUED IN TERMS OF THE PUBLIC AUDIT ACT, 2004

Under the powers vested in me by section 2(b), read with section 13(3)(b) of the Public Audit Act, 2004 (Act No. 25 of 2004) (hereafter referred to as the PAA), I, Thembekile Kimi Makwetu, Auditor-General of the Republic of South Africa (hereafter referred to as the AGSA), hereby determine the requirements as set out below.

CONTENT OF THE NOTICE

	Audit of financial and performance management	2
	Auditing standards – section 13(1)(a) of the PAA	2
	Auditing of reported information on performance against predetermined objectives – sections 20(2)(c) and 28(1)(c) of the PAA	2
	Auditing of compliance with applicable legislation relating to financial matters, financial management and other related matters – sections 20(2)(b) and 28(1)(b) of the PAA	
	Internal control, as indicated by the reference to financial management in sections 4(1) and (3) of the PAA	
	Focus areas – section 13(1)(b) of the PAA	5
	Discretionary engagements	5
	Complaints against the AGSA	5
	TS OF PUBLIC ENTITIES AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS NOT PERFORMED BY THE AGSA – SECTION 4(3) OF THE PAA	6
	Audits that the Auditor-General has opted not to perform – section 25(1)(a) of the PAA	6
	Appointment of registered auditors – section 25(1)(b), (2), (3) and (4) of the PAA	6
	Discharge of registered auditors – section 26 of the PAA	7
	Responsibilities of registered auditors – part 2 of chapter 3 of the PAA	7
	Request for information – sections 27(5) and 28(3)(c) of the PAA	8
	Complaints against registered auditors	8
	TEES FOR WHICH LEGISLATION IS NOT PRESCRIPTIVE IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – SECTION 14(2)(b) OF THE PAA	8
TIMIN	NG AND SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION FOR AUDIT PURPOSES – SECTION 15(2)(b) OF THE PAA	9
	ESSMENT AND RECOGNITION OF THE FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORKS APPLICABLE IN THE PUBLIC SECTOR – SECTION 20(2)(a) OF THE PAA	9
	EAL OF PRIOR GOVERNMENT GAZETTES1	
EFFE	CTIVE DATE1	0
ENQl	JIRIES1	0
ADDE	ENDUM A: CRITERIA USED TO EVALUATE INTERNAL CONTROL1	1
	ENDUM B: CONSULTATION WITH THE AUDITOR-GENERAL OF SOUTH AFRICA ON THE APPOINTMENT OR DISCHARGE OF THE REGISTERED AUDITOR IN TERMS OF SECTIONS 25 AND 26 OF THE PUBLIC AUDIT ACT, 2004 (ACT NO. 25 OF 2004)	

ADDENDUM C:	MONITORING CHECKLIST FOR AUDITS NOT CONDUCTED BY THE
AGSA	
ADDENDUM D:	RELEVANT EXTRACTS FROM THE PUBLIC AUDIT ACT 2

AUDIT FUNCTIONS PERFORMED IN TERMS OF THE PAA

Audit of financial and performance management

- 1. Financial and performance management is audited as part of the annual audit process. Accordingly, the auditor's report reflects an opinion or material findings on the following:
 - Financial information, through the auditor's opinion on the financial statements or similar reporting
 - Reported information on performance against predetermined objectives
 - Compliance with applicable legislation relating to financial matters, financial management and other related matters
 - Internal control deficiencies that resulted in:
 - o qualifications of the opinion on the financial statements
 - findings on the reported information on performance against predetermined objectives
 - o findings on compliance with legislation.

Auditing standards - section 13(1)(a) of the PAA

- 2. The International Quality Control, Auditing, Review, Other Assurance and Related Services Pronouncements issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (IAASB)¹ of the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC), as well as the Code of ethics for professional accountants issued by IFAC's International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA)² are applied in the audits.
- 3. In addition, relevant principles contained in:
 - the International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs) and
 - the INTOSAI Guidance for Good Governance (INTOSAI GOVs),

published by the International Organisation of Supreme Audit Institutions (INTOSAI)³, are applied.

Auditing of reported information on performance against predetermined objectives – sections 20(2)(c) and 28(1)(c) of the PAA

4. In terms of sections 20(2)(c) and 28(1)(c) of the PAA, the auditor's report must reflect an opinion or conclusion on the auditee's reported information on performance against predetermined objectives. Until such time as the environment shows a state of readiness to provide reasonable assurance in the form of an audit conclusion in the auditor's report, the conclusion on the usefulness and reliability of the reported information on

