



Western Cape Government
Provincial Treasury

Socio-economic Profile
Bergrivier Municipality

2014

Working paper

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Contents

Bergrivier Municipality at a glance	1
Introduction	3
1. Demographics	4
2. Education	5
3. Health	6
4. Economic performance	7
5. Employment	8
6. Poverty	9
7. Safety and security	10
8. Access to basic services	11
9. Concluding remarks	12
Annexure A: Socio-economic snapshot	13
Annexure B: Access to basic services in municipalities across the Western Cape	15
Annexure C: Crime in municipalities across the West Coast District	16

Tables

Table 1	Education indicators in West Coast District, 2011 - 2014	5
Table 2	Healthcare facilities in West Coast District, 2014	6
Table 3	HIV/AIDS and TB treatment and care in West Coast District, 2012/13 - 2013/14	6
Table 4	Child and maternal health in West Coast District, 2014	7
Table 5	Bergrivier sectoral growth, 2000 - 2013	8
Table 6	Net employment in Bergrivier, 2000 - 2013	9
Table 7	Household income across municipalities, West Coast District, 2011	10
Table 8	Access to minimum basic services, 2011 - 2013	11

Figures

Figure 1	Population projections	4
Figure 2	Population age distribution, 2013	5
Figure 3	Non-metropolitan municipal contribution to real GDP growth and size in the Province, 2000 - 2013	7
Figure 4	Unemployment rates, 2001 - 2011	8
Figure 5	Percentage of households living in poverty, 2001 - 2010	9
Figure 6	Crime in Bergrivier Municipality, 2004/05 to 2013/14	11

Bergrivier Municipality

Bergrivier Municipality at a glance

POPULATION

Population size (2013)	63 900
Share of District population (2013)	15.8 per cent
Average annual population growth 2011 - 2017	2.7 per cent

ECONOMY

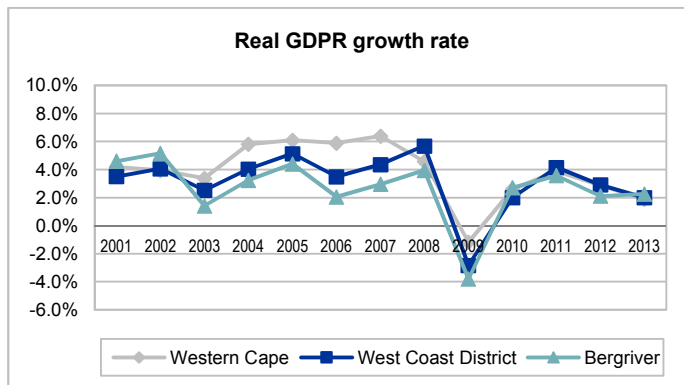
Regional Gross Domestic Product 2013 (2005 constant prices)
R1 505 million

Share of District economy

13.22 per cent

Top 3 contributing sectors (GVA, 2013)

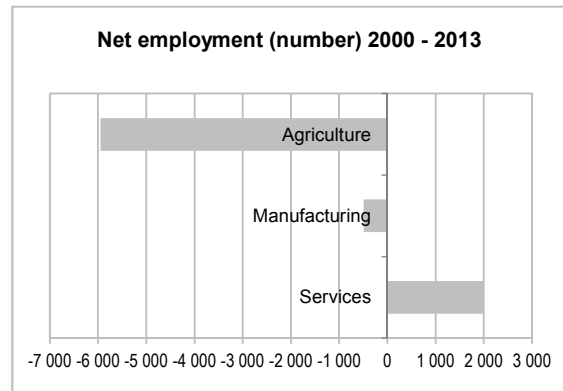
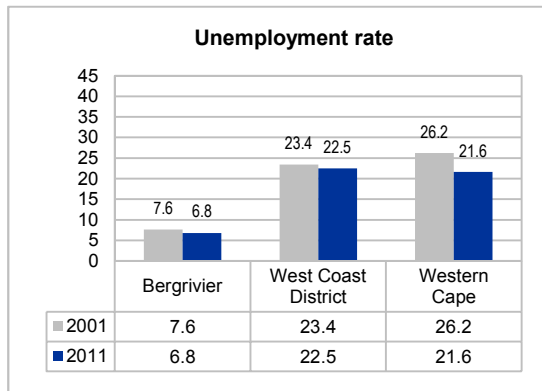
Agriculture, forestry and fishing (20.6%)
Wholesale and retail trade, catering and accommodation (22.5%)
Finance, insurance, real estate and business services (18.4%)



Real GDP growth yoy % per sector

Sector	Trend 2000 - 2013	Recovery 2010 - 2013
Agriculture	-2.1	-0.4
Manufacturing	4.0	2.4
Services	4.7	3.9

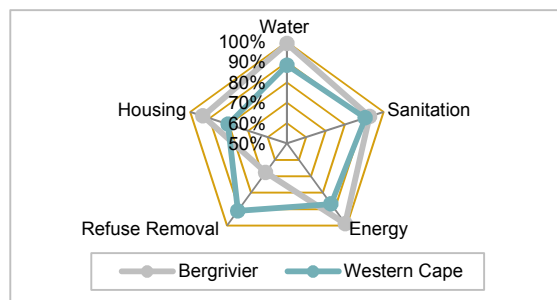
LABOUR MARKET



DEVELOPMENT

Indicator	Bergrivier	Western Cape
Literacy rate (2011)	76.4%	87.2%
Poverty rate (2010)	33.8%	22.1%
Human Development Index (2012)	0.66	0.71
Gini coefficient (2012)	0.59	0.60