¹ http://www.ifac.org/IAASB

² https://www.ifac.org/ethics

³ http://www.intosai.org and http://www.issai.org

- performance against predetermined objectives is included in the report to management, with material findings being reported in the auditor's report.
- 5. The audit of the reported information on performance against predetermined objectives is performed in accordance with the International Standard on Assurance Engagements (ISAE) 3000 Assurance engagements other than audits or reviews of historical financial information for adherence to the Performance management and reporting framework, consisting of the following:
 - Applicable legislation
 - The Framework for the managing of programme performance information, issued by the National Treasury
 - The Framework for strategic plans and annual performance plans, issued by the National Treasury. This framework is applicable to all national and provincial departments, constitutional institutions and those public entities listed in parts A and C of schedule 3 of the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999) (hereafter referred to as the PFMA).
 - Circulars and guidance issued by the National Treasury and Department of Planning Monitoring & Evaluation regarding the planning, management, monitoring and reporting of performance against predetermined objectives

Auditing of compliance with applicable legislation relating to financial matters, financial management and other related matters – sections 20(2)(b) and 28(1)(b) of the PAA

- 6. In terms of sections 20(2)(b) and 28(1)(b) of the PAA, the auditor's report must reflect an opinion or conclusion on the auditee's compliance with any applicable legislation relating to financial matters, financial management and other related matters. Until such time as the environment shows a state of readiness to provide reasonable assurance in the form of an audit conclusion in the auditor's report, the auditor's report only reflects material findings that come to the attention of the auditor.
- 7. The audit of compliance with legislation is performed in accordance with principles in the applicable ISSAIs.
- 8. The auditor's report reflects material findings on non-compliance with relevant legislation in respect of the following subject matters, as applicable:
 - Strategic planning and performance management
 - Budgets
 - Financial statements, performance and annual reports
 - Audit committees
 - Internal audit
 - Procurement and contract management
 - Human resource management and compensation
 - Expenditure management
 - Transfer of funds
 - Conditional grants received
 - Revenue management

- Asset and liability management
- Consequence management
- Service delivery Education, Health, Public Works, Human Settlements and Social Development
- Monitoring and oversight
- Other matters which, in the auditor's professional judgement, are of sufficient importance to merit inclusion in the auditor's report for communication to those charged with governance.
- 9. The criteria used to evaluate the above subject matters are derived from the applicable legislation, with specific focus on the following:
 - PFMA and regulations and instructions issued in terms of the act
 - Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act No. 56 of 2003) (hereafter referred to as the MFMA) and regulations issued in terms of the act
 - Division of Revenue Act
 - Appropriation Act
 - Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act No. 117 of 1998) and regulations and instructions issued in terms of the act
 - Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act No. 32 of 2000) and regulations and instructions issued in terms of the act
 - Municipal Property Rates Act, 2004 (Act No. 6 of 2004) and regulations and instructions issued in terms of the act
 - Companies Act, 2008 (Act No. 71 of 2008) and regulations and instructions issued in terms of the act
 - Public Service Act, 1994 (Act No. 103 of 1994) and regulations issued in terms of the act
 - Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act, 2000 (Act No. 5 of 2000) and regulations and instructions issued in terms of the act
 - Construction Industry Development Board Act, 2000 (Act No. 38 of 2000) and regulations issued in terms of the act
 - State Information Technology Agency Act, 1998 (Act No. 88 of 1998) and regulations issued in terms of the act
 - Prevention and Combating of Corrupt Activities Act, 2004 (Act No. 12 of 2004)
 - Auditee-specific enabling legislation.

Internal control, as indicated by the reference to financial management in sections 4(1) and (3) of the PAA

- 10. In terms of sections 4(1) and (3) of the PAA, financial management must be audited and reported on. Deficiencies in internal control that resulted in qualification of the opinion on the financial statements and in material findings on the reported information on performance against predetermined objectives and compliance with legislation are reported in the auditor's report under the following headings:
 - Leadership

- Financial and performance management
- Governance
- 11. The criteria used to evaluate internal control are set out in addendum A hereto.

Focus areas - section 13(1)(b) of the PAA

12. Additional specific audit focus areas are identified based on an annual risk assessment and are included in the AGSA's R3: Reporting guide. Material findings arising from the audits are included in the reports to management and in the AGSA's general reports.

Discretionary engagements

- 13. In terms of the PAA, the AGSA may, at its discretion, perform other defined types of engagements, including performance audits, audit-related services, investigations and special audits. In addition to the International Standard on Quality Control (ISQC) 1, Quality control for firms that perform audits and reviews of financial statements, and other assurance and related services engagements, the standards that guide these audits are as follows:
 - Performance audits section 20(3) of the PAA
 - The AGSA may report on whether the auditee's resources were procured economically and utilised efficiently and effectively. These audits are referred to as performance audits. New performance audits are approved by the AGSA's performance audit advisory committee. These audits are conducted in accordance with the applicable ISSAIs and the *Performance audit manual* developed by the AGSA.
 - Audit-related services and special audits section 5(1)(a) and (d) of the PAA
 These audits are conducted in accordance with International Standard on Auditing (ISA) 805 Audits of single financial statements and specific elements, accounts or items of a financial statement, ISAE 3000 Assurance engagements other than audits or reviews of financial information or ISRS 4400 Engagements to perform agreed-upon procedures regarding financial information, as appropriate.
 - Investigations section 5(1)(d) of the PAA

Investigations are conducted in accordance with *Standards and guidelines: Investigations* developed by the AGSA.

Complaints against the AGSA

- 14. The AGSA's *Policy on handling complaints against the AGSA*, in terms of section 13(1)(c) of the PAA, accommodates complaints pertaining to the following:
 - The exercising of powers, the performance of duties and the administration of the AGSA pertaining to the performance of audits and any other functions in terms of section 11 of the PAA
 - Work performed during an audit by the AGSA, authorised auditors and other personnel where it is alleged that such work does not meet professional standards and regulatory and legal requirements
 - Complaints of non-compliance by the AGSA, authorised auditors and other personnel with the AGSA's internal system of quality control

- Complaints pertaining to the Auditor-General as a person.
- 15. Complaints against the AGSA should be addressed in writing to the:

Complaints Manager, Auditor-General of South Africa

Physical address: 300 Middel Street, New Muckleneuk, Pretoria

Postal address: PO Box 446, Pretoria, 0001.

AUDITS OF PUBLIC ENTITIES AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS NOT PERFORMED BY THE AGSA – SECTION 4(3) OF THE PAA

Audits that the Auditor-General has opted not to perform – section 25(1)(a) of the PAA

- 16. In terms of subsections 4(3)(a) and (b) of the PAA, I may audit and report on the accounts, financial statements and financial management of any public entity listed in the PFMA and any other institution not mentioned in section 4(1) of the PAA and which is:
 - funded from the National Revenue Fund or a provincial revenue fund or by a municipality or
 - authorised in terms of any legislation to receive money for a public purpose.
- 17. In terms of section 25(1)(a) of the PAA, I opt not to perform the audits of any auditees referred to in section 4(3) of the PAA, which are not already being audited by me, for the 2015-16 and following financial years, unless advised otherwise by me prior to the start of the auditee's financial year.

Appointment of registered auditors – section 25(1)(b), (2), (3) and (4) of the PAA

- 18. An auditee should proceed to appoint an audit firm registered with the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors (IRBA) as stipulated by section 25(1)(b), read with section 25(4) of the PAA, if not advised before the start of the financial year that the AGSA will perform the audit.
- 19. Before appointing the auditor, the auditee must notify the AGSA business executive responsible for the audit of the controlling department to which the auditee reports of the suggested appointment, including information on the extent of other services that will be provided during the period of the appointment. In this regard, the document *Consultation with the Auditor-General of South Africa on the appointment or discharge of the registered auditor*, attached hereto as addendum B, must be completed. The legislative requirements relating to the auditee are also taken into consideration by the AGSA before consent is provided. The AGSA may consult with the responsible executive authority on the appointment of the audit firm.
- 20. The AGSA consents to the auditee's appointment of the registered auditor within 14 calendar days of receiving the notice, or a longer period as agreed. If no response is received, it can be assumed that the AGSA is in agreement with the appointment. If the suggested appointment is not accepted by the AGSA, the auditee must repeat the process to appoint an auditor.
- 21. Appointments of firms may not be made for periods exceeding one financial year of the auditee.
- 22. The auditee may not appoint alternative auditors if the AGSA has opted to perform the audit or if auditee-specific legislation prescribes that the audit is to be conducted by the AGSA.

Discharge of registered auditors - section 26 of the PAA

- 23. In terms of section 26(1) of the PAA, an auditee may discharge an auditor before the term of appointment expires with the consent of the AGSA and the relevant executive authority, where applicable.
- 24. Before discharging the auditor, the auditee must provide the auditor with:
 - a written notice setting out the reasons for the discharge and
 - an opportunity to make written representations to the AGSA within 20 days of receipt of the notice.
- 25. The auditee must at the same time notify the AGSA of its intention to discharge the appointed auditor by completing the document *Consultation with the Auditor-General of South Africa on the appointment or discharge of the registered auditor*, attached hereto as addendum B, and submitting it to the responsible AGSA business executive.
- 26. The AGSA considers the document and communicates its consent or otherwise to the auditee. The AGSA may consult with the relevant executive authority on this matter.
- 27. The AGSA reports any discharge of an audit firm to the relevant legislature.

Responsibilities of registered auditors - part 2 of chapter 3 of the PAA

- 28. When auditing in the public sector, the auditor must do so in accordance with the requirements, duties and responsibilities as legislated and assigned to him/her in part 2 of chapter 3 of the PAA. The auditor must take cognisance of the content of the PAA and must adhere to the following requirements when auditing auditees where the AGSA has opted not to perform the audit:
 - Appointment of auditors section 25 of the PAA
 - Discharge of auditors section 26 of the PAA
 - Duties and powers of auditors section 27 of the PAA
 - The guidance necessary to conduct audits in the public sector, as well as the format
 and content of the auditor's report, as set out in the AGSA's R3: Reporting guide
 and any other guidance that may be published by the AGSA from time to time –
 section 28(1) of the PAA
 - Submission of the auditor's report to the AGSA section 28(3)(c) of the PAA
 - The requirements of this notice, as applicable.
- 29. To assist auditors in conducting audits in the public sector, auditors should consider the following documents made available by the IRBA that provide a perspective on auditing in the public sector:
 - A guide for registered auditors: Auditing in the public sector
 - A guide for registered auditors: Audit of predetermined objectives
 - South African Auditing Practice Statement (SAAPS) 2, Financial reporting frameworks and the auditor's report
 - SAAPS 3 Illustrative reports

Reference may also be made to the AGSA's website⁴ for additional information.