ACCESS TO BASIC SERVICES, 2013

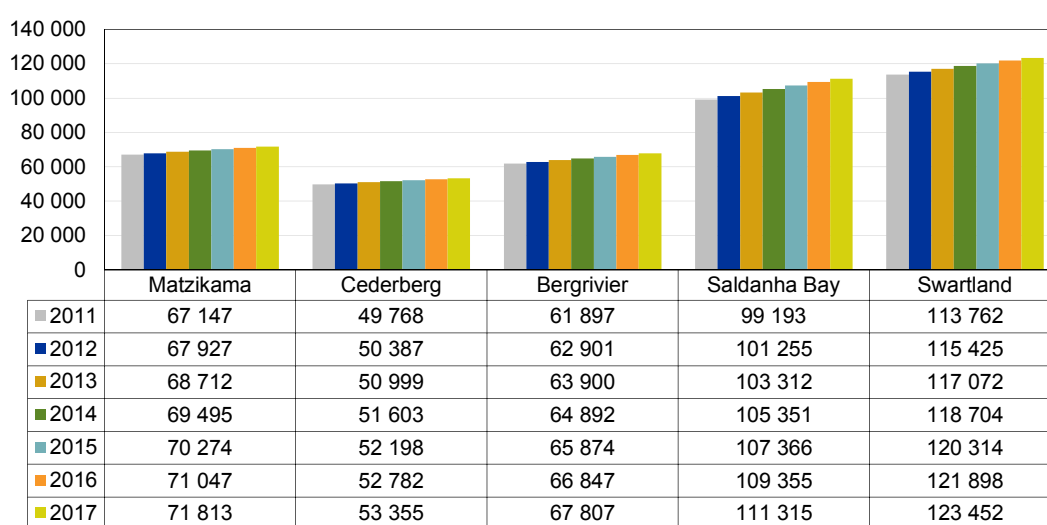


1. Demographics

As per Census 2011, the Western Cape population composes of 11.25 per cent of the total population of the country with 5.8 million persons, having increased from 4.5 million in 2001. Thus the Western Cape population grew at a rate of 2.6 per cent per annum between 2001 and 2011. This is faster than the national population growth rate of 1.5 per cent and is largely due to immigration to the Western Cape, where individuals believe they can obtain jobs and better standards of living.

In relation to Average Annual Growth for the period 2001 - 2011, Bergrivier recorded a figure of 2.9 per cent which is tied with Matzikama and lagging behind the District average of 3.3 per cent.

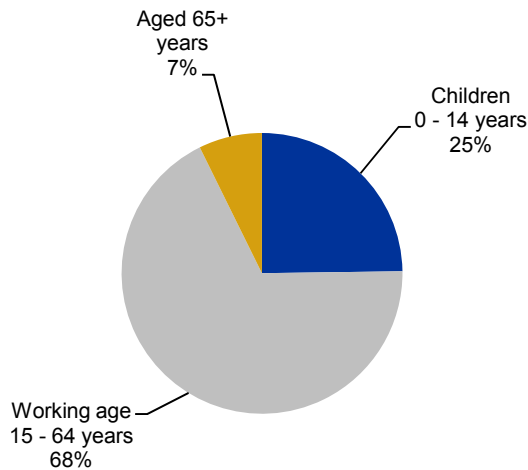
Figure 1 Population projections



Source: Western Cape Department of Social Development, 2014

The projections for 2014 are in line with the prevailing trends for the past decade. The economically strong municipalities of Saldanha Bay and Swartland display negligible increases for the period 2013 – 2017. Bergrivier Municipality shows a steady increase in projected population numbers from 63 900 persons in 2013 to 67 807 persons in 2017. Naturally, this has implications on socio-economic indicators and the general economic climate within the Bergrivier region with various municipal policies to accommodate this important factor.

Figure 2 Population age distribution, 2013



Source: Western Cape Department of Social Development, 2014

In relation to the Age Distribution within the Bergrivier Municipality, the working age segment of the population accounts for 68 per cent while 25 per cent is attributable to the 'children' category and 7 per cent making up the 'Aged' category. From an economic standpoint, the labour force appeared to be well endowed with a fair representation of youth. The 'Aged' category is naturally small in comparison.

2. Education

The literacy rate¹ in the Western Cape is 87.2 per cent which is higher than the literacy rate in the country as a whole of 80.9 per cent. The West Coast District compares favourably to Cape Winelands (81.7 per cent), Overberg (81.1 per cent) and Eden (82.6 per cent) in terms of overall literacy. Bergrivier Municipality has the second lowest literacy rate compared to all municipalities in the West Coast District at 76.4.

Table 1 Education indicators in West Coast District, 2011 - 2014

West Coast District	Learner enrolment (Gr 1-12 + LSEN)		Average Learner teacher ratio		Average Dropout rate	Drop in FET phase	% Matric pass rate			% Literacy rate	No. of schools with libraries		No. of no fees schools	
	2013	2014	2012	2014	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2014	2012	2014
Bergrivier	8 027	8 015	26.9	27.5	40.0%	28.9%	89.5	89.1	85.2	76.4	9	9	11	11
Cederberg	7 533	7 455	27.8	27.9	41.6%	28.3%	97.9	90.9	91.6	73.2	8	8	20	18
Matzikama	9 759	10 059	26.2	26.9	40.5%	44.6%	86.9	88.0	92.0	76.4	14	14	24	24
Saldanha Bay	15 045	16 521	26.5	28.5	33.2%	33.0%	92.7	86.4	90.5	86.7	10	10	5	5
Swartland	16 407	16 950	28.0	28.9	32.9%	28.3%	82.7	85.2	85.3	78.0	20	20	20	20

Source: Western Cape Education Department, 2014

The learner enrolment figures declined marginally from 8 090 to 8 027 learners between 2012 and 2013 while the learner-teacher ratio increased to 27.5 per cent in 2013 from 26.9 per cent in 2012. A worrisome figure is the average dropout rate of 40.0 per cent in 2012 while the Matric pass rate has declined somewhat to 85.2 per cent in 2013.

¹ The literacy rate is an indication of the levels of education and skill in the economy. It measures the proportion of persons aged 15 years and older with an education qualification of higher than Grade 7.

3. Health

3.1 Healthcare facilities

Table 2 Healthcare facilities in West Coast District, 2014

Regional area	Community Health Centres	Community Day Centres	Number of PHC clinics - fixed	Number of PHC clinics - non-fixed (Satellites)	Number of PHC clinics - non-fixed (mobiles)	Total number of PHC facilities (Fixed Clinics, CHCs and CDCs)	Number of district hospitals	Number of regional hospitals
Matzikama	0	0	5	9	4	5	1	0
Cederberg	0	0	6	0	4	6	2	0
Bergrivier	0	0	3	5	4	3	2	0
Saldanha Bay	0	0	8	2	2	8	1	0
Swartland	0	1	4	6	4	5	1	0
West Coast	0	1	26	22	18	27	7	0

Source: Western Cape Department of Health, 2014

Bergrivier accounts for the third highest number of Healthcare facilities in the West Coast District (2014) with a total of 14 compared to the 19 of Matzikama which recorded the highest figure for healthcare facilities. Non-fixed satellite clinics (5), non-fixed mobile clinics (4) and district hospitals (2) compared favourably when measured against surrounding West Coast District municipalities.