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⁴ http://www.agsa.co.za

30. Compliance with the provisions of the PAA and this notice in conducting an audit in terms of section 25(1)(b) of the PAA is monitored by the AGSA. In this regard, the appointed auditor must complete the *Monitoring checklist for audits not conducted by the AGSA*, attached hereto as addendum C.

Request for information - sections 27(5) and 28(3)(c) of the PAA

- 31. The AGSA interacts proactively with executive authorities and oversight bodies, such as the parliamentary portfolio and accounts committees. The aim of these engagements is to promote and encourage clean audit outcomes and enhance effective public governance.
- 32. The audit firm may be invited to such meetings and in terms of section 27(5) of the PAA, the AGSA may further request the audit firm to submit any information regarding the audit and/or relevant to such meetings, including the auditor's communications with those charged with governance. The invitation to meetings and/or request for information will be communicated by the contact person in the AGSA business unit responsible for the audit of the controlling department to which the auditee reports.
- 33. In terms of the requirements of section 28(3)(c) of the PAA, read with section 55(1)(d) of the PFMA, and in order to facilitate reporting on the full ministerial portfolio and reporting and analysis in the AGSA's general reports, the audit firm must furnish the responsible contact person, either in hard copy or electronically, with the following as soon as the annual report has been finalised but not later than five months after the financial year-end or as otherwise agreed with the responsible contact person:
 - A copy of the auditor's report, together with a copy of the audited financial statements of the auditee
 - Three copies of the auditee's annual report
 - The completed monitoring checklist (addendum C).

Complaints against registered auditors

- 34. Should a registered auditor appointed in terms of section 25(1)(b) of the PAA be found to be in contravention of the requirements in this notice or any provision of the PAA, the Auditing Profession Act, 2005 (Act No. 26 of 2005) (hereafter referred to as the APA) or any act with which it is his/her duty to comply in his/her capacity as a registered auditor, the AGSA may lodge a complaint of improper conduct against such auditor with the IRBA.
- 35. In addition, a complaint of improper conduct may be lodged with IRBA against a registered auditor appointed in terms of section 25(1)(b) of the PAA if it comes to the attention of the AGSA that the auditor has conducted himself/herself in a manner that is improper, discreditable, unprofessional, dishonourable or unworthy or which brings the accounting profession into disrepute.

AUDITEES FOR WHICH LEGISLATION IS NOT PRESCRIPTIVE IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – SECTION 14(2)(b) OF THE PAA

36. The financial statements of an auditee, as defined in section 1(1) of the PAA, which is not subject to the PFMA, MFMA or any other legislation that is prescriptive in respect of the financial statements, must:

- be prepared in accordance with the Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP) reporting framework issued by the Accounting Standards Board (ASB)⁵ and
- comply with the PFMA requirements applicable to entities as they pertain to the information to be contained in the financial statements, as well as the period within which the financial statements are to be submitted for audit.
- 37. The above requirement regarding the application of the GRAP reporting framework is not applicable where the auditee is not required to prepare full financial statements comprising a statement of financial position, a statement of financial performance, a statement of changes in net assets, a cash flow statement and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

TIMING AND SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION FOR AUDIT PURPOSES – SECTION 15(2)(b) OF THE PAA

- 38. In order to comply with applicable legislated auditing and tabling deadlines in the PFMA and MFMA, as well as to allow adequate time for conducting the audit in accordance with the relevant auditing standards, auditees must adhere to the following:
 - The annual performance reports and all other information to be included in the annual report must be submitted concurrently with the financial statements
 - The trial balance and general ledger that agree to the financial statements, together
 with the supporting asset register, inventory register and subsidiary-ledgers for
 receivables and payables, must be submitted together with the financial statements
 - All documentation and information in support of the financial statements and performance report must be available on request
 - Withdrawal and re-submission of financial statements and performance reports submitted for audit are not permitted; the financial statements and performance reports may only be adjusted for matters identified during the audit.

ASSESSMENT AND RECOGNITION OF THE FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORKS APPLICABLE IN THE PUBLIC SECTOR – SECTION 20(2)(a) OF THE PAA

- 39. The applicable financial reporting framework provides the criteria against which the auditor audits the financial statements. As one of the preconditions for an audit, the auditor is required to determine whether the financial reporting framework applied in preparing the financial statements is acceptable. This is done by considering the requirements of the ISAs and the guidance set out in SAAPS 2: Financial reporting frameworks and the auditor's report. The following financial reporting frameworks are recognised in the public sector and are considered fair presentation frameworks:
 - International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)
 - South African Statements of Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (SA GAAP), until such time as they are withdrawn from application in the public sector by the ASB
 - Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP)
 - The Modified Cash Standard (MCS) prescribed by the National Treasury.

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⁵ http://www.asb.co.za

- 40. Departures or exemptions from the applicable financial reporting framework are granted in terms of sections 79 and 92 of the PFMA, respectively, and sections 170 and 177 of the MFMA, respectively.
- 41. Should an auditee be granted a departure or exemption from the applicable financial reporting framework in accordance with the requirements of the PFMA or MFMA, additional disclosure of the nature and reasons for, and the period of, and an indication of the items affected by the departure or exemption from the applicable financial reporting framework is required in the financial statements to mitigate any possible misunderstanding by the users of the financial statements.
- 42. The departure or exemption may affect the acceptability of the financial reporting framework and as a consequence the wording of our audit opinion. This is assessed on a case-by-case basis in terms of the ISAs.

REPEAL OF PRIOR GOVERNMENT GAZETTES

43. General Notice 263, issued in Government Gazette No. 37505 of 2 April 2014, is hereby withdrawn and replaced by the requirements as set out in this notice.

EFFECTIVE DATE

44. This notice is effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 April 2014 and is applicable until further notice. A similar notice will not necessarily be issued annually.

ENQUIRIES

45. Any enquiry related to this notice should be addressed to the following office:

Business Executive: Audit Research and Development, Auditor-General of South

Africa

Telephone: 012 426 8000

Fax: 012 426 8333

Email: ARDsupport@agsa.co.za

Signed and approved:

T K Makwetu

Auditor-General

ADDENDUM A: CRITERIA USED TO EVALUATE INTERNAL CONTROL

LEADERSHIP

- Provide effective leadership based on a culture of honesty, ethical business practices and good governance, protecting and enhancing the best interests of the auditee.
- Exercise oversight responsibility regarding financial and performance reporting and compliance and related internal controls.
- Implement effective human resource management to ensure that adequate and sufficiently skilled resources are in place and that performance is monitored.
- Establish and communicate policies and procedures to enable and support understanding and execution of internal control objectives, processes and responsibilities.
- Develop and monitor the implementation of action plans to address internal control deficiencies.
- Establish an IT governance framework that supports and enables the business, delivers value and improves performance.

FINANCIAL AND PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT

- Implement proper record keeping in a timely manner to ensure that complete, relevant and accurate information is accessible and available to support financial and performance reporting.
- Implement controls over daily and monthly processing and reconciling of transactions.
- Prepare regular, accurate and complete financial and performance reports that are supported and evidenced by reliable information.
- Review and monitor compliance with applicable legislation.
- Design and implement formal controls over IT systems to ensure the reliability of the systems and the availability, accuracy and protection of information.

GOVERNANCE

- Implement appropriate risk management activities to ensure that regular risk assessments, including consideration of IT risks and fraud prevention, are conducted and that a risk strategy to address the risks is developed and monitored.
- Ensure that there is an adequately resourced and functioning internal audit unit that identifies internal control deficiencies and recommends corrective action effectively.
- Ensure that the audit committee promotes accountability and service delivery through evaluating and monitoring responses to risks and providing oversight over the effectiveness of the internal control environment, including financial and performance reporting and compliance with legislation.

ADDENDUM B: CONSULTATION WITH THE AUDITOR-GENERAL OF SOUTH AFRICA ON THE APPOINTMENT OR DISCHARGE OF THE REGISTERED AUDITOR IN TERMS OF SECTIONS 25 AND 26 OF THE PUBLIC AUDIT ACT, 2004 (ACT NO. 25 OF 2004)

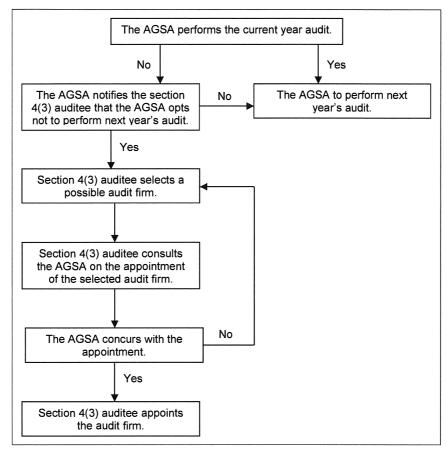
INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETION

- 1. This checklist should be completed and submitted with supporting documentation to the AGSA business executive responsible for the audit of the controlling department to which the auditee reports.
- 2. The checklist should be accompanied by a copy of the auditee's policy on the appointment of auditors and the allocation of non-audit services to auditors.