Table 3 HIV/AIDS and TB treatment and care in West Coast District, 2012/13 - 2013/14

Regional area	HIV - Anti-retroviral treatment			Tuberculosis		
	ART patient load March 2013	ART patient load March 2014	Number of ART clinics/ treatment sites 2014	Number of TB patients 2012/13	Number of TB patients 2013/14	Number of TB clinics/ treatment sites 2014
Matzikama	569	812	7	1 004	1 015	23
Cederberg	880	1063	5	557	599	12
Bergrivier	466	601	9	395	425	16
Saldanha Bay	1 435	1779	5	852	867	15
Swartland	1 211	1298	13	700	667	19
West Coast	4 561	5553	39	3 508	3 573	85

Source: Western Cape Department of Health, 2014

The Antiretroviral treatment (ART) patient load is the lowest across the West Coast District at 601 in March 2014. However, this figure represents a considerable jump from the 466 in March 2013. Bergrivier accounts for 9 of the 39 ART clinics which appear to be high in relation to neighbouring municipalities with higher ART patient loads.

The number of Tuberculosis (TB) patients (425) recorded in 2013/14 displays a similar trend to the ART patient load with an increase from 395 the previous year. The number of TB clinics in Bergrivier (16) is more or less consistent with the number of TB patients, albeit a significant increase has been witnessed which is worrisome.

Table 4 Child and maternal health in West Coast District, 2014

Regional area	Child health			Maternal health				
	Full immunisation coverage rate	Number of severely malnourished children under 5 years	Severe malnutrition for children < 5 years per 100 000 population	Maternal mortality per 100 000 live births	Number of deliveries to women under 18 years	Delivery rate woman under 18 years	Number of Termination of Pregnancies performed	Termination of Pregnancy per 100 000 population
Matzikama	90.2	9	159	114	77	8.7	53	361
Cederberg	101.1	30	744	0	66	10.0	64	646
Bergrivier	93.7	1	24	0	59	11.8	20	170
Saldanha Bay	95.4	31	358	0	99	6.3	119	505
Swartland	102.9	4	57	75	114	8.5	96	514
West Coast	96.7	75	254	39	415	8.4	352	448

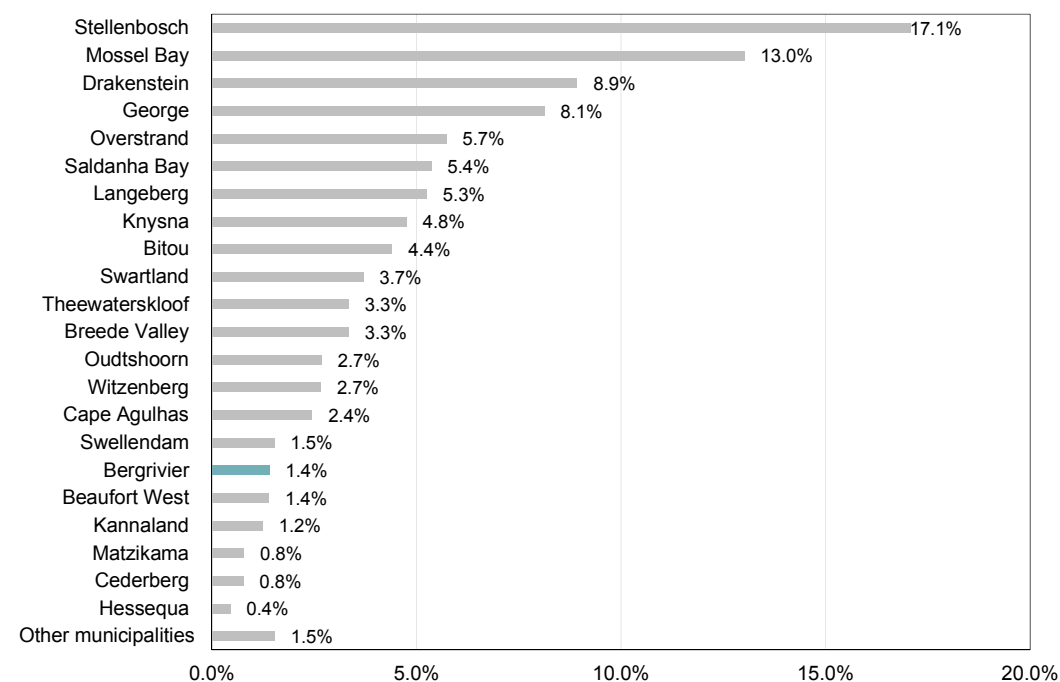
Source: Western Cape Department of Health, 2014

General speaking, Child and maternal healthcare in Bergrivier display an encouraging picture for 2014, except for full immunisation coverage (93.7 per cent). For the remaining selected categories of child and healthcare, the recorded statistics are notably lower than surrounding municipalities – Severe Malnutrition (24), Number of deliveries (59) and Number of termination of pregnancies (20) compare favourably with District statistics for these respective categories.

4. Economic performance

The West Coast District (WCD) real economic growth disappointed somewhat over the 2000s, i.e. when compared to economic growth in the Cape Metro and the other Western Cape districts – the average real GDP growth rate of 3.3 per cent per annum (2000 to 2011) was dragged down by a gradual contraction in the Agriculture, forestry and fishing sector (-0.4 per cent per annum).

Figure 3 Non-metropolitan municipal contribution to real GDP growth and size in the Province, 2000 - 2013



Source: Quantec Research 2014 (MERO 2014)

In relation to the municipal percentage contribution to the Province's growth and size (MERO 2014), Bergrivier accounts for 1.4 per cent of the total for the period 2000 – 2013. This places the economic challenges of the Municipality into context as well as the primary nature of activity which prevails. Linkages to the Saldanha Bay IDZ and surrounding economic roleplayers of Swartland will be vital in growing the economy and improving general levels of development.

Table 5 Bergrivier sectoral growth, 2000 - 2013

Regional area	Agricultural trend	Manufacturing trend	Services trend
	2000 - 2013	2000 - 2013	2000 - 2013
Matzikama	-0.3	0.6	3.3
Cederberg	-1	1	4.5
Bergrivier	-2.1	4	4.7
Saldanha Bay	3.4	-1.7	6.8
Swartland	0.3	2	5.2
Former West Coast DMA	3.8	21.5	7.6
Total West Coast real GDP sector growth	-0.2	0.8	5.4

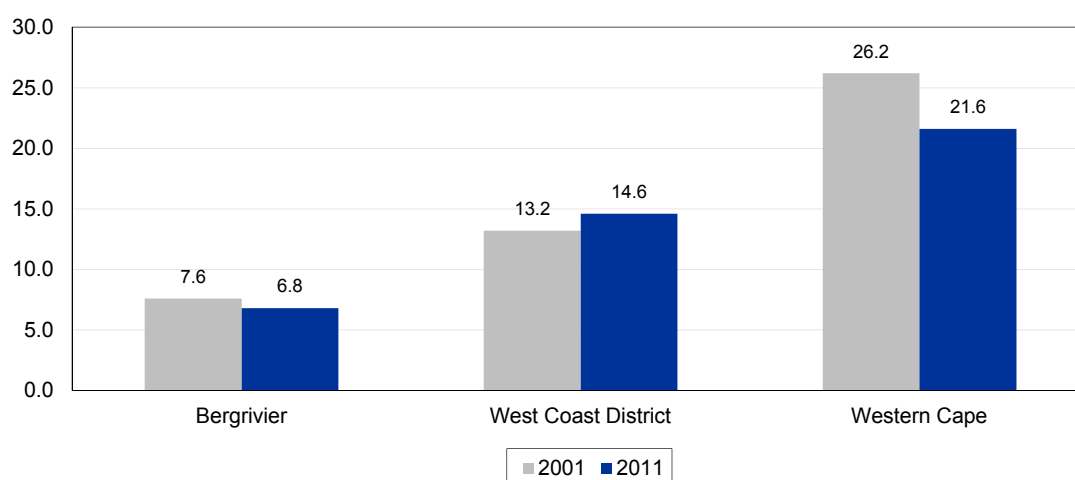
Source: Quantec Research 2014 (MERO 2014)

In relation to sectoral growth, Bergrivier's economic performance (-2.1 per cent) falls considerably short of Saldanha Bay's growth rate of 3.4 per cent respectively for Agriculture. Manufacturing activity appears to be robust at 4 per cent while Services recorded a steady 4.7 per cent for the assessed period. Manufacturing in particular is a cause for some optimism given the skill profile of the workforce as well as the labour absorption capabilities manufacturing activity exhibits.

5. Employment

The size of Bergrivier's labour force is 25 493 people of which 23 761 is employed and 1 732 unemployed. The Bergrivier labour force constitutes 41.1 per cent of the population of the municipal area and 15.4 per cent of the West Coast labour force.

Figure 4 Unemployment rates, 2001 - 2011



Source: Statistics South Africa Census 2001 and 2011

The unemployment rate was recorded at 6.8 per cent in 2011, down from 7.6 per cent in 2001. The unemployment rate is the lowest compared to other municipalities within the West Coast region and substantially lower than the average for the District and the Province.

Table 6 Net employment in Bergrivier, 2000 - 2013

Regional area	Change in net employment (number)		
	Agricultural trend	Manufacturing trend	Services trend
	2000 - 2013	2000 - 2013	2000 - 2013
Matzikama	-3 260	-100	410
Cederberg	-3 910	-610	1 890
Bergrivier	-5 950	-490	2 000
Saldanha Bay	-2 190	-4 860	9 380
Swartland	-4 370	-1 680	2 000
Former West Coast DMA	-100	100	570
Total West Coast	-19 800	-7 600	16 200

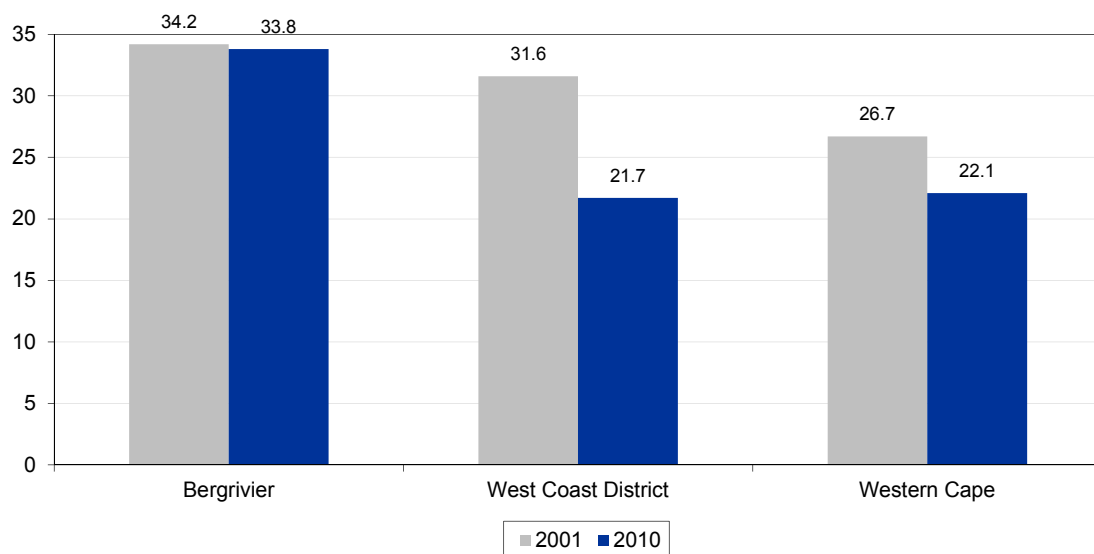
Source: Quantec Research 2014 (MERO 2014)

The biggest net job losses occurred in the Agriculture, forestry and fishing sector (5 950) and Manufacturing (490). This is in contrast to the performance of the Manufacturing sector for the same period under review as mentioned previously. Again, the highly skilled Services sector has created a considerable amount of job opportunities when compared to similar economies of surrounding municipalities.

6. Poverty

Poverty levels have improved marginally in Bergrivier from 2001 to 2010, but remain alarmingly high despite the low levels of unemployment in Bergrivier.

Figure 5 Percentage of households living in poverty, 2001 - 2010



Source: IHS Global Insight, 2010

The poverty levels in Bergrivier far outweigh that of the District and Province. The District and Province have also recorded significant improvements in its poverty levels.