PARTICULARS OF AUDITEE

Name		
Postal address		
Physical address		
Fax number		
Telephone number		
Email address of chief	financial officer	
Accounting authority chairperson	Name	
	Contact details	
Responsible minister	Name	
(executive authority)	Contact details	
Responsible departme	nt	
Contact person at department		
Financial year in quest	tion	
PFMA schedule (2, 3A,	3B, 3C or 3D)	
Name of holding entity	(if applicable)	

SCHEMATIC ILLUSTRATION OF THE AUDITOR APPOINTMENT PROCESS



APPOINTMENT OF NEW AUDITORS

3.	Name	of the	new	audit	firm

Insert details

4. Anticipated date of appointment:

Insert details

5. Nature of other services to be performed:

Insert details

6. Details of any prior involvement with the auditee, including the costs:

Insert details

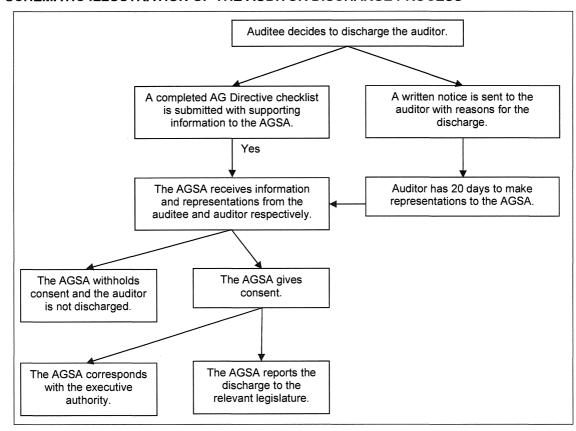
7.	Details of how the quality of the audit firm's work has been assessed, e.g. results of IRBA reviews:		
	Insert details		
8.	Matters that may influence a decision regarding the independence or objectivity or perceived independence of any of the auditors:		
	Insert details		
RE	APPOINTMENT OF AUDITORS		
9.	Name of audit firm to be reappointed:		
	Insert details		
10.	Financial year(s) previously appointed:		
	Insert details		
11.	Provide details of the audit committee's assessment of the effectiveness and efficiency of the performance of the external auditors, including IRBA review results:		
	Insert details		
12.	Provide details of significant disagreements between the external auditors and the accounting authority during the preceding financial year, if any:		
	Insert details		
13.	Indicate any matter that may influence a decision regarding the independence or objectivity or perceived independence of the auditors:		
	Insert details		
14.	Name of the partner in charge of the audit for the last five years:		
	Year Name of partner		
	Fig. 1 State 1 State 2		

	Name of partner
2	
3	
4	
5	
3	

15. Name of the senior audit manager in charge of the audit for the last five years:

Year	The state of the s
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	

SCHEMATIC ILLUSTRATION OF THE AUDITOR DISCHARGE PROCESS



DISCHARGE OF AUDITOR

16. Name of the audit firm discharged:

Insert details	

Insert details		
Costs of audit and n rears:	on-audit services provided by the a	udit firm during the last three
inancial year	The state of the s	
Audit fees		
ees for other serv	rices	
Total fees		
Non-audit fees as ees	a percentage of total	
777		
Nature of services	performed	
Nature of services Provide the notice to	performed the auditor, giving the reasons for currence by the executive authority to	
Nature of services Provide the notice to	the auditor, giving the reasons for currence by the executive authority t	or the planned discharge.
Nature of services Provide the notice to	o the auditor, giving the reasons for	or the planned discharge.

ADDENDUM C: MONITORING CHECKLIST FOR AUDITS NOT CONDUCTED BY THE AGSA

INSTRUCTIONS

1. This checklist should be completed by the appointed audit firm for each audit conducted by it and should be submitted to the contact person in the AGSA business unit responsible for the audit of the controlling department to which the auditee reports within five months of the financial year-end, i.e. 31 August.

INFORMATION REQUIRED

Name of the auditee	
Controlling department	
Type of auditee (schedule number)	
Holding company (if applicable)	
Subsidiaries (if applicable)	
Audit business unit (ABU)	
Business executive	
Engagement firm	
Engagement firm's address	
Engagement firm's contact details	
Engagement partner	
Engagement partner's contact details	

No.	Requirements	Complied Yes/No*/Not applicable	Remarks/Comments
	Public Audit Ac	t, 2004 (Act No.	25 of 2004) (PAA)
1.	All the requirements of the PAA and this general notice were complied with in respect of the following:		
	Appointment of auditors (section 25)		
	Discharge of auditors (section 26)		
	Duties and powers of auditors (section 27)		
2.	The auditor's report to the accounting authority was submitted within the time frame prescribed by the PFMA.		
3.	A copy of the auditor's report, together with a copy of the financial statements, was submitted to the AGSA by		