Table 7 Household income across municipalities, West Coast District, 2011

West Coast District	None income	R1 - R4 800	R4 801 - R9 600	R9 601 - R19 600	R19 601 - R38 200	R38 201 - R76 400	R76 401 - R153 800	R153 801 - R307 600	R307 601 - R614 400	R614 001 - R1 228 800	R1 228 801 - R2 457 600	R2 457 601+
Matzikama	8.2%	1.9%	3.3%	17.6%	24.7%	17.8%	11.8%	8.6%	4.4%	1.0%	0.4%	0.2%
Cederberg	9.5%	1.9%	3.2%	17.8%	25.4%	21.1%	10.6%	6.4%	3%	0.8%	0.3%	0.2%
Bergrivier	9.3%	1.4%	1.9%	13.5%	22.3%	22.4%	14%	9.1%	4.4%	0.8%	0.4%	0.4%
Saldanha Bay	13.9%	2.4%	4%	10.7%	17.4%	16.7%	15.2%	11.5%	6.1%	1.5%	0.4%	0.3%
Swartland	10.5%	1.7%	2.6%	13.4%	21.7%	20.1%	13%	9.5%	5.5%	1.5%	0.4%	0.2%

Source: Statistics South Africa Census 2011

Household income within the Bergrivier Municipality is concentrated around the R9 601 – R19 600 (13.5 per cent), R19 601 – R38 200 (22.3 per cent), and R38 201 – R76 400 (22.4 per cent) per annum income bands. This is consistent with the West Coast region's surrounding municipalities who are concentrated in similar income groups. However, the proportion of households vary significantly across municipalities with Saldanha Bay and Swartland leading the way in this area given the size of their dominant economies across the region.

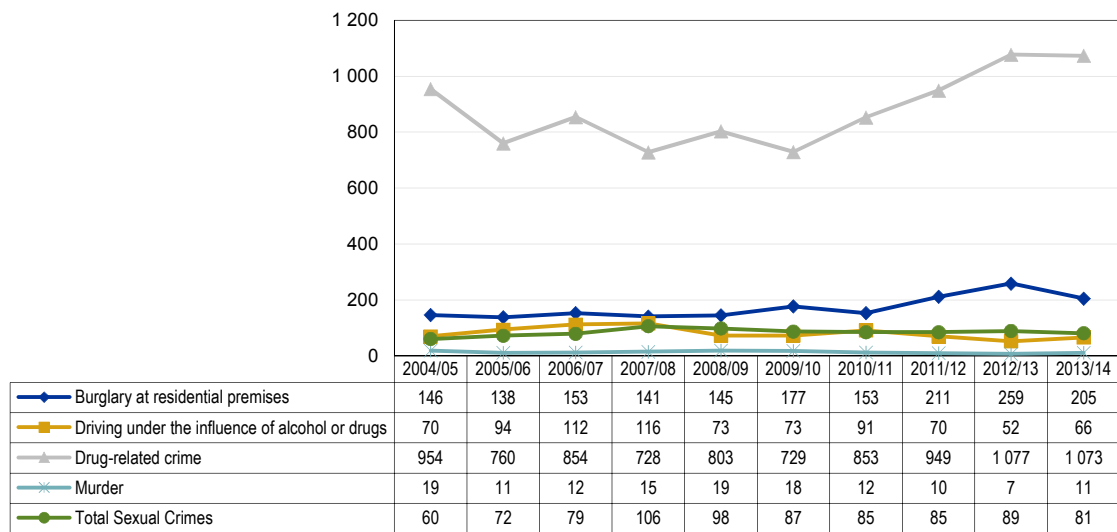
7. Safety and security

The safety of persons and property is vitally important to the physical and emotional well-being of people and business. Without the respect of person and property, it would be impossible for people to live peacefully, without fear of attack and for businesses to flourish.

Crime has a significant impact on the economy. It can hamper growth and discourage investment and capital accumulation. If it is not tackled with seriousness, it has the potential to derail both social and economic prosperity.

Peoples' general impressions, as well as the official statistics on safety and crime issues mould perceptions of areas as living spaces or place in which to establish businesses. The discussion in this section that follows is limited to the reported contact and property-related crime such as murder and sexual crimes, as well as crime heavily dependent on police action for detecting drug-related crimes and driving under the influence of alcohol/drugs; these are detailed in the figure below.

Figure 6 Crime in Bergvriër Municipality, 2004/05 to 2013/14



Source: South African Police Service, 2013/14

Drug-related crime appears to be a significant cause for concern with 1 073 cases reported in 2013/14 having peaked at 1 077 cases in 2012/13. Given the rural nature of the economy and the associated socio-economic challenges that typify the Bergvriër topography, the surge in drug-related crime is a worrying factor. Burglaries at residential premises remain peaked at 259 cases in 2012/13 and dropped to 205 cases in 2013/14.

Sexual crimes have stabilised at below the 90 cases mark since 2009/10 whilst driving under influence of alcohols/drugs and murders have been trending downwards despite rises over the past two years.

8. Access to basic services

All South Africans have a right to access basic services such as housing, water, electricity, sanitation, and waste removal in line with the Bill of Rights.

Table 8 Access to minimum basic services, 2011 - 2013

Regional area	Water		Sanitation		Energy		Refuse removal		Housing	
	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
West Coast District	98.4%	98.3%	87.4%	87.4%	94.5%	94.4%	76.5%	76.6%	88.5%	88.3%
Matzikama	96.4%	96.4%	70.1%	70.0%	88.8%	88.7%	68.0%	76.6%	89.1%	88.9%
Cederberg	97.8%	97.8%	82.6%	82.5%	89.3%	89.2%	58.2%	58.2%	88.2%	88.0%
Bergvriër	98.4%	98.4%	89.8%	89.8%	94.8%	94.7%	67.1%	58.2%	94.5%	94.5%
Saldanha Bay	99.2%	99.2%	96.2%	96.2%	97.1%	97.1%	96.5%	96.5%	82.1%	81.8%
Swartland	99.0%	99.0%	90.8%	90.7%	97.7%	97.7%	76.1%	76.1%	91.3%	91.2%

Water: Piped water on community stand less than 200 m from dwelling
 Sanitation: Flush toilet with septic tank
 Energy: Electricity
 Refuse removal: Removed by local authority at least once a week
 Housing: Formal dwelling

Source: Quantec Research, 2014

Much improvement has been shown in the provision of all basic services within Bergrivier from 2001 to 2011. The Access to Basic Services has showed little movement for the period 2011 – 2013. Water (98.4 per cent), Sanitation (89.8 per cent) and Energy (94.7 per cent) has remained relatively unchanged in 2013 while Refuse Removal (58.2 per cent) has regressed notably from the 2011 level of 67.1 per cent to 58.2 per cent in 2013. Housing has shown no change at 94.5 per cent. Thus refuse removal appears to be the biggest basic service delivery issue in Bergrivier.

The Municipality's biggest strength lies in water provision and energy provision as levels of access is the highest in the Bergrivier. Nevertheless, there is still room for improvement in terms of refuse removal at Bergrivier Municipality. This is crucial to improve the quality of life of households in the municipal area.

9. Concluding remarks

The developmental challenges facing the Bergrivier Municipality are real and many. As per the above analysis, the following areas require immediate intervention and policy shifts to support the numbers recorded to date:

1. Education – the low literacy rates when compared to District and provincial averages, high dropout rates and declining matric pass rates.
2. Health – lower than average immunisation rates, increasing HIV/AIDs and TB patient loads and high teenage pregnancy rates.
3. Economic performance – the largest contraction throughout the WCD economy for the Agriculture, forestry and fishing sector was witnessed in Bergrivier (-2.7 per cent) for the assessed period.
4. Poverty – The higher than average poverty rate when compared to District averages.
5. Crime – upsurge in drug-related crimes and burglaries at residential premises
6. Basic Service Delivery – the extremely low figures recorded for Refuse Removal.

Annexure A

Socio-economic snapshot

Regional area	Population size			Unemployment rate		Youth unemployment		GDP (2013)		Growth Potential of Towns Study: Infrastructure Index 2013	Average household Income 2011 Stats SA											
	2001	2011	Average annual growth (2000-2011)	2001	2011	2001	2011	GDP (R'000)	Real GDP growth (2000-2013)		None income	R1 - R4 800	R1 - R4 800	R5 600 - R9 600	R10 600 - R19 600	R19 600 - R38 200	R38 200 - R76 400	R76 400 - R153 800	R153 800 - R307 600	R307 600 - R614 400	R614 400 - R1 228 801	R1 228 801 - R2 457 600
City of Cape Town	2 893 247	3 740 026	2.6%	29.2	23.9	36.8	31.9	185 682	4.1%	High	13.7%	2.7%	4%	10.6%	16%	14.5%	13%	11.9%	8.7%	3.6%	0.9%	0.5%
West Coast District	282 673	391 766	3.3%	13.2	14.6	17.3	18.2	11 382	3.3%	Low	8.2%	1.9%	3.3%	17.6%	24.7%	17.8%	11.8%	8.6%	4.4%	1.0%	0.4%	0.2%
Matzikama	50 207	67 147	2.9%	16.5	14.0	22.7	19.3	1 738	2.9%	Low	9.5%	1.9%	3.2%	17.8%	25.4%	21.1%	10.6%	6.4%	3%	0.8%	0.3%	0.2%
Cederberg	39 320	49 768	2.4%	10.2	10.5	13.3	13.8	1 013	2.2%	Medium	9.3%	1.4%	1.9%	13.5%	22.3%	22.4%	14%	9.1%	4.4%	0.8%	0.4%	0.4%
Bergvriër	46 330	61 897	2.9%	7.6	6.8	10.0	9.6	1 505	2.7%	High	13.9%	2.4%	4%	10.7%	17.4%	16.7%	15.2%	11.5%	6.1%	1.5%	0.4%	0.3%
Saldanha Bay	70 439	99 193	3.5%	21.5	23.4	26.8	30.4	3 655	4.4%	High	10.5%	1.7%	2.6%	13.4%	21.7%	20.1%	13%	9.5%	5.5%	1.5%	0.4%	0.2%
Swartland	72 118	113 762	4.7%	10.2	12.7	13.6	17.9	3 314	3.5%	High	6.4%	1.9%	4%	18.5%	25.8%	20.9%	10.4%	6.8%	3.9%	0.9%	0.3%	0.2%
Cape Winelands District	629 490	787 490	2.3%	17.0	14.2	22.2	17.1	30 160	3.9%	Low	13%	1.7%	3.1%	10.7%	17.2%	18.4%	13.9%	11%	7.4%	2.5%	0.7%	0.4%
Witzenberg	83 570	115 946	3.3%	13.6	7.6	17.3	9.9	2 616	3.0%	Medium	20.6%	2.1%	3.5%	10.2%	16.5%	15.5%	11.5%	8.5%	6.6%	3.3%	1%	0.7%
Draakenstein	194 416	251 262	2.8%	22.8	17.6	29.5	24.6	9 405	2.9%	High	12%	1.7%	2.9%	14.9%	22.2%	19%	12.6%	8.5%	4.7%	1%	0.3%	0.2%
Stellenbosch	117 715	155 733	2.8%	16.9	15.2	23.1	21.5	10 117	5.1%	Medium	9.7%	2.3%	4.4%	15.5%	24.9%	20%	11%	7.3%	3.6%	0.8%	0.2%	0.2%
Breede Valley	146 034	166 825	1.3%	19.7	14.4	25.0	14.4	4 419	2.3%	Medium	11.8%	1.8%	3.4%	17.7%	22.9%	19.1%	11.4%	7%	3.6%	0.9%	0.2%	0.2%
Langeberg	81 274	97 724	1.9%	12.2	11.3	16.0	15.1	3 446	4.6%	Medium	18.4%	2.9%	4.1%	12%	17.4%	15.6%	13.7%	10.3%	5.2%	1.7%	0.4%	0.3%
Overberg District	203 520	258 176	2.4%	17.5	17.0	22.4	21.4	8 083	5.2%	Medium	9.6%	1.3%	2.5%	12.7%	22.8%	19.9%	14.2%	10.6%	4.7%	1.2%	0.3%	0.2%
Theewaterskloof	93 276	108 790	1.6%	18.6	14.9	18.6	19.8	2 873	3.6%	High	7.9%	1.7%	3%	14.1%	22.5%	22.5%	14.3%	9%	3.6%	0.9%	0.3%	0.3%
Overstrand	55 735	80 432	3.7%	22.0	23.3	29.3	31.1	2 766	6.3%	High	7.9%	1.7%	3%	14.1%	22.5%	22.5%	14.3%	9%	3.6%	0.9%	0.3%	0.3%
Cape Agulhas	26 183	33 038	2.4%	13.6	13.8	19.5	19.5	1 400	5.3%	High	17.4%	2.8%	4.1%	12.5%	18%	15.4%	13.2%	10.5%	5.5%	1.7%	0.5%	0.4%
Swellendam	28 077	35 916	2.5%	15.7	11.4	22.1	15.0	1 021	4.6%	Medium	12.1%	2.6%	4.4%	13.2%	19.4%	17.3%	12.7%	9.8%	6%	1.7%	0.5%	0.3%
Eden District	454 919	574 265	2.4%	23.4	22.5	31.2	29.3	20 362	5.2%	Medium	9%	2.3%	4.5%	16.3%	23.7%	18.9%	11.5%	8.4%	4.2%	0.8%	0.3%	0.2%
Kannaland	23 975	24 767	0.3%	13.9	17.3	19.6	22.7	716	5.1%	Low	18.1%	4.4%	5.5%	16.4%	19.7%	13.8%	9%	6.7%	4%	1.5%	0.5%	0.4%
Hessesqua	44 108	52 642	1.8%	14.0	14.1	19.8	18.5	1 057	1.3%	High	16.4%	3.3%	4.3%	13.8%	18.8%	15%	11.1%	8.8%	5.6%	1.9%	0.6%	0.4%
Mossel Bay	71 498	89 430	2.3%	24.7	22.9	32.5	29.9	5 651	7.5%	High	8%	2.4%	4.7%	20.1%	28.1%	18.6%	9.3%	5.8%	2.1%	0.5%	0.2%	0.2%
George	135 402	193 672	3.6%	27.8	20.7	34.5	27.6	6 149	4.0%	High	7.9%	1.7%	3%	14.1%	22.5%	22.5%	14.3%	9%	3.6%	0.9%	0.3%	0.3%
Oudtshoorn	84 691	95 933	1.3%	33.7	25.3	43.4	35.9	2 297	3.5%	Medium	17.4%	2.8%	4.1%	12.5%	18%	15.4%	13.2%	10.5%	5.5%	1.7%	0.5%	0.4%
Bitou	29 180	49 162	5.4%	26.3	30.1	33.4	37.9	1 662	7.7%	Low	12.1%	2.6%	4.4%	13.2%	19.4%	17.3%	12.7%	9.8%	6%	1.7%	0.5%	0.3%
Knysna	51 475	68 659	2.9%	28.3	24.8	35.1	32.3	2 507	5.6%	Medium	9%	2.3%	4.5%	16.3%	23.7%	18.9%	11.5%	8.4%	4.2%	0.8%	0.3%	0.2%
Central Karoo District	60 482	71 011	1.6%	33.2	22.7	43.7	27.3	1 586	4.0%	Low	18.1%	4.4%	5.5%	16.4%	19.7%	13.8%	9%	6.7%	4%	1.5%	0.5%	0.4%
Langsburg	6 679	8 289	2.2%	26.3	17.9	37.0	22.0	145	2.3%	Low	16.4%	3.3%	4.3%	13.8%	18.8%	15%	11.1%	8.8%	5.6%	1.9%	0.6%	0.4%
Prince Albert	10 518	13 136	2.2%	35.0	19.4	44.5	25.4	225	4.0%	Low	5.3%	2%	2.9%	20.9%	25.4%	21.8%	11%	6.6%	2.9%	0.7%	0.5%	0%
Beaufort West	37 110	49 586	2.9%	38.2	25.5	49.7	34.5	1 087	3.8%	Medium	6.3%	3.3%	6.1%	19.6%	26.7%	17.1%	9.4%	6.5%	3.6%	0.8%	0.3%	0.3%