No.	Requirements	Complied	Remarks/Comments
		Yes/No*/Not applicable	
	31 August.		
4.	Three copies of the annual report were submitted to the AGSA by 31 August.		
	Auditor's	report	
5.	The auditor's report was addressed to the appropriate addressee as per the AGSA guidance.		
6.	The auditor's report distinguished clearly between the report on the financial statements and the report on other legal and regulatory requirements as per the AGSA guidance.		
7.	The auditor's report distinguished between the supplementary information that has not been audited and the financial statements that have been audited by indicating the page numbers relating to the financial statements.		
8.	The auditor's report correctly referred to the accounting authority as the party responsible for the preparation of the financial statements or consolidated financial statements.		
9.	The auditor's report made reference to the correct financial reporting framework for the type of auditee.		
10.	The audit findings on the reported information on performance against predetermined objectives were reported under the following headings (if relevant) in the auditor's report:		
	Presentation of information		
	Usefulness of information		
	Reliability of information		
11.	Findings on compliance with applicable legislation were reported under subject matter headings as per the AGSA reporting guide.		
12.	The auditor's report included a narrative discussion under each of the following three fundamentals of internal control, which reflected the deficiencies in internal control identified during the audit as they relate to the qualifications		

No.	Requirements	Complied	Remarks/Comments
		Yes/No*/Not applicable	
	on the financial statements, as well as the findings on the reported information on performance against predetermined objectives and compliance with applicable legislation as per the AGSA reporting guide:		
	Leadership		
	Financial and performance management		
	Governance		
13.	The auditor's report included information on the following other reports:		
	Investigations		
	Performance audits		
	Agreed-upon procedures engagements		
	Special audits		
	Donor funding		
14.	Separate financial statements were prepared and audited for all subsidiaries		
* W	here a "No" answer is provided, comments	must be included	d below.
	eneral comments by the appointed auditor:	•	
"	nsert details		
L			
Enga	gement partner:		
		(signature)	
Com	pleted by:		
•	- <u> </u>	(name)	

Date:

CONCLUSION (to be completed by the audit business unit

No.	Requirements	Complied	Remarks/ Comments
		Yes/No*	
1.	Did the auditors and auditee satisfy the requirements of sections 25 to 27 of the PAA relating to the following?	10	
	Appointment of auditors		
	Discharge of auditors		
	Duties and powers of auditors		
2.	Has the engagement firm satisfied the reporting requirements of the following?		
	• PAA		
	This general notice		
	AGSA's R3: Reporting guide		
* W	here a "No" answer is provided, comments i	must be include	ed below.

Insert details	
Recommended further	er action in terms of this notice:
Insert details	
Tradition of the DE (CM)	
valuated by BE/SIVI:	
Evaluated by BE/SM:	(signature)
completed by:	(signature)
	(signature) (name)

23

ADDENDUM D: RELEVANT EXTRACTS FROM THE PUBLIC AUDIT ACT

2. Objects of this act

The objects of this Act are -

(b) to provide for the auditing of institutions and accounting entities in the public sector;

4. Constitutional functions

- (1) The Auditor-General must audit and report on the accounts, financial statements and financial management of -
 - (a) all national and provincial state departments and administrations;
 - (b) all constitutional institutions;
 - (c) the administration of Parliament and of each provincial legislature;
 - (d) all municipalities;
 - (e) all municipal entities; and
 - (f) any other institution or accounting entity required by other national or by provincial legislation to be audited by the Auditor-General.
- (2) The Auditor-General must audit and report on the consolidated financial statements of -
 - (a) the national government as required by section 8 of the PFMA;
 - (b) all provincial governments as required by section 19 of the PFMA; and
 - (c) a parent municipality and all municipal entities under its sole or effective control as required by section 122 (2) of the MFMA.
- (3) The Auditor-General may audit and report on the accounts, financial statements and financial management of
 - (a) any public entity listed in the PFMA; and
 - (b) any other institution ... which is -
 - (i) funded from the National Revenue Fund or a Provincial Revenue Fund or by a municipality; or
 - (ii) authorised in terms of any legislation to receive money for a public purpose.

5. Other functions

- (1) The Auditor-General may, at a fee, and without compromising the role of the Auditor-General as an independent auditor, provide
 - (a) audit-related services to an auditee ... or other body, which is commonly performed by a supreme audit institution on condition that -
 - (i) no services may be provided in respect of any matter that may subsequently have to be audited by the Auditor-General;
 - (ii) such service will not directly result in the formulation of policy; and

- (iii) there must be full and proper disclosure of (the categories of) such services (in the report annually submitted by the Auditor-General to the National Assembly).
- (d) carry out an appropriate investigation or special audit of any institution ..., if the Auditor-General considers it to be in the public interest or upon the receipt of a complaint or request.
- (3) The Auditor-General may, in the public interest, report on any matter within the functions of the Auditor-General and submit such a report to the relevant legislature and to any other organ of state with a direct interest in the matter.

11. Application of this part

This part applies to all audits of auditees which the Auditor-General -

- (a) must perform in terms of section 4 (1) or (2); or
- (b) opts to perform in terms of section 4 (3).