Regional area	Literacy rate		Poverty rate		Human Development Index		Gini coefficient		ART patient load			Population <1 year fully immunised			
	2001	2011	2001	2010	2001	2011	2001	2012	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014	
City of Cape Town	85.0%	90.5%	23.9%	19.7%	0.71	0.74	0.60	0.59	0.59	85 791	99 233	116 421	87.5%	89.5%	76.6%
West Coast District	71.0%	79.1%	32.0%	30.4%	0.63	0.67	0.59	0.58	0.59	3 547	4 561	5 553	97.1%	96.3%	96.7%
Matzikama	69.0%	76.4%	35.3%	31.7%	0.62	0.67	0.60	0.59	0.60	462	569	812	103.2%	105.4%	90.2%
Cederberg	66.0%	73.2%	41.2%	42.7%	0.59	0.64	0.62	0.60	0.61	686	880	1 063	91.0%	93.5%	101.1%
Bergviver	70.0%	76.4%	34.2%	33.8%	0.61	0.66	0.56	0.58	0.59	343	466	601	93.1%	97.9%	93.7%
Saldanha Bay	79.0%	86.7%	22.3%	23.3%	0.67	0.71	0.57	0.55	0.56	1 127	1 435	1 779	85.1%	88.4%	95.4%
Swartland	69.0%	78.0%	32.8%	26.8%	0.62	0.66	0.58	0.59	0.60	929	1 211	1 298	118.2%	104.2%	102.9%
Cape Winelands District	72.0%	81.7%	30.9%	25.7%	0.63	0.69	0.60	0.58	0.59	11 830	14 170	17 463	90.0%	91.8%	100.2%
Witzenberg	65.0%	75.5%	29.8%	27.4%	0.58	0.65	0.59	0.59	0.59	1 678	2 008	2 786	73.2%	79.1%	66.7%
Drakenstein	77.0%	84.8%	27.2%	20.7%	0.65	0.70	0.59	0.56	0.57	4 103	4 627	5 276	99.8%	170.9%	105.5%
Stellenbosch	80.0%	84.9%	34.6%	25.8%	0.66	0.71	0.62	0.60	0.61	2 360	2 940	3 574	95.0%	94.0%	93.3%
Brede Valley	71.0%	82.1%	31.5%	27.0%	0.62	0.68	0.59	0.58	0.59	2 697	3 358	4 248	137.5%	100.6%	109.3%
Langeberg	62.0%	75.3%	34.1%	32.0%	0.58	0.66	0.58	0.57	0.58	992	1 237	1 579	49.7%	40.8%	63.4%
Overberg District	73.0%	81.1%	31.0%	29.8%	0.63	0.69	0.58	0.58	0.59	4 253	4 907	6 182	74.4%	75.8%	81.5%
Theewaterskloof	68.0%	78.4%	35.3%	35.0%	0.59	0.66	0.58	0.58	0.59	1 802	2 150	2 757	72.9%	82.7%	79.9%
Overstrand	81.0%	87.5%	25.6%	25.5%	0.70	0.73	0.56	0.58	0.58	1 614	2 034	2 506	75.5%	78.5%	80.5%
Cape Agulhas	76.0%	81.1%	25.1%	19.1%	0.67	0.70	0.56	0.57	0.57	228	299	372	76.8%	77.5%	85.3%
Swellendam	65.0%	74.2%	33.6%	30.7%	0.61	0.67	0.60	0.58	0.59	582	424	547	74.9%	74.4%	78.2%
Eden District	74.0%	82.6%	31.6%	21.7%	0.64	0.71	0.59	0.57	0.57	9 397	10 402	12 788	88.6%	102.8%	86.3%
Kannaland	60.0%	72.5%	43.8%	29.9%	0.56	0.66	0.59	0.57	0.58	32	100	273	70.1%	68.4%	74.3%
Hessequa	70.0%	78.5%	28.9%	16.0%	0.63	0.70	0.56	0.54	0.54	235	364	482	85.4%	85.1%	86.4%
Mossel Bay	79.0%	85.7%	27.3%	12.4%	0.68	0.75	0.58	0.55	0.55	1 758	2 117	2 490	85.7%	88.9%	77.0%
George	76.0%	83.4%	26.2%	20.4%	0.66	0.71	0.58	0.56	0.56	3 377	3 886	4 534	89.2%	91.9%	87.6%
Oudtshoorn	71.0%	79.4%	43.8%	34.1%	0.59	0.66	0.59	0.57	0.58	867	740	1 109	86.6%	79.5%	90.3%
Bloubaai	76.0%	85.8%	33.5%	27.2%	0.65	0.71	0.61	0.63	0.63	1 383	1 678	1 640	84.7%	85.5%	78.5%
Knysna	78.0%	85.1%	24.2%	15.0%	0.68	0.73	0.58	0.57	0.57	1 729	1 617	2 260	111.0%	116.4%	102.5%
Central Karoo District	63.0%	73.4%	38.7%	32.5%	0.57	0.65	0.59	0.57	0.57	715	949	1 174	80.3%	77.0%	79.2%
Laingsburg	58.0%	70.0%	37.6%	36.1%	0.56	0.65	0.59	0.57	0.58	62	78	119	94.7%	75.0%	89.4%
Prince Albert	59.0%	69.9%	44.1%	43.3%	0.55	0.63	0.61	0.57	0.58	61	131	151	53.0%	94.1%	82.4%
Beaufort West	66.0%	74.9%	37.5%	29.1%	0.58	0.65	0.59	0.56	0.57	592	740	904	89.0%	77.0%	77.7%

Annexure B

Access to basic services in municipalities across the Western Cape

Regional area	Percentage of Household with Minimal Service Level - Census 2001 - 2011									
	Water 2001	Water 2011	Sanitation 2001	Sanitation 2011	Energy 2001	Energy 2011	Refuse 2001	Refuse 2011	Housing 2001	Housing 2011
City of Cape Town	98.7%	99.3%	87.3%	91.1%	88.8%	94.2%	93.0%	94.0%	83.0%	89.5%
West Coast District	98.0%	99.2%	85.8%	92.0%	81.4%	94.8%	68.0%	76.0%	93.0%	93.0%
Matzikama	92.0%	96.0%	77.9%	83.6%	97.8%	98.7%	59.0%	68.0%	89.9%	88.4%
Cederberg	96.0%	98.0%	82.7%	89.1%	98.4%	96.4%	50.0%	58.0%	93.3%	87.1%
Bergvriër	94.0%	99.0%	88.4%	92.7%	98.8%	98.8%	57.0%	67.0%	93.4%	93.4%
Saldanha Bay	95.0%	99.0%	96.3%	97.1%	95.0%	99.3%	94.0%	97.0%	84.5%	81.7%
Swartland	93.0%	99.0%	85.7%	93.0%	96.8%	99.5%	70.0%	76.0%	93.4%	90.9%
Cape Winelands District	98.0%	99.2%	86.5%	93.2%	88.5%	93.2%	70.0%	80.0%	82.7%	91.2%
Witzenberg	94.9%	98.6%	86.3%	94.5%	95.7%	97.5%	56.0%	71.0%	89.0%	86.2%
Drakenstein	92.0%	99.0%	91.1%	95.1%	92.0%	97.3%	76.0%	86.0%	82.0%	85.0%
Stellenbosch	90.3%	94.9%	90.7%	94.0%	95.9%	95.3%	80.0%	97.0%	81.4%	75.1%
Breede Valley	93.4%	96.5%	87.6%	91.2%	95.1%	92.5%	66.0%	76.0%	87.2%	77.9%
Langeberg	92.8%	96.5%	83.5%	93.3%	97.7%	98.5%	62.0%	73.0%	92.9%	90.7%
Overberg District	98.8%	99.2%	84.7%	92.0%	83.9%	91.5%	77.0%	83.0%	87.9%	91.3%
Theewaterskloof	90.0%	96.9%	80.2%	87.4%	90.6%	92.8%	70.0%	79.0%	77.8%	80.3%
Overstrand	95.1%	98.6%	89.5%	96.5%	92.8%	94.8%	88.0%	92.0%	83.6%	80.1%
Cape Agulhas	97.3%	97.4%	86.9%	91.9%	99.1%	99.1%	79.0%	80.0%	91.3%	85.2%
Swellendam	93.2%	96.2%	83.2%	90.6%	99.0%	99.1%	71.0%	74.0%	88.4%	88.3%
Eden District	95.7%	97.8%	80.7%	87.1%	85.6%	91.4%	81.0%	86.0%	77.9%	91.1%
Kamaland	92.0%	94.0%	64.0%	78.0%	93.3%	98.1%	58.0%	66.0%	96.9%	96.3%
Hessequa	96.0%	98.0%	83.0%	92.0%	88.9%	98.4%	71.0%	79.0%	93.2%	93.8%
Mossel Bay	96.0%	96.0%	91.0%	93.0%	87.3%	97.0%	89.0%	93.0%	85.5%	85.9%
George	92.0%	96.0%	84.0%	89.0%	87.3%	94.1%	85.0%	88.0%	80.9%	83.9%
Oudtshoorn	93.0%	95.0%	82.0%	82.0%	87.6%	96.9%	81.0%	78.0%	87.0%	88.5%
Bitou	90.0%	93.0%	81.0%	84.0%	86.9%	90.6%	85.0%	88.0%	79.8%	72.2%
Knysna	84.0%	94.0%	83.0%	83.0%	81.0%	88.3%	85.0%	93.0%	68.6%	73.8%
Central Karoo District	98.9%	99.4%	85.5%	90.0%	83.9%	89.7%	77.7%	78.7%	96.9%	96.7%
Laingsburg	98.2%	99.4%	74.4%	83.1%	73.4%	83.3%	63.1%	59.5%	96.6%	96.6%
Prince Albert	98.0%	99.3%	79.0%	84.5%	80.0%	90.1%	71.6%	73.4%	94.2%	93.9%
Beaufort West	99.0%	99.4%	90.0%	92.8%	87.2%	93.4%	85.4%	83.7%	95.8%	97.9%
Western Cape	85.2%	88.4%	86.5%	90.5%	78.8%	86.9%	88.8%	91.1%	81.3%	80.4%
South Africa	61%	73.4%	53.8%	62.6%	51.4%	73.9%	57.0%	63.6%	68.5%	77.6%