13. Standards for audits

- (1) The Auditor-General, after consulting the oversight mechanism, must determine -
 - (a) the standards to be applied in performing audits ...
 - (b) the nature and scope of such audits; and
 - (c) procedures for the handling of complaints when performing such audits.
- (3) The Auditor-General may -
 - (a) make different determinations on the matters mentioned in subsection (1) for different categories of audits based on recognised best practice; or
 - (b) issue specific directives on those matters in any specific case.

14. Submission of financial statements

- (2) Financial statements submitted by an auditee which is not subject to the PFMA or the MFMA must be submitted within the period, be in a format, contain the information and otherwise comply with any requirements determined -
 - (a) by any legislation applicable to that auditee; or
 - (b) in the absence of such legislation, by the Auditor-General.

15. General auditing powers

- (2) The Auditor-General or an authorised auditor may for the purpose of an audit -
 - (b) direct a person to produce or to deliver at a specified place and time and in a specified format -
 - (i) any such document, book or written or electronic record or information ...

20. Audit reports

- (2) An audit report must reflect such opinions and statements as may be required by any legislation applicable to the auditee which is the subject of the audit, but must reflect at least an opinion or conclusion on
 - (a) whether the annual financial statements of the auditee fairly present, in all material respects, the financial position at a specific date and results of its operations and cash flow for the period which ended on that date in accordance with the applicable financial framework and legislation;
 - (b) the auditee's compliance with any applicable legislation relating to financial matters, financial management and other related matters; and
 - (c) the reported information relating to the performance of the auditee against predetermined objectives.
- (3) In addition, the Auditor-General may report on whether the auditee's resources were procured economically and utilised efficiently and effectively.

25. Appointment of auditors

- (1) If the Auditor-General has opted not to perform the audit of an auditee ...
 - (a) the Auditor-General must give notice of his or her decision to that auditee before the start of the auditee's financial year for which the appointment is to be made; and
 - (b) the auditee must appoint as its auditor a person registered in terms of the Public Accountants' and Auditors' Act as an accountant and auditor and engaged in public practice as such.
- (2) Before appointing an auditor in terms of subsection (1), the auditee must give notice of the suggested appointment to the Auditor-General, including information on the extent to which the auditor would provide other services than audit services during the duration of the appointment, and any other information required by the Auditor-General.
- (3) If the Auditor-General, within 14 days of receiving a notice in terms of subsection (2) or such longer period as may be agreed to, rejects the auditee's appointment, the auditee must in terms of that subsection recommence the process to appoint another person as its auditor.
- (4) Appointments in terms of this section may not be for a longer period than one financial year of the auditee.

26. Discharge of auditors

- (1) An auditee ... may discharge an auditor ... before the expiry of that auditor's term of appointment, but only with the consent of the Auditor-General and, if that auditee has an executive authority within the meaning of the PFMA, also of the relevant executive authority.
- (2) If such an auditee intends discharging an auditor in terms of subsection (1), it must -
 - (a) give the auditor notice, in writing, setting out the reasons for the discharge; and
 - (b) give the auditor an opportunity to make representations, in writing, to the Auditor-General within 20 days of receipt of the notice.
- (3) The Auditor-General must report any discharge of an auditor in terms of subsection (1) to the relevant legislature.

27. Duties and powers of auditors

- (1) An auditor ... must perform the functions of office as auditor in terms of section 20 of the Public Accountants' and Auditors' Act.
- (2) In performing those functions as the auditor of an auditee, the auditor has the powers assigned to the Auditor-General in terms of section 15 (of the PAA).
- (3) An auditor may consult the Auditor-General or a person designated by the Auditor-General concerning any matter relating to the auditing of the auditee concerned.
- (4) An auditor -
 - (a) must be given notice of every meeting of the auditee's audit committee, if the auditee has such a committee; and
 - (b) may attend, and participate in, any meeting of such an audit committee at the expense of the auditee.
- (5) The Auditor-General or a person designated by the Auditor-General may request information regarding the audit from an auditor ...

28. Audit reports and other reports

- (1) The report of an auditor ... must reflect such opinions and statements as may be required by any legislation applicable to the auditee which is the subject of the audit, but must reflect at least an opinion or conclusion on -
 - (a) whether the financial statements of the auditee fairly present, in all material respects, the financial position at a specific date and results of its operations and cash flow for the period which ended on that date in accordance with the applicable financial framework and legislation;
 - (b) the auditee's compliance with any applicable legislation relating to financial matters, financial management and other related matters; and
 - (c) the reported information relating to the performance of the auditee against predetermined objectives.
- (3) The auditor must submit copies of the audit report referred to in subsection (1) -
 - (a) to the auditee;
 - (b) if the auditee has an executive authority within the meaning of the PFMA, to that executive authority for submission to the relevant legislature;
 - (c) to the Auditor-General; and
 - (d) to the National Treasury or the relevant provincial treasury, as may be appropriate.